# **Academic Regulations**

# **Course Structure & Detailed Syllabus**

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

# **MLR20**

# **MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

# **Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.)**

B. Tech. - Regular Four Year Degree Programme (For batches admitted from the academic year 2020 - 2021) & B. Tech. - Lateral Entry Scheme (For batches admitted from the academic year 2021 - 2022)



# **MLR**Institute of Technology

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#### **FOREWORD**

The autonomy is conferred on MLR Institute of Technology by UGC, based on its performance as well as future commitment and competency to impart quality education. It is a mark of its ability to function independently in accordance with the set norms of the monitoring bodies like UGC and AICTE. It reflects the confidence of the UGC in the autonomous institution to uphold and maintain standards it expects to deliver on its own behalf and thus awards degrees on behalf of the college. Thus, an autonomous institution is given the freedom to have its own **curriculum**, **examination system and monitoring mechanism**, independent of the affiliating University but under its observance.

MLR Institute of Technology is proud to win the credence of all the above bodies monitoring the quality in education and has gladly accepted the responsibility of sustaining, if not improving upon the standards and ethics for which it has been striving for more than a decade in reaching its present standing in the arena of contemporary technical education. As a follow up, statutory bodies like Academic Council and Boards of Studies are constituted with the guidance of the Governing Body of the College and recommendations of the JNTU Hyderabad to frame the regulations, course structure and syllabi under autonomous status.

The autonomous regulations, course structure and syllabi have been prepared after prolonged and detailed interaction with several expertise solicited from academics, industry and research, in accordance with the vision and mission of the college in order to produce quality engineering graduates to the society.

All the faculty, parents and students are requested to go through all the rules and regulations carefully. Any clarifications, if needed, are to be sought, at appropriate time with principal of the college, without presumptions, to avoid unwanted subsequent inconveniences and embarrassments. The Cooperation of all the stake holders is sought for the successful implementation of the autonomous system in the larger interests of the college and brighter prospects of engineering graduates.

PRINCIPAL

#### B. Tech. - Regular Four Year Degree Programme (For batches admitted from the academic year 2020-21) & B. Tech. - Lateral Entry Scheme

### (For batches admitted from the academic year 2021-22)

For pursuing four year <u>Under G</u>raduate Degree <u>Programme</u> of study in Engineering & Technology (UGP in E&T) offered by MLR Institute of Technology under Autonomous status is herein referred to as MLRIT (Autonomous):

All the rules specified herein approved by the Academic Council will be in force and applicable to students admitted from the Academic Year 2020-21 onwards. Any reference to "Institute" or "College" in these rules and regulations shall stand for M L R Institute of Technology (Autonomous).

All the rules and regulations, specified hereafter shall be read as a whole for the purpose of interpretation as and when a doubt arises, the interpretation of the Chairman, Academic Council is final. As per the requirements of statutory bodies, the Principal, M L R Institute of Technology shall be the chairman Academic Council.

#### 1. ADMISSION

#### 1.1. Admission into first year of four year B. Tech. degree programmes of study in Engineering

#### 1.1.1. Eligibility:

A candidate seeking admission into the first year of four year B. Tech. degree Programmes should have:

(i) Passed either Intermediate Public Examination (I.P.E) conducted by the Board of Intermediate Education, Telangana, with Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry as optional subjects or any equivalent examination recognized by Board of Intermediate Education, Telangana or a Diploma in Engineering in the relevant branch conducted by the Board of Technical Education, Telangana or equivalent Diploma recognized by Board of Technical Education for admission as per guidelines defined by the Regulatory bodies of Telangana State Council for Higher Education (TSCHE) and AICTE.

(ii) Secured a rank in the EAMCET examination conducted by TSCHE for allotment of a seat by the Convener, EAMCET, for admission.

#### 1.1.2. Admission Procedure:

Admissions are made into the first year of four year B. Tech. Degree Programmes as per the stipulations of the TSCHE.

(a) Category A seats are filled by the Convener, TSEAMCET.

(b) Category B seats are filled by the Management.

#### 1.2. Admission into the second year of four year B. Tech. degree Program in Engineering

#### 1.2.1 Eligibility:

A candidate seeking admission under lateral entry into the II year I Semester B. Tech. degree Programmes should have passed the qualifying exam (B.Sc. Mathematics or Diploma in concerned course) and based on the rank secured by the candidate at Engineering Common Entrance Test ECET (FDH) in accordance with the instructions received from the Convener, ECET and Government of Telangana.

#### 1.2.2 Admission Procedure:

Admissions are made into the II year of four year B. Tech. degree Programmes through Convener, ECET (FDH) against the sanctioned strength in each Programmes of study as lateral entry students.

#### 2. PROGRAMMES OFFERED

**MLR Institute of Technology,** an autonomous college affiliated to JNTUH, offers the following B.Tech. Programmes of study leading to the award of B. Tech. degree under the autonomous scheme.

- 1) B.Tech. Aeronautical Engineering
- 2) B.Tech. Computer Science and Engineering
- 3) B.Tech CSE (Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning)
- 4) B.Tech CSE( Data Science)
- 5) B.Tech CSE (Cyber Security)
- 6) B.Tech Computer Science & Information Technology
- 7) B.Tech. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 8) B.Tech Electrical & Electronics Engineering
- 9) B.Tech. Information Technology
- 10) B.Tech. Mechanical Engineering

#### 3. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMMES

#### 3.1 Normal Duration

- 3.1.1 B. Tech. degree programme extends over a period of four academic years leading to the Degree of Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) of the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.
- 3.1.2 For students admitted under lateral entry scheme, B. Tech. degree programme extends over a period of three academic years leading to the Degree of Bachelor of Technology (B. Tech.) of the Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad.

#### 3.2 Maximum Duration

- 3.2.1 The maximum period within which a student must complete a full-time academic programme is 8 years for B. Tech. If a student fails to complete the academic programme within the maximum duration as specified above, he shall forfeit the seat in B.Tech. and his admission shall stand cancelled.
- 3.2.2 For students admitted under lateral entry scheme in B.Tech. degree programme, the maximum period within which a student must complete a full-time academic programme is 6 years. If a student fails to complete the academic programme within the maximum duration as specified above, he shall forfeit the seat in B.Tech. and his admission shall stand cancelled.
- 3.2.3 The period is reckoned from the academic year in which the student is admitted first time into the degree Programme.

#### 4. AWARD OF B.Tech. DEGREE

A student will be declared eligible for the award of the B.Tech. degree if he/she fulfils the following academic regulations:

- 4.1 The candidate shall pursue a course of study for not less than four academic years and not more than eight years.
- 4.2 The candidate shall register for 160 credits and secure 160 credits.

4.3 The degree will be conferred and awarded by Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad on the recommendations of the Chairman, Academic Council.

#### 5. **PROGRAMME STRUCTURE**

5.1 UGC/AICTE specified Definitions/ Descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these Academic Regulations/ Norms, which are listed below.

#### Semester Scheme:

Each UGP is of 4 Academic Years (8 Semesters), each year divided into two Semesters of 22 weeks ( $\geq$ 90 working days), each Semester having - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)'under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) as denoted by UGC, and Curriculum/Course Structure as suggested by AICTE are followed.

- 5.1.2 The B.Tech. Programme of MLR Institute of Technology are of Semester pattern, with 8 Semesters constituting 4 Academic Years, each Academic Year having TWO Semesters (First/Odd and Second/Even Semesters). Each Semester shall be of 15-18 Weeks duration with a minimum of 90 Instructional Days per Semester.
- 5.1.3 Credit Courses:

**a**) All Courses are to be registered by a student in a Semester to earn Credits. Credits shall be assigned to each Subject/ Course in a L: T: P: C (Lecture Periods: Tutorial Periods: Practical Periods : Credits) Structure, based on the following general pattern ..

- One Credit for One hour/Week/Semester for Theory/Lecture(L)/Tutorial)T)Courses; and
- One Credit for Two hours/Week/Semester for Laboratory/Practical (P) Courses, Mini Project...
- Mandatory Courses will not carry any Credits.

#### 5.1.4 **Course Classification:**

All Courses offered for the UGP are broadly classified as:

- Basic Science Courses (BSC) include Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology etc.
- **Engineering Science Courses (ESC)** courses include Materials, Workshop, Basics of Electrical/Electronics/ Mechanical/Computer Science & Engineering, Engineering Graphics, Instrumentation, Engineering Mechanics, Instrumentation etc.
- Humanities and Social Science including Management Courses (HSMC)courses include English, Communication skills, Management etc.
- **Professional Core Courses(PCC)** are core courses relevant to the chosen specialization/branch.
- **Professional Elective Courses (PEC)** are courses relevant to the chosen specialization/ branch offered as electives.
- **Open Elective Courses (OEC)** courses from other technical and/or emerging subject areas offered in the College by the Departments of Engineering, Science and Humanities.
- **Mandatory Course:** Course work on peripheral subjects in a programme, wherein familiarity considered mandatory. To be included as non-Credit, Mandatory Courses, with only a pass in each required to qualify for the award of degree from the concerned institution.
- **Project Work** and/or internship in industry or elsewhere, seminar.
- **MOOCS** Massive Open Online Courses in a variety of disciplines available at both introductory and advanced levels, accessible from e-resources in India and abroad. .

#### 5.1.5 Course Nomenclature:

The Curriculum Nomenclature or Course-Structure Grouping for the each of the UGP E&T (B.Tech. Degree Programme), is as listed below (along with AICTE specified Range of Total Credits).

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description				
1)		BSC – Basic Sciences Courses	Includes - Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry Subjects				
2)		ESC - Engineering Sciences Courses	Includes fundamental engineering subjects.				
3)	BSC,ESC & HSMC	HSMC – Humanities and Social Sciences including Management	Includes subjects related to Humanities, Social Sciences and Management.				
4)	РСС	PCC – Professional Core Courses	Includes core subjects related to the Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engg.				
5)	PEC	PEC– Professional Elective Courses	Includes Elective subjects related to the Parent Discipline / Department / Branch of Engg.				
6)	OEC OEC – Open Elec Courses		Elective subjects which include inter disciplinary subjects or subjects in an are outside the Parent Discipline/ Department / Branch of Engg.				
7)		Project Work	Major Project.				
8)	PWC	Industrial Training/ Mini- Project	Industrial Training/ Internship/ Mini- Project.				
9)		Seminar	Seminar / Colloquium based on core contents related to Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engg.				
10)	МС	Mandatory Courses	Mandatory Courses (non-credit)				
	Total Credits for UGP (B. Tech.)Programme						

• Minor variations as per AICTE guidelines

#### 6. COURSE REGISTRATION

- 6.1 A 'Faculty Advisor or Counsellor' shall be assigned to each student, who advises him/her about the UGP, its Course Structure and Curriculum, Choice/Option for Subjects/Courses, based on his/her competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.
- 6.2 Academic Section of the College invites 'Registration Forms' from students prior (before the beginning of the Semester), ensuring 'DATE and TIME Stamping'. The Registration Requests for any 'CURRENT SEMESTER' shall be completed BEFORE the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the 'PRECEDING SEMESTER'.
- 6.3 A Student can apply for Registration, which includes approval from his faculty advisor, and then should be submitted to the College Academic Section through the Head of Department

(a copy of the same being retained with Head of Department, Faculty Advisor and the Student).

- 6.4 A student may be permitted to register for his/her course of CHOICE with a Total of prescribed credits per Semester (permitted deviation being±12%), based on his PROGRESS and SGPA/CGPA, and completion of the 'PRE-REQUISITES' as indicated for various courses in the Department Course Structure and Syllabus contents.
- 6.5 Choice for 'additional Courses' must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the Faculty Advisor/Counsellor.
- 6.6 If the Student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous (incorrect) entries during Registration for the Course(s) under a given/specified Course Group/ Category as listed in the Course Structure, only the first mentioned Course in that Category will be taken into consideration.
- 6.7 Dropping of Courses or changing of options may be permitted, ONLY AFTER obtaining prior approval from the Faculty Advisor, 'within 15 Days of Time' from the commencement of that Semester. Course Options exercised through Registration are final and CAN NOT be changed, and CAN NOT be inter-changed; further, alternate choices will also not be considered. However, if the Course that has already been listed for Registration (by the Head of Department) in a Semester could not be offered due to any unforeseen or unexpected reasons, then the Student shall be allowed to have alternate choice either for a new Subject (subject to offering of such a Subject), or for another existing Subject (subject to availability of seats), which may be considered. Such alternate arrangements will be made by Head of the Department, with due notification and time-framed schedule, within the FIRST WEEK from the commencement of Class-work for that Semester.

#### 7. COURSES TO BE OFFERED

- 7.1 A typical section (or class) strength for each semester shall be 60.
- 7.2 courses may be offered to the Students, only if minimum of 20 students  $(1/3^{rd})$  of the section strength) opt for it.
- 7.2 More than ONE TEACHER may offer the SAME SUBJECT (Lab/Practical's may be included with the corresponding Theory Subject in the same Semester) in any Semester. However, selection choice for students will be based on 'CGPA Basis Criterion' (i.e., the first focus shall be on early Registration in that Semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 7.3 If more entries for Registration of a Subject come into picture, then the concerned Head of the Department shall take necessary decision, whether to offer such a Subject/Course for TWO (or multiple) SECTIONS or NOT.
- 7.4 OPEN ELECTIVES will be offered by a department to the students of other departments.

#### 8. B.Tech. (HONOURS) DEGREE

A new academic programme B.Tech. (Hons.) is introduced in order to facilitate the students to choose additionally the specialized courses of their choice and build their competence in a specialized area.

8.1. B.Tech. students in regular stream can opt for B.Tech.(Hons.), provided they have a CGPA of 8.0 and above up to the end of IVth semester without any history of arrears and attempting of betterment.

8.2 For B. Tech (Honors), a student needs to earn additional 20 credits (over and above the required 160 credits for B. Tech degree).Student to opt for the courses from NPTEL/ SWAYAM / Coursera /other MOOC platform as recommended by concern BOS relevant to her/his discipline through MOOCs as recommended by the BOS.

8.3 If the credits of NPTEL/ SWAYAM/ Coursera /other MOOC platform courses do not match with the existing subject proper scaling will be done by the college.

8.4After registering for the B.Tech (Honours) programme, if a student fails inany course he/she will not be eligible for B.Tech (Honours).

- 8.7Students who have obtained "C grade " or "reappear" or "Repeat Course" / "Re Admitted" or "Detained" category in any course, including the MOOCs courses, are not eligible for
- B.Tech (Honours) degree. Up to 8 semesters without any history of arrears and attempting of betterment is not eligible to get B.Tech (Hons.).

8.8 Those who opted for B. Tech (Honours) but unable to earn the required additional credits in 8 semesters or whose final CGPA is less than 8 shall automatically fall back to the B.Tech. programme. However, additional course credits and the grades thus far earned by them will be shown in the grade card but not included for the CGPA.

8.9The students have to pay the requisite fee for the additional courses.

Table : Assigned	Table : Assigned Credits					
Online Course Duration	Assigned Credits					
04 Weeks	01 Credit					
08 Weeks	03 Credits					
12 Weeks	04 Credits					

#### Table : Assigned Credits

#### 9. B.Tech. (MINOR) DEGREE

This concept is introduced in the curriculum of all conventional B. Tech. programmes offering a major degree. The main objective of Minor in a discipline is to provide additional learning opportunities for academically motivated students and it is an optional feature of the B. Tech. programme. In order to earn a Minor in a discipline a student has to earn 20 extra credits by studying any seven theory subjects from the programme core & professional elective courses of the minor discipline or equivalent MOOC courses available under SWAYAM platform. The list of courses to be studied either in MOOCs or conventional type will be decided by the department at the time of registration for Minor degree.

a. B.Tech. students in regular stream can opt for B.Tech.(Minor.), provided they have a CGPA of 8.0 and above up to the end of IVth semester without any history of arrears and attempting of betterment.

b. Students aspiring for a Minor must register from V semester onwards and must opt for a Minor in a discipline other than the discipline he/she is registered in. However, Minor discipline registrations are not allowed before V semester and after VI semester.

- c. Students will not be allowed to register and pursue more than two subjects in any semester.
- d. Completion of a Minor discipline programme requires no addition of time to the regular Four year Bachelors' programme. That is, Minor discipline programme should be completed by the end of final year B. Tech. program along with the major discipline.
- e. A student registered for Minor in a discipline shall pass in all subjects that constitute

the requirement for the Minor degree programme. No class/division (i.e., second class, fist class and distinction, etc.) shall be awarded for Minor degree programme.

#### **10. ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- a. A student will be eligible to appear for the End Semester Examinations, if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the Subjects/Courses (excluding Mandatory or Non-Credit Courses) for that Semester.
- b. Condoning of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each Semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence by following the govt. rules in vogue.
- c. A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condoning of shortage of attendance.
- d. Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in No case be condoned.
- e. A student shall not be promoted to the next Semester unless he/she satisfies the attendance requirements of the current Semester. The student may seek readmission for the Semester when offered next. He / She shall not be allowed to register for the subjects of the Semester while he/she is in detention. A student detained due to shortage of attendance, will have to repeat that Semester when offered next. The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable.
- f. A student detained lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required academic credits. The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable.
- g. Students whose attendance is less than 75% are not entitled to get the scholarship / fee reimbursement in any case as per the TS Govt. Rules in force.

#### 11. ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS FOR PROMOTION/COMPLETION OF REGULAR B.TECH PROGRAMME COURSE STUDY.

- 11.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the Academic Requirements and earned the Credits allotted to each Course, if he secures not less than 35% marks in the End Semester Examination, and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum Total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of Letter Grades, this implies securing P Grade or above in that Course.
- 11.2 A Student will not be promoted from I Year to II Year, unless he/she fulfils the Attendance requirements.
- 11.3 A Student will not be promoted from II Year to III Year, unless he/she fulfils the Attendance and Academic Requirements and (i) secures a Total 50% of Credits up to II Year II Semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations.

- 11.4 A Student will not be promoted from III Year to IV Year, unless he/she fulfils the attendance and Academic Requirements and (i) secures a Total 50% of Credits up to III Year II Semester, from all the regular and supplementary examinations.
- 11.5 After securing the necessary 160 Credits as specified for the successful completion of the entire UGP, resulting in 160 Credits for UGP performance evaluation, i.e., the performance of the Student in these 160 Credits shall alone be taken into account for the calculation of the final CGPA.

If a Student registers for some more 'extra courses' (in the parent Department or other Departments/Branches of Engg.) other than those listed courses Totalling to 160 Credits as specified in the Course Structure of his/her Department, the performances in those 'extra courses' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 Credits) will not be taken into account while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such 'extra courses' registered, % marks and Letter Grade alone will be indicated in the Grade Card, as a performance measure, subject to completion of the Attendance and Academic Requirements as stated in items 8 and 9.1-9.5.

11.6 Students who fail to earn minimum of 160 Credits as per the Course Structure, and as indicated above, within 8 Academic Years from the Date of Commencement of their I Year shall forfeit their seats in B.Tech Programme and their admissions shall stand cancelled. When a Student is detained due to shortage of attendance/lack of credits in any Semester, he may be re-admitted into that Semester, as and when offered. However the regulations at the time of admissions hold good.

#### 12. EVALUATION - DISTRIBUTION AND WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

- 12.1 The performance of a student in each Semester shall be evaluated Course-wise (irrespective of Credits assigned) with a maximum of 100 marks for Theory. The B.Tech. Project Work (Major Project) will be evaluated for 100 marks in Phase-I and 200 Marks in Phase-II.
- 12.2 For all Theory Courses as mentioned above, the distribution shall be 30 marks for CIE, and 70 marks for the SEE.
- a) For Theory Subjects (inclusive of Minor Courses), during the semester, there shall be two Continues Internal Evaluations (CIE) examinations for 30 marks each. Each CIE examination consists of one subjective paper for 25 marks, and assignment for 5 marks for each subject. Question paper contains two Parts (Part-A and Part-B.) The distribution of marks for PART-A and PART-B will be 10 marks & 15 marks respectively for UG programme.

# Pattern of the question paper is as follows: **PART–A**

Consists of *one compulsory question* with five sub questions each carrying two mark. For the I-Mid examinations the sub question would be from first  $2\frac{1}{2}$  units and for the II-Mid examination the sub question would be from the remaining  $2\frac{1}{2}$  units.

#### PART-B

Consists of five questions (out of which students have to answer three questions) carrying five marks each. Each question there will be an "either" "or" choice (that means there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer any one question). The questions can consist of sub questions also.

b) The first mid-term examination shall be conducted for the first 50% of the syllabus, and the second mid-term examination shall be conducted for the remaining 50% of the syllabus.

c) First Assignment should be submitted before the commencement of the first mid-term examinations, and the Second Assignment should be submitted before the commencement of the second mid-term examinations. The assignments shall be specified/given by the concerned subject teacher.

d)If any candidate is absent for the CIE examinations or those who want to improve their internal marks in any subject can opt for improvement exam as and when offered. The improvement exam is a 45 minutes duration and consisting of 30 objective questions from the entire syllabus of the subject. Best marks is consider as a final marks from the average of two mid examinations or improvement examination marks. The improvement can be taken after the payment of prescribed fee. There is no Internal Improvement for the courses Machine Drawing, Production Drawing, Engineering Drawing, Engineering Graphics and practical, mandatory courses.

- 12.4 For Practical Courses, there shall be a Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) during the Semester for 30 internal marks, and 70 marks are assigned for Lab/Practical End Semester Examination (SEE). Out of the 30 marks for internals, day-to-day work in the laboratory shall be evaluated for 15 marks; and for the remaining 15 marks two internal practical tests (each of 15 marks) shall be conducted by the concerned laboratory teacher and the average of the two tests is taken into account. The SEE for Practical's shall be conducted at the end of the Semester by Two Examiners appointed by the Chief Controller of Examinations in consultation with the Head of the Department.
- 12.5 For the Subjects having Design and/or Drawing, (such as Engineering Graphics, Engineering Drawing, Machine Drawing, Production Drawing Practice, and Estimation), the distribution shall be 30 marks for CIE (10 marks for day-to-day work and 20 marks for internal tests) and 70 marks for SEE. There shall be two internal tests in a semester and the average of the two shall be considered for the award of marks for internal tests.
- 12.6 Open Elective Course: Students can choose one open elective course (OE-I) during III-B.Tech I-semester, one (OE-II) during III-B.Tech II-semester, one (OE-III) in IV-B.Tech Isemester, and one (OE-IV) in IV-B.Tech II-semester from the list of open elective courses given. However, students cannot opt for an open elective courses offered by their own (parent) department, if it is already listed under any category of the subjects offered by parent department in any Semester.
- 12.7There shall be an mini project to be taken up during the vacation after II-B.Tech. II-Semester examination. However, the mini project and its report shall be evaluated in III-B.TechI-Semester SEE& CIE. The mini project shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee. There is an internal marks of 30, the evaluation should be done by the supervisor. The There is an external marks of 70 and the same evaluated by the external examiner appointed by the Chief Controller of Examinations and he secures a minimum of 35% of marks in the Semester End Examination and a minimum aggregate of 40% of the total marks in the Semester End Examination and Continuous Internal Evaluation taken together.
- 12.8 There shall be a independent study in III-B.Tech II-Semester and will be conducted SEE by through a test or a committee consisting of One External Examiner, Head of the Department

and two Senior faculty members of the Department. The independent study is intended to assess the student's understanding of the subjects he/she studied during the B.Tech. course of study and evaluated for 100 marks. There shall be no CIE for independent study.

12.9 Each Student shall start the Project Work Phase-I during the IV B.Tech. I Semester(VII Semester), as per the instructions of the Project Guide/Project Supervisor assigned by the Head of Department. Total 100 marks allotted for the Project Work Stage-I. 40% of marks shall be evaluated Project Guide/Project supervisor CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) based on the reports submitted and conduct presentations. Remaining 60% of marks shall be evaluated by committee comprising of the Head of the Department, project supervisor and senior faculty member from concerned department based on Viva/Seminar Presentation. He/She must secure the 40% of the marks from CIE. For Project work Phase-II in IV Year II Sem. There is an internal marks of 50, the evaluated by the external examiner appointed by the Chief Controller of Examinations and he secures a minimum of 35% of marks in the Semester End Examination and a minimum aggregate of 40% of the total marks in the Semester End Examination and Continuous Internal Evaluation taken together.

#### 12.10. Semester End Examination:

- a) Question paper contains 2 Parts (Part-A and Part-B) having the questions distributed equally among all units.
- b) The distribution of marks for i) PART-A for 20 marks ii) PART-B for 50 marks. Pattern of the question paper is as follows:

#### PART-A

Consists of one question which are compulsory. The question consists of ten sub-questions one from each unit and carry 2 marks each.

#### PART-B

Consists of 5 questions carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from one unit and may contain sub questions. Each question there will be an "either" "or" choice (that means there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer any one question).

- 12.11 For Mandatory Non-Credit Courses offered in a Semester, after securing ≥ 65% attendance and has secured not less than 35% marks in the SEE, and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum Total of the CIE and SEE taken together in such a course, then the student is **PASS** and will be qualified for the award of the degree. No marks or Letter Grade shall be allotted for these courses/activities.However, for non credit courses '**Satisfactory**' or "**Unsatisfactory**' shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA.
- 12.12 SWAYAM: College intends to encourage the students to do a minimum of one MOOC in discipline and open elective during third year. The respective departments shall give a list of standard MOOCs providers including SWAYAM whose credentials are endorsed by the BoS chairperson. In general, MOOCs providers provide the result in percentage. In such case, the college shall follow the grade table mentioned in 14.2. The Credits for MOOC(s) shall be transferred same as given for the respective discipline or open electives. In case a student fails to complete the MOOCs he/she shall re-register for the same with any of the providers from the list provided by the department. Still if a student fails to clear the course/s, or in case a provider fails to offer a MOOC in any semester, then in all such cases the college

shall conduct the end semester examinations for the same as per the college end semester examination pattern. The syllabi for the supplementary examinations shall be same as that of MOOCs. There shall be no internal assessment however the marks obtained out of 70 shall be scaled up to 100 marks and the respective letter grade shall be allotted. The details of MOOC(s) shall be displayed in Memorandum of Grades of a student, provided he/she submits the proof of completion of it or them to the examination branch through the Coordinator/Mentor, before the end semester examination of the particular semester.

#### **13. AWARD OF DEGREE**

After a student has satisfied the requirement prescribed for the completion of the Programme and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes Shown in Table.

Class Awarded	Grade to be Secured
First Class with Distinction	$CGPA \ge 8.00$
First Class	$\geq$ 6.50 to < 8.00 CGPA
Second Class	$\geq$ 5.50 to < 6.50 CGPA
Pass Class	$\geq$ 5.00 to < 5.50 CGPA
FAIL	CGPA < 5

Table: Declaration of Class based on CGPA (Cumulative Grade Point Average)

#### a) Improvement of Grades and Completion of the Course

- Candidates who have passed in a theory course in a Semester are allowed to appear for improvement of Grade in the next immediate supplementary examination for a maximum of three subjects only. Candidates will not be allowed to improve grade in the Laboratory, Seminars, Internships and Project Work.
- ii) Improved grade will not be counted for the award of prizes/medals and Rank. However the previous grade will be considered for the award of prizes/medals and rank in case of toppers.
- iii) If the candidate does not show improvement in the grade, his/her previous grade will be taken into consideration.

#### 14. LETTER GRADE AND GRADE POINT

- 14.1 Marks will be awarded to indicate the performance of each student in each Theory Subject, or Lab/Practical's, or Seminar, or Project, or Internship\*/Mini-Project, Minor Course etc., based on the %marks obtained in CIE+SEE (Continuous Internal Evaluation + Semester End Examination, both taken together), and a corresponding Letter Grade shall be given.
- 14.2 As a measure of the student's performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades (UGC Guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed...

% of Marks Secured	Letter Grade	Grade Points	
(Class Intervals)	(UGC Guidelines)		
90% and above	0	10	
$(\geq 90\%, \leq 100\%)$	(Outstanding)	10	
Below 90% but not less than 80%	$A^+$	0	
$(\geq 80\%, < 90\%)$	(Excellent)	9	
Below 80% but not less than 70%	А	o	
$(\geq~70\%~,~<~80\%$ )	(Very Good)	8	
Below 70% but not less than 60%	$\mathbf{B}^+$	7	
$(\geq 60\%, < 70\%)$	(Good)	1	
Below 60% but not less than 50%	В	6	
$(\geq 50\%, < 60\%)$	(above Average)	0	
Below 50% but not less than 40%	С	5	
$(\geq 40\%, < 50\%)$	(Average)	5	
Below 40%	F	0	
( < 40% )	(FAIL)	0	
Absent	AB	0	

- 14.3 A student obtaining F Grade in any Subject shall be considered 'failed' and will be required to reappear as 'Supplementary Candidate' in the End Semester Examination (SEE), as and when offered. In such cases, his Internal Marks (CIE Marks) in those Subject(s) will remain same as those he obtained earlier.
- 14.4 A Letter Grade does not imply any specific % of Marks.
- 14.5 In general, a student shall not be permitted to repeat any Subject/Course (s) only for the sake of 'Grade Improvement' or 'SGPA/CGPA Improvement'. However, he has to repeat all the Subjects/Courses pertaining to that Semester, when he is detained.
- 14.6 A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each Subject/Course, on the basis of the Letter Grade obtained by him in that Subject/Course (excluding Mandatory non-credit Courses). Then the corresponding 'Credit Points' (CP) are computed by multiplying the Grade Point with Credits for that particular Subject/Course.

#### Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits .... For a Course

- 14.7 The Student passes the Subject/Course only when he gets  $GP \ge 4$  (P Grade or above).
- 14.8 The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the Sum of Credit Points (ΣCP) secured from ALL Subjects/Courses registered in a Semester, by the Total Number of Credits registered during that Semester. SGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places. SGPA is thus computed as

#### **SGPA** = { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i G_i$ } / { $\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i$ } .... For each Semester,

where 'i' is the Subject indicator index (takes into account all Subjects in a Semester), 'N' is the no. of Subjects 'REGISTERED' for the Semester (as specifically required and listed under the Course Structure of the parent Department),  $C_i$  is the no. of Credits allotted to that ix Subject, and  $G_i$  represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the Letter Grade awarded for that i Subject.

Course	Credit	Grade Letter	Grade Point	Credit Point (Credit x Grade)		
Course1	3	А	8	3 x 8 = 24		
Course2 4 B+		7	$4 \ge 7 = 28$			
Course3	3	В	6	3 x 6 = 18		
Course4	3	0	10	3 x10= 30		
Course5	3	С	5	3 x 5 = 15		
Course6	4	В	6	$4 \ge 6 = 24$		

**Illustration of Computation of SGPA Computation** 

Thus, SGPA =139/20 =6.95

14.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student over all Semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the Total Credit Points secured by a student in ALL registered Courses in ALL Semesters, and the Total Number of Credits registered in ALL the Semesters. CGPA is rounded off to TWO Decimal Places. CGPA is thus computed from the I Year Second Semester onwards, at the end of each Semester, as per the formula

### CGPA = $\{\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j G_j\} / \{\sum_{j=1}^{M} C_j\}$ ... for all S Semesters registered

#### (i.e., up to and inclusive of S Semesters, $S \ge 2$ ),

where 'M' is the TOTAL no. of Subjects (as specifically required and listed under the Course Structure of the parent Department) the Student has 'REGISTERED' from the 1<sup>st</sup> Semester onwards up to and inclusive of the Semester S (obviously M > N), 'j' is the Subject indicator index (takes into account all Subjects from 1 to S Semesters), C<sub>j</sub> is the no. of Credits allotted to the jth Subject, and G<sub>j</sub> represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the Letter Grade awarded for that jth Subject. After registration and completion of I Year I Semester however, the SGPA of that Semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative effects.

Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4	Semester 5	Semester 6
Credits : 20	Credits : 22	Credits: 25	Credits : 26	Credits : 26	Credits : 25
SGPA : 6.9	SGPA : 7.8	SGPA : 5.6	SGPA : 6.0	SGPA : 6.3	SGPA : 8.0

Thus, **CGPA** =  $20 \times 6.9 + 22 \times 7.8 + 25 \times 5.6 + 26 \times 6.0 + 26 \times 6.3 + 25 \times 8.0$ 

= 6.73

14.10 For Merit Ranking or Comparison Purposes or any other listing, ONLY the 'ROUNDED OFF' values of the CGPAs will be used.

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14.11 For Calculations listed in Item 12.6–12.10, performance in failed Subjects/Courses (securing F Grade) will also be taken into account, and the Credits of such Subjects/Courses will also be included in the multiplications and summations. However, Mandatory Courses will not be taken into consideration.

14.12 Conversion formula for the conversion of GPA into indicative percentage is % of marks scored = (final CGPA -0.50) x 10

#### **15. DECLARATION OF RESULTS**

Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed in 12.6-2.10. No SGPA/CGPA is declared, if a candidate is failed in any one of the courses of a given Semester.

#### 16. WITH HOLDING OF RESULTS

If the student has not paid fees to College at any stage, or has pending dues against his name due to any reason what so ever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of the student may be withheld, and he will not be allowed to go into the next higher Semester. The Award or issue of the Degree may also be withheld in such cases.

#### **17. REVALUATION**

Students shall be permitted for revaluation after the declaration of end Semester examination results within due dates by paying prescribed fee. After revaluation if there is any betterment in the grade, then improved grade will be considered. Otherwise old grade shall be retained.

#### **18. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS**

Supplementary examinations for the odd Semester shall be conducted with the regular examinations of even Semester and vice versa, for those who appeared and failed or absent in regular examinations. Such candidates writing supplementary examinations may have to write more than one examination per day.

#### ADVANCED SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

Advanced supplementary examinations will be conducted for IV year II Semester after announcement of regular results.

#### **19. TRANSCRIPTS**

After successful completion of prerequisite credits for the award of degree a Transcript containing performance of all academic years will be issued as a final record. Duplicate transcripts will also be issued if required after the payment of requisite fee and also as per norms in vogue.

#### 20. RULES OF DISCIPLINE

- 20.1 Any attempt by any student to influence the teachers, Examiners, faculty and staff of controller of Examination for undue favours in the exams, and bribing them either for marks or attendance will be treated as malpractice cases and the student can be debarred from the college.
- 20.2 When the student absents himself, he is treated as to have appeared and obtained zero marks in that course(s) and grading is done accordingly.
- 20.3 When the performance of the student in any subject(s) is cancelled as a punishment for indiscipline, he is awarded zero marks in that subject(s).
- 20.4 When the student's answer book is confiscated for any kind of attempted or suspected malpractice the decision of the Examiner is final.

#### **21.MALPRACTICE PREVENTION COMMITTEE**

A malpractice prevention committee shall be constituted to examine and punish the students who involve in malpractice / indiscipline in examinations. The committee shall consist of:

- a) Controller of examinations Chairman
- b) Addl. Controller of examinations.- Member Convenor
- c) Subject expert member
- d) Head of the department of which the student belongs to. Member

e) The invigilator concerned - member

The committee shall conduct the meeting after taking explanation of the student and punishment will be awarded by following the malpractice rules meticulously.

Any action on the part of candidate at the examination like trying to get undue advantage in the performance at examinations or trying to help another, or derive the same through unfair means is punishable according to the provisions contained hereunder. The involvement of the Staff who are in charge of conducting examinations, valuing examination papers and preparing / keeping records of documents relating to the examinations, in such acts (inclusive of providing incorrect or misleading information) that infringe upon the course of natural justice to one and all concerned at the examination shall be viewed seriously and will be recommended for appropriate punishment after thorough enquiry.

#### 22. TRANSITORY REGULATIONS

Student who has discontinued for any reason, or has been detained for want of attendance or lack of required credits as specified, or who has failed after having undergone the Degree Programme, may be considered eligible for readmission to the same Subjects/Courses (or equivalent Subjects/Courses, as the case may be), and same Professional Electives/Open Electives (or from set/category of Electives or equivalents suggested, as the case may be) as and when they are offered (within the time-frame of 8 years from the Date of Commencement of his I Year I Semester).

#### 23. AMENDMENTS TO REGULATIONS

The Academic Council of MLR Institute of Technology reserves the right to revise, amend, or change the regulations, scheme of examinations, and / or syllabi or any other policy relevant to the needs of the society or industrial requirements etc., without prior notice.

#### 24. STUDENT TRANSFERS

There shall be no Branch transfers after the completion of Admission Process. Transfer of students from other colleges or universities are permitted subjected to the rules and regulations of TSCHE (TE Department) and JNTUH in vogue.

#### 25. GRADUATION DAY

The College shall have its own Annual Graduation Day for the award of Degrees issued by the College/University.

#### 26. AWARD OF MEDALS

Institute will award Medals to the outstanding students who complete the entire course in the first attempt within the stipulated time.

#### **27. SCOPE**

- i) Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the write-up of regulations, they include "she", "her".
- ii) Where the words "Subject" or "Subjects", occur in these regulations, they also imply "Course" or "Courses".
- iii) The Academic Regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- iv) In case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Chairman of the Academic Council is final.

## Academic Regulations for B. Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)

#### (Effective for the students getting admitted into II year from the Academic Year 2020-2021 on wards)

- 1. The Students have to acquire 124 credits from II to IV year of B.Tech. Programme (Regular) for the award of the degree.
- 2. Students, who fail to fulfil the requirement for the award of the degree in 6 consecutive academic years from the year of admission, shall forfeit their seat.
- 3. The same attendance regulations are to be adopted as that of B. Tech. (Regular)

#### **Promotion Rule:**

A Student will not be promoted from III Year to IV Year, unless he/she fulfils the Attendance and Academic Requirements and secures a Total of 50% Credits up to III Year II Semester, from all the regular and supplementary examinations.

#### Award of Class:

After the student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the programme and is eligible for the award of B. Tech. Degree, he/she shall be placed in one of the following four classes: The marks obtained for 124 credits will be considered for the calculation of CGPA and award of class shall be shown separately.

Class Awarded	Grade to be Secured			
First Class with Distinction	$CGPA \ge 8.00$			
First Class	$\geq$ 6.50 to < 8.00 CGPA			
Second Class	$\geq$ 5.50 to < 6.50 CGPA			
Pass Class	$\geq$ 5.00 to < 5.50 CGPA			
FAIL	CGPA < 5			

Table: Declaration of Class based on CGPA (Cumulative Grade Point Average)

All other regulations as applicable for B. Tech. Four-year degree programme (Regular) will hold good for B.Tech (Lateral Entry Scheme).

#### MALPRACTICES RULES - DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR /IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

S. No	Nature of Malpractices / Improper Conduct	Punishment
1 (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the Principal.
3	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practical's and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive Semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

4	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive Semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6	Refuses to obey the orders of the Addl. Controller of examinations / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the addl. Controller of examinations or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the addl. Controller of examinations, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive Semesters from class work

		and all examinations. The continuation of the
		course by the candidate is subject to the
		academic regulations in connection with
		forfeiture of seat.
		Expulsion from the examination hall and
		cancellation of the performance in that subject
0		and all other subjects the candidate has already
	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the	appeared including practical examinations and
8	examination hall.	project work and shall not be permitted for the
		remaining examinations of the subjects of that
		Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred
		and forfeits the seat.
		Student of the colleges expulsion from the
		examination hall and cancellation of the
		performance in that subject and all other
	If student of the college, who is not a	subjects the candidate has already appeared
	and a student of the particular examination or	including practical examinations and project
0	any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	work and shall not be permitted for the
,		remaining examinations of the subjects of that
		Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred
		and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not
		belong to the College will be handed over to
		police and, a police case will be registered
		against them.
		Expulsion from the examination hall and
		cancellation of the performance in that subject
	Comes in a drunken condition to the	and all other subjects the candidate has already
10	examination hall.	appeared including practical examinations and
		project work and shall not be permitted for the
		remaining examinations of the subjects of that
		Semester/year.
		Cancellation of the performance in that subject
1.1	Copying detected on the basis of internal	and all other subjects the candidate has
11	evidence, such as, during valuation or	appeared including practical examinations and
	during special scrutiny.	project work of that Semester/year
	If one molecentrics is detected which is the	examinations.
12	If any mapractice is detected which is not	
	covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be	
	reported to the principal for further action to	
	awaru sunable pullisilment.	

# **COURSE STRUCTURE**

I B.Tech I-Semester									
Course	Course Course Title Course Area	Course	Hours per Week			Credito	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks		
Code		L	т	Ρ	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total	
A5BS01	Calculus and Applications	BSC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
A5BS09	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
A5ME01	Engineering Mechanics	ESC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
A5ME02	Engineering Graphics	ESC	1	0	4	3	30	70	100
A5ME03	Engineering Workshop and Manufacturing Practices	ESC	1	0	3	2.5	30	70	100
A5BS10	Engineering Physics Lab	BSC	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
Total				03	10	19	180	420	600
Mandator	Mandatory Course (Non-Credit)								
A5MC01 Seminar-I MC			0	0	2	0	30	70	100

# Department of Mechanical Engineering - MLR 20

I B.Tech	I B.Tech II-Semester											
Course	Course Title	Course	Но	ours   Weel	oer K	Credite	Scheme Max	e of Examin imum Mark	ation s			
Code	Course ritle	Area	L	т	Ρ	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total			
A5BS03	Integral Calculus and Numerical Techniques	BSC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100			
A5BS13	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	4	0	0	4	30	70	100			
A5HS01	English	HSM	2	0	0	2	30	70	100			
A5CS01	Programming for Problem Solving	ESC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100			
A5CS02	Programming for Problem Solving Lab	ESC	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100			
A5HS02	English Language and Communication skills Lab	HSM	0	0	2	1	30	70	100			
A5BS14	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BSC	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100			
Total			12	01	08	17	210	490	700			
Mandatory Course (Non-Credit)												
A5MC02	Seminar-II	MC	0	0	2	0	30	70	100			

II B.Tech I-S	II B.Tech I-Semester											
Course	Course Title	Course	Но	ours   Weel	oer (		Credito	Schem Max	e of Examina kimum Marks	ation s		
Code	Course The	Area	L	т	F	2	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total		
A5BS06	Vector Calculus and Probability Statistics	BSC	3	1	C	)	4	30	70	100		
A5ME06	Strength of Materials	PCC	3	1	C	)	4	30	70	100		
A5ME07	Material Science and Metallurgy	PCC	3	0	C	)	3	30	70	100		
A5ME09	Thermodynamics PCC		3	0	C	)	3	30	70	100		
A5ME10	Manufacturing Processes	PCC	3	0	C	)	3	30	70	100		
A5ME11	Manufacturing Processes Lab	PCC	0	0	2	2	1	30	70	100		
A5ME12	Machine Drawing and Computer Graphics Lab	PCC	1	0	4	1	3	30	70	100		
A5ME08	Strength of Materials and Metallurgy Lab	PCC	0	0	2	2	1	30	70	100		
		16	02	0	8	22	240	560	800			
Mandatory C	ourse (Non-Credit)											
A5MC03	MC	2	C		0	0	30	70	100			

II B.Tech II-S	II B.Tech II-Semester											
Course		Course	Ho	urs p Veek	er	Cradita	Scheme Max	e of Examina kimum Marks	ation s			
Code	Course The	Area	L	Т	Ρ	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total			
A5EE70	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	ESC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100			
A5ME13	Theory of Machines - I	PCC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100			
A5ME14	Thermal Engineering - I	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100			
A5ME15	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines	PCC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100			
A5ME17	Design of Machine Members - I	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100			
A5ME16	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines Lab	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100			
A5EE71	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering Lab	ESC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100			
A5ME40	Python Lab	ESC	1	0	2	2	30	70	100			
	Total		16	03	06	22	240	560	800			
Mandatory Co	ourse (Non-Credit)											
A5MC04         Gender Sensitization         MC         1         0         0         0         30         70         10								100				

III B.Tech I-S	Semester								
Course	Course Title	Course	Но	ours p Week	<b>er</b>	Crodite	Schem Ma	e of Examii ximum Mar	nation ks
Code	Course fille	Area	L	Т	Ρ	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total
A5ME19	Metrology and Machine Tools	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
A5ME21	Thermal Engineering - II	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
A5ME23	Theory of Machines - II	PCC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
A5ME24	Design of Machine Members - II	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	100	
	OPEN ELECTIVE - I	OEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
A5ME20	Metrology and Machine Tools Lab	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
A5ME22	Thermal Engineering Lab	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
A5HS04	Advanced English Communication Skills Lab	HSM	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
A5ME25	Mini Project	PWC	0	0	4	2	30	70	100
		15	01	10	21	270	630	900	
Mandatory Co			-	-		•			
A5MC05	Human Values and Professional Ethics	MC	2	0	0	0	30	70	100

III B.Tech II-	Semester									
Course	Course Title	Course	Ho	ours p Week	oer K	Crodite	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks			
Code	Course fille	Area	L	Т	Ρ	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total	
A5ME26	CAD/CAM F		3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
A5ME28	Heat Transfer	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	100		
A5ME30	Automation in Manufacturing	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
	OPEN ELECTIVE-II	OEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
	PROFESSIONALELECTIVE - II	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
A5ME27	CAD/CAM Lab	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100	
A5ME29	Heat Transfer Lab	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100	
A5ME31	PWC	0	0	2	1	0	100	100		
	Total		18	00	06	21	240	660	900	

IV B.Tech I	-Semester										
Course	Course Title	Course	Но	ours p Week	oer K	Credits	Schem Max	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks			
Code	Course True	Area	L	т	Ρ	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total		
A5ME32	Finite Element Method	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
A5ME34	Instrumentation and Control Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
	OPEN ELECTIVE - III OEC		3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
A5ME33	Computer Aided Engineering and Production Drawing Practice Lab	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100		
A5ME35	Instrumentation and Control Systems Lab	PCC	0 0 2 1 30 70								
A5ME36	Major Project Phase - I	PWC	0	0	8	4	100	0	100		
	Total		15	00	12	21	310	490	800		

IV B.Tech I	IV B.Tech II-Semester											
Course	Course Title	Course	Hours per Week			Cradita	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks					
Code	Code Course Ittle Area				Ρ	Credits	Internal (CIE)	External (SEE)	Total			
	OPEN ELECTIVE - IV	OEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100			
	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - V	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100			
	PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - VI	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100			
A5ME37	Major Project Phase - II	0	0	16	8	50	150	200				
	Total 09 00 16 17 140 360 500											

	PROFESSIONA		COURSES
	PE-I		PE-II
A5ME41	Design for Manufacturing and Assembly	A5ME45	Automobile Engineering
A5ME42	Unconventional Machining Processes	A5ME46	Power Plant Engineering
A5ME43	Additive Manufacturing	A5ME47	Refrigeration and Air Conditioning
A5ME44	Production Planning and Control	A5ME48	Computational Fluid Dynamics
	PE-III		PE-IV
A5ME49	Composite Materials	A5ME53	Fracture Mechanics
A5ME50	Tribology	A5ME54	Machine Dynamics & Vibrations
A5ME51	Nanotechnology	A5ME55	Machine Tool Design
A5ME52	Industrial Safety Engineering	A5ME56	Flexible Manufacturing Systems
	PE-V		PE-VI
A5ME57	Industry 4.0	A5ME61	Industrial Management
A5ME58	Mechatronics	A5ME62	Operations Research
A5ME59	Industrial Robotics	A5ME63	Total Quality Management
A5ME60	Product Life Cycle Management	A5ME64	Optimization Techniques

#### **OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES**

		<b>OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE -</b>	I
S. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department
1.	A5AE62	Fundamentals of Avionics	
2.	A5AE63	Introduction to Aerospace Technology	Aeronautical Engineering
3.	A5CS30	Core Java Programming	Computer Science and Engineering
4.	A5CS22	Introduction to Data Analytics	Computer Science and Engineering
5.	A5EC54	Microprocessors and Interfacing	Electronics & Communication
6.	A5EC55	Principles of Communications	Engineering
7.	A5EE52	Electrical Wiring and Safety Measures	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
8.	A5EE53	Electrical Materials	
9.	A5IT21	Fundamentals of Data Structures	Information Technology
10.	A5IT22	Introduction to Machine Learning	momation rechnology
11.	A5ME71	Elements of Mechanical Engineering	Mechanical Engineering
12.	A5ME72	Fundamentals of Engineering Materials	Mechanical Engineering
13.	A5HS06	Business Economics and Financial Analysis	HSM
14.	A5HS07	Basics of Entrepreneurship	TISM
		<b>OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE -</b>	11
S. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department
1.	A5AE64	Introduction to Jets and Rockets	Aeropautical Engineering
2.	A5AE65	Non-Destructive Testing Methods	Acronautical Engineering
3.	A5CS31	Fundamentals of DBMS	
4.	A5CS07	Introduction to Design and Analysis of Algorithms	Computer Science and Engineering
5.	A5EC58	Microcontrollers and Applications	Electronics & Communication
6.	A5EC61	Fundamentals of Image processing	Engineering
7.	A5EE56	Analysis of Linear Systems	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
8.	A5EE57	Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic	
9.	A5IT23	Basics of Python Programming	
10.	A5IT11	Human Computer Interaction	Information Technology
11.	A5IT31	Software Testing Fundamentals	
12.	A5ME73	Fundamentals of Mechatronics	Mechanical Engineering
13.	A5ME74	Basics of Thermodynamics	
14.	A5HS09	Advanced Entrepreneurship	HSM

		OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE -	· 111
S. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department
1.	A5AE66	Introduction to Aircraft Industry	
2.	A5AE67	Unmanned Aerial Vehicles	Aeronautical Engineering
3.	A5CS33	Introduction to Cloud Computing	
4.	A5CS34	Computer Organization and Operating Systems	Computer Science and Engineering
5.	A5EC62	Introduction to Sensors and Actuators	Electronics & Communication
6.	A5EC63	Introduction to Computer Vision	Engineering
7.	A5EE60	Solar Energy and Applications	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
8.	A5IT24	Introduction to AI	
9.	A5IT25	Software Testing Fundamentals	Information Technology
10.	A5ME75	Basics of Robotics	
11.	A5ME76	Fundamentals of Operations Research	Mechanical Engineering
	•	OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE -	· IV
S. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department
1.	A5AE68	Fundamentals of Wind Power Technology	Acronautical Engineering
2.	A5AE69	Guidance and Control of Aerospace Vehicles	Aeronautical Engineering
3.	A5HS11	Management Science	HSM
4.	A5HS12	Intellectual Property Rights	
5.	A5CS20	Distributed Databases	Computer Science and Engineering
6.	A5CS29	Software Project Management	Computer Science and Engineering
7.	A5EC64	Introduction to Mobile Communications	Electronics & Communication
8.	A5EC65	Basics of Embedded System Design	Engineering
9.	A5EE61	Instrumentation and Control	Electrical & Electronics Engineering
10.	A5EE63	Energy Storage Systems	
11.	A5IT26	Introduction to Mobile Application Development	Information Technology
12.	A5IT27	Big Data	
13.	A5ME77	Introduction to Material Handling	Mechanical Engineering
14	A5ME78	Renewable Energy Sources	

# B.TECH I SEMESTER SYLLABUS

### **CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS**

I Semester:	Common	for ECE/EEE/MECH	/AER	0						
Course	e Code: Category Hours / Week Credits Maximum Marks									
A 5BS	501	BSC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
		250	3	1	0	4	30	70	100	
Course Obj	ectives									
To learn										
1. The conce	ept of diffe	rential equations and so	lvethe	m usi	ng appr	opriate me	thods			
2. Usage of	2. Usage of the appropriate test to find the convergence and divergence of the given series									
3. Concept of Rank of a matrix, Consistency and solving system of linear equations.										
4. Evaluation	n of differe	ential equation using La	place '	Transf	form tec	chniques.				
5. The partia	al derivativ	es of several variable fu	inctior	18.						
UNIT-I	ORDINA	ARY DIFFERENTIAI	EQU	JATI(	ONS					
Introduction Growth and - Non-Homo of parameter	- Exact an Decay. Lir ogeneous te	d reducible to Exact d near differential equation erm of the type $Q(x) =$	lifferer ons of s e <sup>ax</sup> , Si	ntial e second n ax, (	quation l and hi Cosax, o	s-Newton' gher order e <sup>ax</sup> v(x), x <sup>n</sup> ,	s Law of with con v(x) - Me	cooling stant coe thod of	g-Law of efficients variation	
UNIT-II	SEQUEN	NCES AND SERIES								
Basic definit	tions of Sec	quences and series – Co	onverg	ence a	and dive	ergence –C	ompariso	n Test- l	Ratio	
Test – Raabo Power Series	e's Test-Int s.	tegral Test – Cauchy's r	n <sup>th</sup> root	t Test	–Absol	ute and Co	onditional	converg	gence –	
UNIT-III	THEOR	Y OF MATRICES								
Finding ran (homogeneo its propertie and powers	k of a mat us and non s(without of a matrix	rix by reducing to Ech homogeneous) using to proof),Cayley-Hamilton by Cayley-Hamilton th	helon he ran h theor heorem	form, k of a rem (S n, Diag	Consist matrix, Stateme gonaliza	tency of s , Eigen val nt and ver ttion of ma	ystem of ues and H fication) trices.	linear e Eigen veo -Finding	equations ctors and g inverse	
UNIT-IV	LAPLAC	CE TRANSFORMS								
Laplace tran Multiplicatio function – transforms – inverse tran differential e	nsforms of on by t <sup>n</sup> - I Second sh - Inverse I nsforms – equations.	elementary functions- Division by t – Laplac hifting theorem – Per Laplace transforms- M Convolution theorem	First ce trar iodic lethod – A	shifti asform functi of pa pplica	ng theo ns of de on – E rtial fra tions o	orem - Cherivatives Evaluation actions – O of Laplace	ange of and integ of integ Other me transfor	scale pr grals – U rals by thods of rms to	operty – Unit step Laplace f finding ordinary	

#### UNIT-V CALCULUS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

Limit, Continuity - Partial derivative- Partial derivatives of higher order - Total derivative -

Chain rule, Jacobians-functional dependence & independence.

Applications: Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's method (with constraints)

#### Text Books:

- 1. Ervin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 2. B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

#### Reference Books:

- 1. G.B.Thomas, calculus and analytical geometry,9th Edition, Pearson Reprint 2006.
- 2. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal, A Text of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi publications, 2008.
- 3. E.L.Ince, Ordinary differential Equations, Dover publications, 1958.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

#### At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- 1. Identify the different types of differential equations and solve them using appropriate methods.
- 2. Apply the appropriate test to find the convergence and divergence of the given series.
- 3. Solve the system of linear equations using rank of the matrices.
- 4. Solve the differential equations using Laplace transform techniques.
- 5. Find the Maxima and Minima of several variable functions.

### **ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

I B. Tech: ECE, EEE, CSIT, IT, AERO, MECH											
Course Code:	CategoryHours / WeekCreditsMaximum MaximumBSCLTPCCIESEE31043070							larks			
A 50 500	DGC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total			
A5B809	BSC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100			
<b>Course Objectives:</b>		I									
<ol> <li>Describe the chemical reaction and phase transformation in materials by using modern thermodynamic models</li> <li>Learn the fundamentals of transport properties of materials</li> <li>Describe the interactions of light with materials which results in colour and the temperature dependence of magnetic susceptibility</li> <li>Learn the basic principles of optical fiber and its communication system</li> <li>Understand the development of Nano technology and synthesis of Nano materials by using different techniques</li> </ol>											
Course Outcomes:											
The student will able to:											
<ol> <li>Analyze the bonds</li> <li>Evaluate the dime</li> <li>Evaluate the curie</li> <li>Justify how the gr fiber optic communic</li> <li>Recommend appr</li> </ol>	ing scheme and its p ensionality, rates of and Neel temperature aded index optical f cation system copriate synthesis me	a nucle ure of fibre is ethod a	al pro eatio a giv s mos and e	opertion on and ven su re effi explai	es of a giv growth p bstance. cient than n the char	en mater rocess fro step indo acterizati	om kinetic ex optical ion technic	e data fiber in ques			
UNIT-I The Strue	cture of Materials	& The	ermo	odyna	mics of C	ondense	ed Phases				
The Structure of Materials: Structure of Metals and Alloys Space lattice, unit cell, basis, crystal systems, Bravais lattice, S.C, B.C.C & F.C.C Structures. Structure of Ceramics and Glasses – Rock salt structure, Diamond structure, structure of SiO <sub>4</sub> . Thermodynamics of Condensed Phases: Introduction – Thermodynamics of Metals and Alloys, - Gibbs rule, Cu- Ni phase diagram, Eutectic systems, Iron-Iron carbide (Fe-Fe <sub>3</sub> C) equilibrium diagram.											
UNIT-II Transpo	ort Properties of M	[ateria	ls &	: Ban	d theory o	of solids					
<b>Transport Properties of Materials:</b> Introduction -Momentum Transport properties of Materials, - The Molecular Origins of Viscosity, Temperature Dependence of Pure Metal Viscosity, Composition Dependence of alloy Viscosity.											
<b>Band theory of soli</b> Estimation of Fermi-	<b>ls</b> : Free electron the level, Kronig-Penny	eory, C y mode	rigiı el, E	n of ei -K dia	nergy band ngram.	l formati	on in solie	ds,			

### UNIT-III Properties of materials

**Electrical and Optical properties** -Conduction, Semi conductivity, Electrical Conduction in Ionic Ceramics. Reflection, Refraction, Absorption and transmission. Opacity and Translucency in insulators. Light interaction with solids, EMR, atomic and electronic interaction.

**Magnetic properties** – Introduction, Types of magnetic materials, influence of temperature on magnetic behaviour, Hysteresis curve, Soft and Hard magnetic materials, Magnetic storage, Ferrite applications.

UNIT-IV	Optoelectronic devices and optical fibers

**Optoelectronic devices:** Introduction to Semiconductors, PN Junction Diode, V-I characteristics and applications. LED - Construction, working and applications. Solar cells-working and its applications. Efficiency issues of Solar cell, PIN diode characteristics.

**Fiber Optics:** Structure of fibers, Principle of fiber (TIR), Acceptance angle and NA. Types of fibers - SI and GI fibers - R.I profiles. Single and Multimode fibers - SMSI, MMSI, MMGI. OFC System with block diagram. Fiber optic sensors – Basic principle, working of Pressure and Temperature Sensors. Applications of fibers in different fields.

# UNIT-V Introduction to Engineered materials

**Synthesis of Nano materials:** Introduction to nano particles, nano scale, Surface to volume ratio and quantum confinement. Techniques for synthesis of nano materials-Top Down and Bottom Up methods– Sol gel, CVD methods and Photolithography.

**Characterization of Nanomaterials:** Imaging methods – SEM, TEM and STM. Applications of Nano materials in engineering and Biomedical fields and other fields.

**Text Books:** 

- 1. Engineering Physics, B.K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi Cengage Learing
- 2. Haliday and Resnick, Physics wiley
- 3. P.K Palanisamy, Engineering Physics, Sitech Publications, 2013, IVthEdn.
- 4. Essentials of Nano Tecnology by Jeremy Ramsden.
- 5. An introduction to materials engineering and science by Brian S. Mitchell

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Hecht, "Optics", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. D. A. Neamen, "Semiconductor Physics and Devices", Times Mirror High Education Group, Chicago, 1997.
- 3. Fundamentals of material science and engineering by William D. Callister, Jr. David G. Rethwisch

### **ENGINEERING MECHANICS**

I Semeste	r									
Course Code		Category	Но	urs / \	Neek	Credits	Maximum Marks			
		ESC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
			3	3 1	0	4	30	70	100	
COURSE	OBJECTI	VES:								
The course	should ena	able the students to:								
<ol> <li>Resolve equilibrium</li> <li>Analyze</li> <li>Evaluate</li> <li>Analyze applications</li> <li>Develop</li> </ol>	various fo the friction e Geometri rigid bod mathemat	orce systems and ca al forces of rigid bodie c properties of compo- ies in motion, work- ical model of dynamic	lculate es on re site are energy syster	e react ough h eas an / prob ms sut	ions of orizonta d solids lems a ojected t	various s al and incli nd their r to simple h	upports o ned plane elationshi narmonic r	n rigid l s. p to en notion.	bodies in gineering	
UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING MECHANICS & EQUILIBRIUM OF PLANAR SYSTEM OF FORCES									
Parallelogra Varignon's t <b>Equilibriun</b> free body d	im law, Rei heorem, R n of Plana iagrams, T	sultant of coplanar cor esultant of coplanar n ar System of forces: ypes of supports, their	ncurrer on-cor : Equil r reacti	nt force ncurrer librium ions, A	e systen at force s , Condit nalysis	n, Moment systems, C tions of ea of beams.	t of a force Couples. quilibrium,	e, its app Lami's	theorem,	
UNIT-II	ANALYSIS OF PERFECT FRAMES & FRICTION									
Analysis of	perfect fr	ames: Types of frame	es, Met	thod of	joints a	and Metho	d of Sectio	ons		
Friction: In repose, and screw frictio	troduction, alysis of b on	types of friction, laws odies on rough horize	of fric ontal, i	tion, c incline	oefficier d plane	nt of frictio s, wedge	n, angle o friction, la	f friction adder fri	, angle of ction and	
UNIT-III	CENTRO	DID, CENTRE OF G	RAVI	TY &	MOME	NT OF IN	IERTIA			
Centroid & principles), & guldinus.	Centre of centroid of	<b>gravity:</b> Introduction composite sections, o	, centr centre	oids & of gra	centre vity of c	of gravity composite	of simple solids, the	figures ( eorems c	(from first of pappus	
Moment of theorem, P	f Inertia: / erpendicula	Area moment of inert ar axis theorem, Mome	tia of <sub> </sub> ent of i	plane nertia	sections of stand	s (from fir lard sectio	st principl ns and co	es), Par mposite	allel axis sections.	

#### UNIT-IV KINEMATICS & KINETICS

Kinematics of a particle: Rectilinear motion, curvilinear motion, direct and oblique impact.

**Kinetics of rigid bodies:** Analysis of connecting bodies, kinetics of rigid body rotation, D' Alembert's principle, work-energy theorem, impulse-momentum principle, their applications

#### UNIT-V VIRTUAL WORK & MECHANICAL VIBRATIONS

Virtual work: Concept of virtual work, Principle of virtual work, its applications.

**Mechanical Vibrations:** Basic terminology, free and forced vibrations, resonance, simple harmonic motion, simple, compound and torsional pendulums.

Text Books:

- 1. Reddy Vijay Kumar and K. Suresh Kumar, Singer's Engineering Mechanics
- 2. Engineering Mechanics/Timoshenko and D.H. Young, Mc Graw Hill Book Company
- 3. Bansal R.K, A Text book of Engineering Mechanics, Laxmi Publications

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Engineering Mechanics/Irving Shames/Prentice Hall
- 2. Engineering Mechanics/N.H Dubey/Tata Mc Graw Hill
- 3. A Text book of Engineering Mechanics/ R S Khurmi / S Chand

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- 1. Evaluate magnitude, direction and position of resultant of different system of forces.
- 2. Analyze of forces in members and concept of friction
- 3. Calculate centre of gravity and moment of inertia of plane areas and composite bodies.
- 4. Analyze general plane motion for particle and rigid bodies
- 5. Assess virtual work and basic mechanical vibrations

### **ENGINEERING GRAPHICS**

Course Co	ode	Category		-					
		Category	Но	urs / W	/eek	Credits	Maximum Marks		
A5ME02		ESC	L 1	Т 0	P 1	C 3	CIE	SEE 70	Tota
OURSE OUTC	OMES:								
t the end of th	e course the	student should be able to	<b>)</b> :						
<ol> <li>Explain the</li> <li>Sketch the</li> <li>Apply the</li> <li>Evaluate th</li> <li>Convert th</li> </ol>	e basic drawi various curv knowledge o he given obje e pictorial vi	ng standards, convention ves used in engineering ar f quadrant system and dr ect position and draw the ews into orthographic vie	as and Aut nd their a raw the pr projectio ew and vic	coCAD f pplicatio rojectio ns of sc ce versa	undame ons ns of poi blids and	ntals ints, lines and development	planes. t of surface	25.	
UNIT- I	INTRODUCTION								
lotting, Entity [ 	Draw Comma	nds, Display Commands,	Edit Com	mands,	Layers c	oncept, 2D D	rawings-Si	mple Exer	cises.
NGINEERING C YCLOIDS AND I	URVES: Conio NVOLUTES:	cs Ellipse, Parabola, and H	lyperbola	(Gener	al Metho	od only).			
UNIT- III	ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION								
RINCIPLES OF (	ORTHOGRAP	HIC PROJECTIONS – conve	entions – 1	first and	d third a	ngle projectio	ns. Project	ions of po	oints.
rojection of lin	es inclined to	both the planes (First an	igle proje	ction or	nly).				
ROJECTIONS O	F PLANES: Pr	ojections of regular plane	es, inclined	d to bot	th planes	5.			
UNIT-IV	PROJECTION OF SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES								
# UNIT- V ISOMETRIC DRAWINGS ISOMETRIC VIEWS: Divisions of pictorial projection, theory of Isometric Drawing- Isometric view and Isometric projections; Drawing Isometric circles, Dimensioning Isometric Objects. ORTHOGRAPHIC VIEWS: Conversion of Isometric view to Orthographic views and Orthographic to isometric views. Missing Views.

# Text Books:

- 1. Bhatt N.D., Panchal V.M. & Ingle P.R., (2014), Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House
- 2 D.M. Kulkarni, A.P.Rastogi, A.K. Sarka "Engineering Graphics with AutoCAD" PHI publications, 2013
- 3. Agrawal B. & Agrawal C. M. (2012), Engineering Graphics, TMH Publication
- 4. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing / K Balaveera Reddy et al- C B S publishers

- 1. Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Text book on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publishers.
- 2. Sham Tickoo, D. saravanan, "AutoCAD 2017 for engineers and designers", Dreamtech Press

# ENGINEERING WORKSHOP AND MANUFACTURING PRACTICES

I Semester									
Cours	e Code	Category	н	lours / \	Neek	Credits	Maximum Marks		
Δ5M	IE03	FSC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
		200	1	0	3	2.5	30	70	100
COURSE 0 Student wil 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	UTCOMES I be able to Fabricate Get praction different m Assemble Produce u Learn the	components with own h cal knowledge of the dim nanufacturing processes different components seful products using one safety precautions for va	ands nensior e or mo arious r	nal accu pre opera manufac	racies an ations cturing ar	d toleranc d trade op	es poss	sible with	ı

	LIST OF EXPERIM	MENTS
WEEKS	BASIC TRADES	BASIC MANUFACTURING
	Fitting	Machine Shop
Week 1	Filing Four Sides of MS Work piece	Facing & Step Turning on Lathe
Week 2	L Fit	Milling and Drilling
	Carpentry	Black Smithy
Week 3	Half Lap Joint	Convert round rod to S-hook
Week 4	Dove Tail Joint	Convert round rod to Chisel
	Tin Smithy	Casting
Week 5	Prepare a Rectangular Tray	Casting of simple pattern
Week 6	Prepare A Square Tin	Preparation of Mould cavity for Multi Piece Pattern
	Electrical	Welding Shop
Week 7	Series and Parallel Connection One Way Switch	Lap/Butt joint Using Arc Welding
Week 8	Two Way Switch Connection Stair Case Wiring	Lap/Butt joint Using Gas Welding
	Electronics	Plastic Moulding
Week 9	Soldering - Series Connection & Parallel Connection	Injection moulding of Simple Components
Week 10	Desoldering & Construction of Wheat Stone Bridge	Making useful products using 3 or more
Week 11	Making useful product using 3 or more operations.	operations.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Workshop Manual by P. Kannaiah and K. L.Narayana.
- 2. Rao P. N. "Manufacturing Technology", Tata McGraw Hill House, Vol.I and Vol.II.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., "Elements of Workshop Technology", Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai, Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010.
- 2. Kalpakjian S. and Steven S. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Pearson Education India Edition, 4<sup>th</sup> edition,2002.

# **ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB**

I B. Tech: ECE, EEE, CSIT, IT, AERO, MECH								
Course Code:	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Max	imum	Marks
A5BS10	BSC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
		0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100

# **Course Objectives:**

# The course should enable the students to:

- 1. To provide an experimental foundation for the theoretical concepts introduced in the lectures
- 2. To teach how to make careful experimental observations and how to think about and draw conclusions from such data
- 3. To help students understand the role of direct observation in physics and to distinguish between inferences based on theory and the outcomes of experiments
- 4. To introduce the concepts and techniques which have a wide application in experimental science but have not been introduced in the standard courses
- 5. To teach how to write a technical report this communicates scientific information in a clear and concise manner

# **Course Outcomes:**

# By the end of the course students will be able:

**1. Analyze** the electric properties of semiconductor materials by determining energy gap of semiconductors, threshold voltage of LEDs and efficiency issues of solar cell with careful experimental and draw conclusions from such data

**2. Evaluate** the mechanical properties of a given material using dynamic method in torsional pendulum and analyze how stationary waves are produced to determine A.C frequency using Melde's experiment

**3. Estimate** the optical properties of light such as interference and polarization by using Newton's rings, calculation of the wave length of Laser using diffraction phenomenon and to determine acceptance angle, NA of optical fiber.

**4. Analyze** the electromagnetic properties in a current carrying conductor using Stewart Gee's experiment

	LIST OF EXPERIMENTS
Experiment-1	<b>Energy gap of P-N junction diode:</b> To determine the energy gap of a semiconductor diode
Experiment-2	Solar Cell: To study the V-I and P-I characteristics of solar cell
Experiment-3	<b>Light Emitting Diode:</b> Plot V-I characteristics of light emitting diode Plot V-I characteristics of light emitting diode
Experiment-4	<b>Plank's Constant:</b> To determine value of plank's constant using by measuring radiation in fixed spectral range
Experiment-5	Melde's Experiment: To determine the frequency of a tuning fork by using Melde's experiment
Experiment-6	<b>Optical fiber:</b> To determine the numerical aperture and acceptance angle of an optical fiber
Experiment-7	<b>LASER:</b> To determine the wavelength of a given laser source by using diffraction grating method
Experiment-8	<b>Malus Law:</b> To Verify the cosine law by using polarization phenomenon of light.
Experiment-9	<b>Newton's rings:</b> To determine the radius of curvature of a given Plano convex lens by forming Newton's rings
Experiment-10	<b>Torsional Pendulum:</b> To determine the rigidity modulus of a given metal wire by using Torsional pendulum
Experiment-11	<b>PIN Photo Diode</b> To study the V-I Characteristics of Photo Diode by calculating the photo current.
Experiment-12	<b>Stewart Gee's experiment:</b> To study the variation of magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil
Reference B	ooks:
1. "Semico	onductor Physics and Devices: Basic Principles" by Donald A Neamen

- "Optics, Principles and Applications" by K K Sharma.
   "Principles of Optics" by M Born and E Wolf.

- "Oscillations and Waves" by Satya Prakash and Vinay Dua
   "Waves and Oscillations" by N Subrahmanyam and Brij Lal

# B.TECH II SEMESTER SYLLABUS

# INTEGRAL CALCULUS AND NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES

II Semeste	r: ECE/EI	EE/MECH/AERO							
Course	Code	Category	Но	urs /	Week	Credits	Мах	kimum N	larks
A5BS	503	BSC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		200	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
COURSE OBJECTIVES									
To learn									
1. The concepts of finite differences, operators and relations between them.									
2. Evaluation of integrals by using numerical methods.									
3. Evaluation	n of the mu	ltiple integrals.							
4. Fourier se	eries for pe	riodic functions.							
5. Fourier tra	ansform an	d inverse transform of o	commo	on fun	ctions.				
UNIT-I	INTERPO	DLATION AND CURVE	FITTI	NG					
forward interpolation, Newton's backward interpolation, Gauss's forward and backward interpolation formulae. Interpolation with unequal intervals – Lagrange's interpolation. <b>CURVE FITTING:</b> Method of least squares - Fitting a straight line, second degree parabola and non-linear curves of theform $y=a e^{b x}$ , $y=a x^{b}$ , $y=a b^{x}$ by the method of least squares.									
UNIT-II	NUMERI								
<b>ROOT FIND</b>	ING TECH	INIQUES :							
Bisection me	ethod-Regu	ula Falsi method and Ne	ewton	Raphs	son met	hod.			
NUMERICA	L INTEGR	ATION :							
Trapezoidal	rule - Sim	pson's one-third rule - S	Simpso	on's th	ree-eigl	hth rule.			
NUMERICA	L SOLUTI	ON OF ORDINARY D	IFFER	ENTI/	AL EQU	JATIONS:	Taylor's	series r	nethod -
Euler's – mo	dified, Eul	er's Method – Runge-K	utta m	ethod					
UNIT-III	MULTIPL	E INTEGRALS							
Double and triple integrals (Cartesian and polar), Change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar) in double integrals. Finding the area and volume of a region using double and triple integral.									
UNIT-IV	FOURIER	RSERIES							
Periodic fund series in a expansions.	ction-Deter rbitrary int	mination of Fourier Coe erval-Even Odd perio	efficier dic co	nts-For	urier Se ation-Ha	ries-Even alf range	and Odd Fourier	function sine and	s-Fourie d cosine

# UNIT-V FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Fourier integral theorem (statement)-Fourier sine and cosine integrals –Fourier transforms –Fourier sine and cosine transforms-properties- Inverse transforms-Finite Fourier transforms.

# Text Books:

1. Ervin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

2. B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

# **Reference Books:**

1. G.B.Thomas, calculus and analytical geometry,9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Reprint 2006.

2. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal ,A Text of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi publications,2008.

3. E.L.Ince, Ordinary differential Equations, Dover publications, 1958.

# COURSE OUTCOMES

# At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- 1. Find Interpolating polynomial for the given tabular data.
- 2. Solve the first order ordinary differential equations using numerical techniques.
- 3. Evaluate multiple integrals.
- 4. Find the Fourier series of the given functions.
- 5. Find the Fourier transforms of the given functions.

# **ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

II Semester	•								
Course (	Code:	Category	Но	Hours / Week Credits		Credits	s Maximum Mar		larks
A5BS	13	BSC	L	L T P		С	CIE SEE Tot		Total
			4 0 0 4 3					70	100
Course Objectives:									
The course	should e	nable the students (	to•						
The course	Silvulu e	nable the students							
1. Impa	art knowle	edge on soft and har	d wate	r type	s and s	softening r	nethods.		
2. Intro	duce the	basic concepts to de	velop e	electro	ochemi	ical cells.			
3 enha	ince know	ledge on corrosion :	and its	signif	ficance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1 Ana	lyze the ty	mes of fuel based or	n calori	ific va	lue for	r selected .	annlicati	one	
F. Inter	ryze the t	ypes of fuel based of					applicati	0115.	
5. Inter	rpret the p	roperties and applic	ations	of iud	ricants	<b>.</b>			
Course Outo	comes:								
At the and a	f the cour	so studonts will be ob	ala tar						
1 Illustrate	the types of	se students will be at	treatm	ant of	drinkin	a and indu	strial wat	or	
2 Domonstr	ine types (	bi natu anu sont water,	rochomi	iotry ir			sulla wai		
2. Demonstr	are the de	f motol finishing in as							
3. Apply the methods of metal finishing in solving corrosion related problems.									
4 Ermlain th	4. Explain the chemistry of various fuels and their combustion.								
4. Explain th	ie chemisti	y of various fuels and	i their c	und mer	stion.	. of hele			
<ul><li>4. Explain th</li><li>5. Identify th</li></ul>	ne chemisti ne properti	y of various fuels and es, application of lubr	icants a	nd me	chanist	n of lubric:	ation.		

Introduction - Hardness of water- Causes and effects of hardness - Expression and Units of Hardness - Determination of hardness by complexometric method- Numerical problems – Treatment of water by Ion exchange process - Potable water and its specifications – steps involved in treatment of potable water: screening, aeration, sedimentation, coagulation, filtration and sterilisation of water by Chlorination. Desalination of water by Reverse Osmosis.

# UNIT-II ELECTRO CHEMISTRY AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Electro chemical cells – electrode potential - standard electrode potential - Nernst Equation -Types of electrodes - SHE, Calomel, Quinhydrone and Glass electrode -Electrochemical series, and its application- Numerical Problems. Potentiometric: acid- base and redox titration.

# UNIT-III CORROSION AND ITS CONTROL

Introduction-causes and effects-Chemical and Electrochemical corrosion – Mechanism of electrochemical corrosion- factors affecting rate of corrosion- corrosion control methods - cathodic protection and Protective coatings – Metallic coatings- Methods of metallic coatings – Hot dipping methods: Galvanizing, Tinning, cementation (sherardizing) - electroplating (Copper), electroless plating (nickel). Organic coating - Paints (constituents and functions).

# UNIT-IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION

Fuels- Characteristics of good fuels - Classification of fuels with examples – Composition, Characteristics and uses of gasoline, diesel, kerosene oils - Knocking- octane and cetane rating – Aviation fuel: Composition and Characteristics- LPG and CNG: Composition, Characteristics and Uses. Combustion - Calorific value – Gross Calorific Value and Net Calorific Value. Calculation of air quantities required for combustion of a fuel – Numerical problems.

# UNIT-V LUBRICANTS

Lubricant: Definition – Classification with examples: Solid, gas and semisolid lubricants – Mechanism of Lubrication – Characteristics of good lubricant – Important properties of lubricant: viscosity, pour point, flash Point, demulsibility, volatility - Lubricant Additives – Advantages -Grading of lubricants

# TEXT BOOKS:

1. P.C. Jain and M. Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 15/e, Dhanapat Rai & Sons, Delhi, 2014.

2. O G Palanna, Engineering Chemistry, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

- 1. Sashichawla, A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, Dhanapath Rai and sons, 2003.
- 2. Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), 11<sup>th</sup> edition by B.L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M.S. Krishnan.
- 3. B.S Murthy and P. Shankar, A Text Book of NanoScience and NanoTechnology, University Press, 2013

# ENGLISH

II Semester									
Course	Code	Category	Ho	ours / \	Neek	Credits	Max	kimum N	/larks
۸549	201	немс	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
AJIC		HSINC	2	0	0	2	30	70	100
OBJECTIVE	S:			1					
Student will	be able to:								
1- Develop language proficiency with emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing skills.									
2- Apply the	2- Apply the theoretical and practical components of English syllabus to study academic subjects more							ects more	
effectively an	d critically.								
3- Analyze a	variety of te	xts and interpret them to	demon	strate	in writing	g or speech	۱.		
4- Write/ com	pose clearl	y and creatively, and adju	ust writ	ing sty	le appro	priately to	the conter	it, the co	ontext, and
nature of the	subject.								
5- Develop la	nguage con	nponents to communicate	e effect	ively ir	formal	and inform	al situation	S.	
UNIT-I	Of Studi	es by Francis Bacon							
Reading Skill Writing Skill	ls:Reading s: Punctuat	for General Details ion, Writing Paragraph	s	nujee					
	Scientist	in Training: The Oxf	ord Y	ears S	tephen	Hawking	's Biogra	phy by	,
UNIT-II	Kristine	Larsen			•			1 0 0	
Vocabulary: Grammar: Pr Reading Skill Writing Skill Resume	Synonyms reposition, ( ls: Reading s: Letter W	and Antonyms, Standa Conjunctions, Articles for Specific Details, M riting- Letters of Requ	rd Abt Iaking est, Aj	oreviat Infere pology	tions ences and Co	omplaint-	Letter of	Applica	tion with
UNIT-III	The Teer	nage Years by Sarah (	Gray						
Vocabulary:	Idioms and	Phrasal verbs, Technic	al Vo	cabula	ıry				
Grammar: Se	ntence Stru	ctures, Tenses							
Reading Skill	ls: Reading	between the Lines	niects	Place	s and F	vents			
	s. Essay wi		Jeets,	1 lace		vents			
UNIT-IV	Unlock Y	Cour Own Creativity I	oy Rol	oert V	on Oec	ch			
Vocabulary:	One word S	Substitutes, Words ofte	n conf	used					
Grammar: D	irect and In	direct Speech, Active a	and Pa	ssive `	Voice	m i			
Reading Skill	ls: Reading	Techniques- Skimming	and Sc	ting E	g of the	Feet			
winning Skill	s. reennice	a report writing, E-lik	111 WIN	ung, r		200ay			

# UNIT-V A Talk on Advertising by Herman Wouk

Vocabulary: Misplaced Modifiers, Redundancies

Grammar: Subject Verb Agreement (Concord), Common Errors in English

Reading Skills:Reading Techniques- Intensive and Extensive Reading

Writing Skills: Memo, Précis and Resume Writing

# Text Books:

1. Green, David. Contemporary English Grammar Structures and Composition. Second Edition. Trinity Press. 2016.

2. Michael Swan. Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press. 2017.

# **Reference Books:**

1. Murphy, R. Essential Grammar in Use. Cambridge University Press. 2015.

2. Wood, F.T. Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan. 2007.

3. Krishnamurthy. N, Modern English: A Book of Grammar Usage and Composition. Third Edition. Trinity Press. 2016.

4. Zinsser, William. On Writing Well. Harper Resource Book. 2001.

5. Hamp-Lyons, L. Study Writing. Cambridge University Press.2006.

# COURSE OUTCOMES:

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

1- Construct sentences by using appropriate parts of speech.

2- Write letters/paragraphs/reports etc. for meaningful professional communication.

**3-** Make use of appropriate vocabulary in both written and spoken contexts.

4- Comprehend and analyse different levels of written documents.

5-Analyse and correct common errors in spoken and written forms.

# PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

II Semester											
Course C	ode	Category	Но	urs /	Week	Credits	Мах	imum N	larks		
			L T P C CIE SEE								
A5CS0	1	ESC	3	0	0 0 3 30 70 10						
COURSE OB.	JECTIVE	3						1			
<ol> <li>To impart knowledge about problem solving and algorithmic thinking.</li> <li>To familiarize with the syntax and semantics of C programming language.</li> <li>To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solving problems.</li> <li>To use arrays, pointers, strings and structures in solving problems.</li> <li>To understand how to solve problems related to matrices, Searching and sorting.</li> </ol>											
COURSE OUT	<b>FCOMES</b>										
At the end of	the cours	se, student will be able	e to:								
<ol> <li>Apply algorithmic thinking to understand, define and solve problems</li> <li>Develop computer programs using programing constructs and control structures</li> <li>Decompose a problem into functions to develop modular reusable code.</li> <li>Use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to formulate algorithms and programs.</li> <li>Use files to perform read and write operations</li> </ol>											
UNIT-I I	INTRODU	ICTION - PROBLEM SC	OLVIN	G AN	D ALGO	DRITHMIC	THINKIN	G			
Problem Solv Algorithm defin	ving and nition, pra	Algorithmic Thinkin ctical examples, propert	g Ov	erviev eprese	<b>v –</b> Prontation,	oblem De flowchart,	finition, lo algorithm	ogical re s vs proę	easoning, grams.		
Algorithmic I	Ininking	- Constituents of alg	gorith	ms -	Sequen	ce, Seleci	ion and	Repetitio	on, input-		
	utation –	expressions, logic; Pro	biem	Under	standing	y and Ana	iiysis – p		definition,		
variables, riam		, data organization. lists	, anay	/s etc.	aigonti		grams.				
UNIT-II (	OPERAT	ORS, EXPRESSIONS A	ND C	ONTR	OL ST	RUCTURE	5				
Introduction	to C lan	guage: Structure of C	progr	ams,	data typ	bes, data	inputs, o	utput sta	itements,		
Operators, pre	cedence	and associativity, evalua	ation c	of expr	essions	, type conv	ersions ii	n expres	sions.		
Control struc		ecision statements; if a	na swi otipulo	tch st	atemen	; Loop co	ntrol state	ements:	while, for		
		p statements, break, co	lunue	, golo	Slateme	1115.					
UNIT-III /	ARRAYS	AND FUNCTIONS									
Arrays: Conce	epts, One	dimensional array, dec	laratio	on and	l initializ	ation of o	ne dimens	sional ar	rays, two		
dimensional a	rrays, init	alization and accessing	g, mult	li-dime	ensional	arrays, B	asıc Sear	ching Al	gorithms:		
Linear and Bin	hary searc	n d and built in Eurotics	otor-	مم ما -		orom stor -		function			
	reference		, siora	ge cla	isses, P		assing in				
Fxample progr	rams suc	h as Finding Factorial F	-ibona	ccise	ries To	wers of Ha	noi etc	solving p			
			isona	501 50							

UNIT-IV	STRINGS AND POINTERS
Strings: Arr	ays of characters, variable length character strings, inputting character strings, character
library function	ons, string handling functions.
Pointers: Po	pinter basics, pointer arithmetic, pointers to pointers, generic pointers, array of pointers,
functions ret	urning pointers, Dynamic memory allocation.

UNIT-V STRUCTURES AND FILE HANDLING

**Structures and unions**: Structure definition, initialization, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, self-referential structures, unions, typedef, enumerations.

**File handling**: command line arguments, File modes, basic file operations read, write and append, example programs

# Text Books:

- 1. Riley DD, Hunt K.A. Computational Thinking for the Modern Problem Solver. CRC press, 2014 Mar 27.
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition)
- 3. Byron Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum's Outlines Series, McGraw Hill Education, 3<sup>rd</sup>edition, 2017.

- 1. W. Kernighan Brian, Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 1988.
- 2. YashavantKanetkar, "Exploring C", BPB Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 3. Schildt Herbert, "C: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 4th Edition, 2014.
- 4. R. S. Bichkar, "Programming with C", Universities Press, 2nd Edition, 2012.
- 5. Dey Pradeep, Manas Ghosh, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2006.
- 6. Stephen G. Kochan, "Programming in C", Addison-Wesley Professional, 4th Edition, 2014.

# PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB

# I Semester

Course Code	Category	н	lours / V	Veek	Credits	Мах	imum M	larks
A5C S02	FSC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
AJCOUZ	LOC	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100

# COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To be familiarize with flowgorithm to solve simple problems
- 2. To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statements etc.
- 3. To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays, strings, pointers and structures.

# COURSE OUTCOMES

# At the end of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Solve simple mathematical problems using Flowgorithm.
- 2. Correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers and logical errors encountered at run time
- 3. Develop programs by using decision making and looping constructs.
- 4. Implement real time applications using the concept of array, pointers, functions and structures.
- 5. Solve real world problems using matrices, searching and sortingTo enable them to represent data in arrays, strings and structures

# LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

# Week-1 INTRODUCTION TO FLOGORITHM

- a. Installation and working of Flowgorithm Software.
- b. Write and implement basic arithmetic operations using Flowgorithm sum, average, product, difference, quotient and remainder of given numbers etc.

# Week-2 FLOGORITHM- OPERATORS AND EVALUATION OF EXPRESSIONS

- a. Draw a flowchart to calculate area of Shapes (Square, Rectangle, Circle and Triangle).
- b. Draw a flowchart to find the sum of individual digits of a 3 digit number.
- c. Draw a flowchart to convert days into years, weeks and days.
- **d.** Draw a flowchart to read input name, marks of 5 subjects of a student and display the name of the student, the total marks scored, percentage scored.

# Week-3 FLOGORITHM- CONDITIONAL STATEMENTS

- a. Draw a flowchart to find roots of a quadratic equation.
- b. Draw a flowchart to find the largest and smallest among three entered numbers and also display whether the identified largest/smallest number is even or odd
- c. Draw a flowchart to check whether the triangle is equilateral, isosceles or scalene triangle

Week-	4 OPERATORS
a. b. c. d.	Write a C program to swap values of two variables with and without using third variable. Write a C program to enter temperature in Celsius and convert it into Fahrenheit. Write a C program to calculate Simple and Compound Interest. Write a C program to calculate $s = ut+(1/2)at^2$ where u and a are the initial velocity in m/sec (= 0) and acceleration in m/sec^2 (= 9.8 m/s^2)).
Week-	5 CONDITIONAL STATEMENTS
a.	Write a C program to find largest and smallest of given numbers.
b.	Write a C program which takes two integer operands and one operator form the user(+,-,*,/,% use
	switch) Write a program to compute grade of students using if also adder. The grades are assigned as
C.	followed:
	marks<50 F
	50≤marks< 60 C
	60≤marks<70 B
	70≤marks B+
	$80 \le marks \le 90$ A
Wook-	6 LOOPING STATEMENTS
WCCK-	
a. \ b. \ c. \	Vrite a C program to find Sum of individual digits of given integer Vrite a C program to generate first n terms of Fibonacci series Vrite a C program to generate prime numbers between 1 and n
d. \	Vrite a C Program to find the Sum of Series SUM=1-x2/2! +x4/4!-x6/6!+x8/8!-x10/10!
e. \	Vrite a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.
f. \	Vrite a C program to generate pyramid of numbers.
	1 3 1
	1 3 5 3 1
Week-	7 ARRAYS
a.	Write a C Program to implement following searching methods i. Binary Search ii. Linear Search
b.	Write a C program to find largest and smallest number in a list of integers
C.	Write a C program
	I. I O add two matrices
Ь	Write a C program to find Transpose of a given matrix
u.	

Week-8	3 FUNCTIONS
a.	Write a C program to find the factorial of a given integer using functions
b.	Write a C program to find GCD of given integers using functions
C.	Write a C Program to find the power of a given number using functions
Week-9	RECURSION
a.	Write a C Program to find binary equivalent of a given decimal number using recursive functions.
b.	Write a C Program to print Fibonacci sequence using recursive functions.
C.	Write a C Program to find LCM of 3 given numbers using recursive functions
Week-1	10 STRINGS
a.	Write a C program using functions to
	a. Insert a sub string into a given main string from a given position
	b. Delete n characters from a given position in a string
b.	Write a C program to determine if given string is palindrome or not
Week-1	11 POINTERS
a.	Write a C program to print 2-D array using pointers
b.	Write a C program to allocate memory dynamically using memory allocation functions (malloc,
	calloc, realloc, free)
Week-1	12 STRUCTURES
a.	Write a C Program using functions to
	i. Reading a complex number
	ii. Writing a complex number
	iii. Add two complex numbers
	iv. Multiply two complex numbers
	Note: represent complex number using structure
b.	Write a C program to read employee details employee number, employee name, basic salary, hra and da of n employees using structures and print employee number, employee name and gross salary of n employees.
Text B	looks:
1.	Riley DD, Hunt K.A. Computational Thinking for the Modern Problem Solver. CRC press, 2014 Mar
2.	B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3rd Edition)
3.	YashavantKanetkar, "Let Us C", BPB Publications, New Delhi, 13 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2012.

- 1. Ferragina P, Luccio F. Computational Thinking: First Algorithms, Then Code. Springer; 2018
- 2. King KN, "C Programming: A Modern Approach", Atlantic Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015.
- 3. Kochan Stephen G, "Programming in C: A Complete Introduction to the C Programming Language", Sam's Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2004.
- Linden Peter V, "Expert C Programming: Deep C Secrets", Pearson India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 1994.Linden Peter V, "Expert C Programming: Deep C Secrets", Pearson India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 1994.

# ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

# II Semester

Course Code	Category	Н	lours / V	Veek	Credits	Maximum Marks		
A5HS02	Heme	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
	HOMC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100

# COURSE OBJECTIVES:

# The course should enable the students to:

- 1. Facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning.
- 2. Enhance English language skills, communication skills and to practice soft skills.
- 3. Improve fluency and pronunciation intelligibility by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking.
- 4. Get trained in different interview and public speaking skills such as JAM, debate, role play, group discussion etc.
- 5. Instill confidence and make them competent enough to express fluently and neutralize their mother tongue influence.

# English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- a. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab
- b. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

### Listening Skills Objectives

1. To enable students develop their listening skills to appreciate its role in the LSRW skills approach to language and improve their pronunciation.

2. To equip students with necessary training in listening so that they can comprehend the speech of people of different backgrounds and regions.

Students should be given practice in listening to the sounds of the language, to be able to recognize them and find the distinction between different sounds, to be able to mark stress and recognize and use the right intonation in sentences.

- Listening for general content
- Listening to fill up information
- Intensive listening
- Listening for specific information

# Speaking Skills

Objectives

1. To involve students in speaking activities in various contexts

2. To enable students express themselves fluently and appropriately in social and professional contexts

- Oral practice: Just A Minute (JAM) Sessions
- Describing objects/situations/people
- Role play Individual/Group activities
- Group Discussions
- Debate

# Exercise-I

# CALL Lab:

*Understand:* Listening Skill- Its importance – Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers of Listening. *Practice*: Introduction to Phonetics – Speech Sounds – Word Stress and Rhythm

# ICS Lab:

Understand: Communication at Work Place - Spoken vs. Written language.

*Practice:* Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session- Situational Dialogues – Introductions- Greetings – Taking Leave.

# Exercise-II CALL Lab: Understand: Structure of Syllables — Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context. Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context. ICS Lab: Understand: Features of Good Conversation – Non-verbal Communication. Practice: Situational Dialogues – Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations – Making Requests and Seeking Permissions- Telephone Etiquette. Exercise-III CALL Lab: Understand: Intonation-Errors in Pronunciation-the Interference of Mother Tongue (MTI). Practice: Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences in British and American Pronunciation. ICS Lab: Understand: How to make Formal Presentations. Practice: Formal Presentations- Extempore Exercise-IV CALL Lab: Understand: Listening for General Details. Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests. ICS Lab: Understand: Public Speaking - Exposure to Structured Talks. Practice: Group Discussions, Debate Exercise-V CALL Lab: Understand: Listening for Specific Details.

Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests. ICS Lab: Understand: Introduction to Interview Skills. Practice: Mock Interviews.

# Reference Books:

- 1. Whitby, N. Business Benchmark. Cambridge University Press (with CD) 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Kumar, S. &Lata, P. (2011). Communication Skills. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Balasubramanian, T. (2008). A Text book of English Phonetics for Indian Students, Macmillan.
- 4. Thorpe, E. (2006). Winning at Interviews, Pearson Education.
- 5. Sethi, J. et al. (2005). A Practical Course in English Pronunciation (with CD), Prentice Hall of India.

# COURSE OUTCOMES:

By the end of the course students will be able to

- a) Develop better perception of nuances of English language through audio- visual experience.
- b) Acquire Neutralization of accent for intelligibility.
- c) Participate in group activities.
- d) Employ speaking skills with clarity and confidence which in turn enhances their employability.

# ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

Course Code	<b>e</b> :	Category	Но	urs / \	Week	Credits	Max	kimum N	larks	
			L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
A5BS14		BSC	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100	
Course Outcom	es:		1					11		
At the end of the	e cours	e students will b	e able to:							
<ol> <li>Estimate drinking.</li> <li>Estimate</li> </ol>	e hardne e the per	ess, alkalinity and reentage content o	chloride c	ontent ide in	in wat	er to check	its suital rial.	bility for		
3. The meas	suremer	nt of physical prop	erties like	adsor	ption a	nd viscosity	у.			
4. Demonst 5 Synthesi	t <b>rate</b> the ze vario	e digital and instru-	umental m	ethods	s of ana	lysis				
<u> </u>			Junus.							
		LIST OF I	EXPERI	MEN	TS					
Experiment-1	Deter EDT	Determination of total hardness of water by complexometric method using EDT								
Experiment-2	Deter	Determination of Alkalinity of given water sample								
Experiment-3	Estim	ation of Chlorid	e content	of wa	ater by	Argenton	netry.			
Experiment-4	Estim	nation of amount	of HCl b	y Coi	nductor	metry.				
Experiment-5	Estim	nation of amount	of Acetic	e acid	by Co	nductome	try			
Experiment-6	Estim	ation of amount	of ferrou	s ion	by pot	entiometry	using p	ootassiu	m	
Experiment-7	Estim	ation of HCl by	potentior	netry						
Experiment-8	Deter	mination of Viso	cosity of a	a give	n liqui	d using Os	stwald's	Viscon	neter	
Experiment-9	Dete	rmination of sur	face tension	on of	a give	n liquid us	ing Stal	agmo n	neter	
Experiment-10	Synth	esis of Aspirin								
Experiment-11	Synth	Synthesis of Thiokol Rubber								
Experiment-12	Sepa calcu	aration of organi lation of RF valu	c mixture ies.	by T	hin lay	er Chroma	atograpl	ny and		
Experiment-13	Deter	mination of perc	centage of	f Calc	ium O	xide in Ce	ment			
	Estimation of Manganese Dioxide in Pyrolusite									

1. Senior practical physical chemistry, B. D. Khosla, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand and amp; Co., Delhi)

2. An introduction to practical chemistry, K. K. Sharma and D. S. Sharma (Vikas publishing, N. Delhi)

3. Vogel's textbook of practical organic chemistry 5th edition.

4. Text book on Experiments and calculations in Engineering chemistry- S. S. Dara

# B.TECH III SEMESTER SYLLABUS

# VECTOR CALCULUS AND PROBABILITY STATISTICS

III Semester:	MECHANI	CAL ENGINEERING											
Course	Code	Category	Но	ours / \	Neek	Credits	Maximum Marks						
A5BS	606	BSC	L	Т	Р		CIE	SEE	Total				
			3	1	0	4	30	70	100				
Course Obje 1. Evaluation 2. Verification 3. The concep 4. The concep 5. Evaluation	ctives of definite in of vector in ots of discre ot of correla of the given	ntegrals using Beta and G tegral theorems. te and continuous random tion and regression to find data for appropriate test	amma n varial l covari of hypo	functio bles, pr iance. bthesis	ons. robability and finc	∕ distribution ling the var	n and dens ance.	sity functio	on.				
UNIT-I	BETA GA	MMA FUNCTIONS AND	VECTO	or dif	FEREN	TIATION							
Beta- Gamma Functions and their Properties-Relation between them- Evaluation of improper integrals using Gamma and Beta functions. Scalar and vector point functions - Gradient, divergence, curl and their related properties -Solenoidal and irrotational vector point functions - Scalar potential function - Laplacian operator													
UNIT-II	UNIT-II VECTOR INTEGRATION AND VECTOR INTEGRAL THEOREMS												
Line integral - work done - surface integrals - volume integral - Vector integral theorems - Green's theorem in a plane - Stoke's theorem - Gauss divergence theorem (all theorem statements and their verification).													
UNIT-III	SINGLE F	ANDOM VARIABLES AN	ND PR	OBAB	ILITY DI	STRIBUTIO	ONS						
Basic definition function/ dense Binomial, Pois	ons of prob sity function sson & Norr	ability, Random Variable of a probability distribution nal distributions and their	s – Di n- matl Proper	screte hemati ties.	and Co cal expe	ntinuous. F ctation, Me	Probability an, Varian	distributi ce.	ons, mass				
UNIT-IV	CORREL	ATION & REGRESSION /	AND S	AMPL	NG DIS	TRIBUTIO	NS						
Coefficient of Coefficient, T <b>Sampling:</b> D Sample mear distribution of Parameter es	correlation he lines of r lefinitions o and variar variance. timation- Po	, the rank correlation, C egression. f population, sampling, s nce, sampling distribution, pint estimation and interva	ovariar statistic Stand I estim	nce of c, para ard err ation.	two ran meter. <sup>-</sup> or, Sam	dom variak Fypes of s pling distrik	oles. Regr ampling, l oution of m	ession- F Expected neans and	Regression values of sampling				
UNIT-V	TESTING	OF HYPOTHESIS											
Testing of hy interval, Leve Large sampl (cases of kno (ii) Tests of si (iii) Tests of s between two SMALL SAM mean, differen Snedecor's F Chi-square di	ypothesis: I of significa e tests:(i) T wn variance gnificance of ignificance of sample prop PLE TEST nce between - distribution, it	Null hypothesis, Alternate nce. One sided test, two s est of Equality of means e & unknown variance, equ of difference between sample portions. S: Student t-distribution, it n means of two small sam n and its properties. Test of 's properties, Chi-square t	hypoth sided te of two ual and ple S.E e prope ples. of equa test of g	hesis, t est, sample I unequ D and p ortion a erties; lity of t goodne	ype I & es equal varial oopulatio and popu Test of s wo popu ess of fit.	type II error ity of samp nces) n S.D. lation prop significance lation varia	rs – critica le mean a ortion &dif sample m nces.	l region, o nd popula ference nean and	confidence ation mean population				

# Text Books:

- 2. Ervin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 2. B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
- 3. Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Sciences by Jay L. Devore, Cengage Learning

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics by S.C. Guptha &V.K. Kapoor, S. Chand
- 2. Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists by Sheldon M. Ross, Academic Press

### **Course Outcomes;**

At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate of definite integrals using Beta and Gamma functions
- 2. Verify vector integral theorems.
- 3. Evaluate the discrete and continuous random variables, mathematical expectation of mean and variance.
- 4. Apply the concepts of correlation and regression to find covariance and sampling distribution of mean and Variance.

5. Evaluate the given data for appropriate test of hypothesis.

# STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

# **III Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Course Code	Category	Но	urs / W	eek	Credits	Ма	Maximum Marks		
A5ME06	DCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
	PCC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100	

# **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

Mechanics of solids is the branch of continuum mechanics which deals with behaviour of solids under different loading conditions. This course will help students to acquire knowledge on the concepts needed for the design of various machine elements.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

The course should enable the students to

- 1. Explain concepts of simple stresses and strains, calculate deformations, strains and stresses in axial bar elements subjected to different load conditions.
- 2. Draw and analyze shear force and bending moment diagrams of various beams.
- 3. Analyze the members subjected to bending and shear loads.
- 4. Explain principal stresses, principal strains and derive slope and deflection equations for various beams for different loading conditions.
- 5. Analyze shafts subjected to torsion and thin cylindrical and spherical shells.

# UNIT-I SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS

Elasticity and plasticity, Types of stresses and strains, Hooke's law stress, straindiagram for mild steel, Working stress, Factor of safety, Lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain, Elastic module and the relationship between them, Bars of varying section, composite bars, Temperature stresses. Strain energy, Resilience - Gradual, Sudden, Impact, and Shock loadings

# UNIT-II SHEAR FORCE AND BENDING MOMENT

Definition of beam, Types of beams, Concept of shear force and bendingmoment, Relation between Shear Force and Bending Moment. and rate of loading at a section of a beam. Shear Force and Bending Moment diagrams for cantilever simply supported and overhanging beams subjected to point loads, U.D.L., uniformly varying loads and combination of these loads, Point of contra flexure.

UNIT-III FLEXURAL STRESSES & SHEAR STRESSES

**FLEXURAL STRESSES:** Theory of simple bending, Assumptions, Derivation of bending equation: M/I = f/y = E/R, Neutral axis, Determination bending stresses, section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I, T, Angle and Channel sections, Design of simple beam sections.

**SHEAR STRESSES:** Derivation of formula, Shear stress distribution across various beams sections like rectangular, circular, I, T, angle sections.

**PRINCIPAL STRESSES AND STRAINS:** Introduction - Stresses on an inclined section of a bar under axial loading - compound stresses - Normal and tangential stresses on an inclined plane for biaxial stresses - Two perpendicular normal stresses accompanied by a state of simple shear - Mohr's circle of stresses - Principle stresses and strains - Analytical and graphical solutions.

**DEFLECTION OF BEAMS:** Bending into a circular arc slope, deflection and radius of curvature, Differential equation for the elastic line of a beam, Double integration and Macaulay's methods, Determination of slope and deflection for cantilever and simply supported beams subjected to point loads.

UNIT-V	TORSION OF CIRCULAR SHAFTS & THIN CYLINDERS

**TORSION OF CIRCULAR SHAFTS:** Theory of pure torsion - derivation of Torsion eqautions:  $T/J = C/R = G\Theta/L$  - Assumptions made in the theory of pure torsion - Torsional moment of resistence - Polar section modulus - Power transmitted by shafts

**THIN CYLINDERS:** Thin seamless cylindrical shells, Derivation of formula for longitudinal and circumferential stresseshoop, longitudinal and volumetric strains, changes in dia, and volume of thin cylinders, Riveted boiler shells, Thin spherical shells.

# **Text Books:**

1. Dr.S.Sadhu Singh, Strength of materials, Khanna publishers.

2. Ramamrutham Š, Strength of materials, Danpath rai publishing company.

- 1. Strength of materials by R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd.
- 2. Engineering mechanics of solids by EGOR P. Popov, Pearson publishers
- 3. Timoshenko and Gere, Mechanics of Materials, CBS Publishers, 2011
- 4. Strength of Materials by Andrew Pytel and Ferdinond L. Singer Longman

III Semester	: MECHAN	ICAL ENGINEE	RING						
Course	Code	Category		Hours / V	/eek	Credits	Max	ximum Ma	arks
A 514	F07	DCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASIVI	E07	FCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
COURSE O	VERVIEW:								
This course in our hom structures a of alloying a given on the material pri- included. An polymers, ce COURSE O At the end o 1. Explain I 2. Interpre- microstruc 3. Recomm 4. Differen 5. Classify	is intended es to variou nd their rep and the corr e important operties th nd, finally t eramics and UTCOMES: of course, stu- basic concep et various ctural develo- nend a heat tiate ferrous and explain	to provide basic us engineering presentation, an responding char ferrous and nor rough different the course cond advanced mate udents will be all ots of crystal stru- phases presen- popment treatment process and non-ferrou- polymers, cerar	c knowled application d various ges occu a-ferrous c heat tr cludes wi rials such ble to uctures and t in the esses for us alloys. nics and o	lge on the ons. It co defects t rring in th alloys whi eatment ith discus as compo nd their ir binary   the desire	e metallurgi vers the fu hat are pres leir phase c ch are exter processes sion on ma osites. hperfection phase diag d changes i s.	cal aspects of indamental sent in the r liagrams are nsively used with their aterials othe s. rams of al n properties	of metals t aspects of materials. T e discussed in the indu microstruc er than me loys and	hat are be f materials Then, the r . A special ustries. Tai tural char etals that	ing used s, crysta necessity l focus is iloring of nges are includes
UNIT-I	CRYSTAL	STRUCTURE							
Metallic cry Imperfectio mechanisms Petchequatio	stal structu ns in solid s, slip syste on and dete ALLOYS &	res: Unit cells, of ls: point defects ms, strengtheni rmination of gra PHASE DIAGR	crystal sys s, disloca ng mech in size. AMS	stems, cry ations, sur anisms fo	stal points, ( face and v or single ph	directions an rolume defe nase metals:	nd planes, cts, disloca : grain sizo	ation stren e reductio	gthening n, Hall ·
Alloys: Defi diagrams: G Interpretation developmen	nition, neces ibbs phase r on of binar t upon coolir	ssity of alloying; rule, unary phas r <b>y phase diag</b> i ng, Iron Carbon	Solid solu e diagram r <b>ams:</b> Tie phase dia	utions: sub n, cooling e line, Le agram: Pha	ostitutional a curves of pu ver rule, va ases, Invaria	ind interstitia ire metals, c arious invari ant reactions	al, Hume-Ro onstruction iant reaction involved.	othery rule of phase o ons, Micro	s. Phase diagram, structure
UNIT-III	HEAT TRE	ATMENT OF ST	EEL						
Heat treatm Surface har cyaniding,	nent proces dening: flar	<b>sses:</b> Annealing ne and inductio	g & their on harder	types, no ning, Cas	ormalizing, e hardenin	spheroidizin g: carburizir	g, hardenin ng, nitriding	ng and te g, carburis	mpering sing and
Transforma martensite, o	tion Diagra	ams: Time-Ter cooling curves ar	nperature nd interpre	-Transfor	mation (TT inal microst	T) diagram ructures and	s Fe-C a I properties	lloys, baiı	nite and
Special heat	treatment p	rocesses: auste	mperina&	tis limitat	ions. marter	nperina.			

# UNIT-IV FERROUS AND NON-FERROUS ALLOYS

**Ferrous alloys:** Introduction, Classification, Plain carbon steels: high, medium and low carbon steels, alloying of steels: stainless steels, tool steels and maraging steels; Cast irons: grey, white, malleable and spheroidal cast irons.

Non-ferrous alloys: Copper alloys- brass, bronze and cupro-nickel; Aluminium and Aluminium alloys.

# UNIT-V POLYMERS, CERAMICS AND COMPOSITES

**Polymers and Ceramics:** Introduction, classification, general characteristics, and potential applications. **Composites:** Introduction, classification, general characteristics, and potential applications.

### Text Books:

- 1. W. D. Callister, Materials Science and Engineering-An Introduction, Wiley India, 6th Edition, 2006.
- 2. V. Raghavan, Material Science and Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 1999.
- 3. Sidney H. Avener, Introduction to Physical Metallurgy, Tata McGraw hill education (P) Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007.

- 1. U. C. Jindal, Engineering Materials and Metallurgy, Pearson, 2011.
- 2. Kenneth G. Budinski and Michael K. Budinski, Engineering Materials, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 4<sup>th</sup> Indian Reprint, 2002.
- 3. V. D. Kodgire, Material Science and Metallurgy for Engineers, Everest, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2006.

# THERMODYNAMICS

### III Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code	Category	H	ours / We	ek	Credits		Maximum Ma	arks
<b>A5ME00</b>	BCC	L	т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASINEUS	A5ME09 PCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100

### COURSE OVERVIEW :

This course intended to introduce thermodynamic laws and their application to analyse boilers, heat pumps, heat engines etc., properties of mixture of gases and pure substances, Psychrometry.

### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course should enable the students to:

- To understand the basic concepts of thermodynamics.
- To comprehend laws of thermodynamics and apply it to the related processes.
- Perform thermal analysis on behaviour and performance of systems.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- CO1 Apply the first law of thermodynamics for simple open and closed systems under steady and unsteady conditions.
- CO2 Analyse the second law of thermodynamics to open and closed systems and calculate entropy.
- CO3 Summarize the thermodynamic properties of gases and steam and apply it to related system analysis.
- CO4 Calculate the properties of gas mixtures and apply it to related system analysis.
- CO5 Evaluate the properties of moist air and its use in psychometric processes.

### UNIT-I Basic Concepts and First Law

Basic concepts – concept of continuum, microscopic and macroscopic approach. Path and point functions. System and their types. Thermodynamic Equilibrium State, Quasi-static, reversible and irreversible processes. Heat and work transfer.

Zeroth law of thermodynamics –First law of thermodynamics –application to closed and open systems – steady and unsteady flow processes.

# UNIT-II Second Law and Entropy

Second law of thermodynamics – Kelvin-Plank's and Clausius statements. Reversibility and irreversibility. Heat Engine, Refrigerator, Heat pump, Carnot theorem, efficiency, COP.

Clausius inequality, concept of entropy, entropy of ideal gas, principle of increase of entropy.

# UNIT-III Properties of Pure Substances

Properties of pure substances - solid, liquid and vapour phases, phase rule, P-V, P-T, T-V, T-S, H-S diagrams, PVT surfaces.

Thermodynamic properties of steam, Dryness fraction and its determination by separating and throttling calorimeter.

# UNIT-IV Ideal and Real Gases, Gas Mixtures and Thermodynamic Relations

Properties of ideal and real gases - Equations of state - compressibility factor - compressibility chart. Properties of gas mixture.

Exact differentials – Difference and ratio of heat capacities - Clausius Clapeyron equations - Joule Thomson effect.

### UNIT-V Psychrometry

Psychrometric properties, Psychrometric charts. Property calculations of air vapour mixtures by using chart and expressions.

Psychrometric process – adiabatic saturation, sensible heating and cooling, humidification, dehumidification, evaporative cooling and adiabatic mixing. Simple Applications.

### Text Books:

1.Nag.P.K, Engineering Thermodynamics, 6th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2017.

- 2. R.K.Rajput, A Textbook of Engineering Thermodynamics, 5 th Edition, Laxmi Publications, 2016.
- 3. Onkar Singh, Applied Thermodynamics, 4 th Edition, New Age International Private Limited, 2018.
- 4. Chattopadhyay, P, "Engineering Thermodynamics", Oxford University Press, 2016.

### **Reference Books:**

1. Yunus A Cengel and Michael A Boles, Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach, 8th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017.

2. Claus Borgnakke, Richard E. Sonntag, Fundamentals of Thermodynamics, 8th Edition, Wiley, 2016.

3. Lynn D. Russell, George A. Adebiyi, Engineering Thermodynamics, 6th Edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.

	MAN	JFAC	<b>URIN</b>	G PRC	CESSE	S				
III Semester: MECHANI		RING								
Course Code	Category	Но	ours / We	ek	Credits		Maximum Ma	arks		
A5ME10	PCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
3       0       0       3       30       70       100         COURSE OVERVIEW :         This course is intended to introduce various manufacturing processes such as casting, joining, forming and their relevance in current manufacturing industry. Also focus to explore processing methods of plastics.         COURSE OUTCOMES:         The course should enable the students to         1.       Explain casting, casting methods, preparation of patterns and castings.         2.       Enumerate various welding & cutting techniques.         3.       Explain hot working, cold working, extrusion, rolling and forging processes.         4.       Select equipment for various deformation processes.         5.       Demonstrate various methods used for producing plastic shapes.										
5. Demonstrate various methods used for producing plastic shapes.         UNIT-I       CASTINGS & METHODS OF MELTING         CASTING: Steps involved in making a casting, Advantage of casting and its applications. Patterns and Pattern making, Types of patterns, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances and their construction, Principles of Gating, Gating ratio and design of Gating systems Solidification of casting, Concept, Solidification of pure metal and alloys, short and long freezing range alloys. Risers Types function and design, special casting processes 1) Centrifugal 2) Die 3) Investment.										
UNIT-II WELDING	& CUTTING OF I	METALS	6 6							
WELDING: Classification welded joints, Gas weld and water) welding. TIG Soldering and Brazing. H destructive testing of wel	n of welding proc ing, ARC weldin and MIG, weldin Heat affected zor Ids.	ess type g, Forge g, Frictio nes in we	es of weld welding, on welding elding; we	s and w resistar g, Induct ding de	elded joint nce weldin ion weldin efects, cau	s and the g, Therm g, Explos ses and	eir characteristic nit welding and sive welding, La remedies, dest	cs, design of Plasma (Air Iser welding, ructive, non-		
CUTTING OF METALS:	Oxy Acetylene (	Gas cuttii	ng, water	plasma,	cutting of	ferrous,	non-ferrous me	tals.		
UNIT-III HOT AND C		B, EXTRI	USION							
<ul> <li>HOT WORKING AND COLD WORKING: Strain hardening, recovery, recrystallisation and grain growth, Comparison of properties of cold and hot worked parts.</li> <li>EXTRUSION OF METALS: Basic extrusion process and its characteristics. Hot extrusion and cold extrusion, Forward extrusion and backward extrusion, Impact extrusion, Hydrostatic extrusion.</li> </ul>										
UNIT-IV ROLL	ING									
ROLLING: Fundamenta Stamping, forming and o DRAWING: Drawing an power requirement in the	ls, theory of rollin ther cold working d its types, wire e above operatior	ng, types g process drawing ns.	of Rollir ses: Blan and Tub	ng mills a king and e drawir	and Force piercing, ng, coining	s in rollin Bending : I, Hot and	ng and power re and forming, d cold spinning	equirements. Forces and		

# UNIT-V FORGING & PROCESSING OF PLASTICS

**FORGING:** Principles of forging, Tools and dies, Types Forging, Smith forging, Drop Forging, Roll forging, Rotary forging, forging defects.

**PROCESSING OF PLASTICS:** Types of Plastics, Properties, applications and their Processing methods and Equipment (blow and injection modelling).

# Text Books:

- 1. P. N. Rao (2011), Manufacturing Technology, Vol -1, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw- Hill education (P) Ltd, New Delhi
- 2. S. Kalpakjain (2005), Manufacturing Engineering and Technology, 4th edition, Pearson Education, New Jersey.

- 1. R. K. Jain (2010), Production Technology, 16th edition, Khanna publishers, New Delhi, India.
- 2. B.S. Raghuwanshi (2011), A course in workshop Technology, Vol II, 3rd Edition, DhanpatRai& Co, New Delhi, India
- 3. Gosh (2004), Manufacturing science, Affiliated East-west press (p) Ltd, New Delhi, India

# MANUFACTURING PROCESSES LAB

### III Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code	Category	Но	ours / N	Neek	Credits	Max	Maximum Marks		
<b>A5ME11</b>	PCC	L	т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
ASMETT		0	0	2	1	30	70	100	

### **COURSE OVERVIEW :**

This course is designed to impart hands-on practical exposure on manufacturing processes and equipment.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

The student will be able to:

- 1. Design and manufacture different patterns
- 2. Prepare various castings.
- 3. Operate arc welding, gas welding and resistance welding equipment
- 4. Perform operations such as blanking, piercing, deep drawing, extrusion, bending and other operations.
- 5. Use injection moulding and blow moulding equipment to produce plastic products such as water bootle, water bottle caps etc.

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

### METAL CASTING

- 1. Pattern Design and making for one casting drawing.
- 2. Sand properties testing 1 Exercise -for strength and permeability
- 3. Moulding Melting and Casting 1 Exercise

### II.WELDING

- 1. ARC Welding Lap & Butt Joint 2 Exercises
- 2. 2. Spot Welding 1 Exercise
- 3. TIG Welding 1 Exercise
- 4. Plasma welding and Brazing 2 Exercises (Water Plasma Device)

### **III. MECHANICAL PRESS WORKING**

- 1. Blanking & Piercing operation and study of simple, compound and progressive press tool.
- 2. Hydraulic Press: Deep drawing and extrusion operation.

### **IV. PROCESSING OF PLASTICS**

- 1. Injection Moulding
- 2. Blow Moulding

# MACHINE DRAWING AND COMPUTER GRAPHICS LAB

III Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING											
Course	Code	Category	Hou	rs / We	ek	Credits		Maxii	num Marks		
0.5ME	=12	BCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
ASIME	-12	FCC	1	0	4	3	30	70	100		
<b>COURSE OBJECTIVES:</b> The objective of this course is to make the students to become familiar with drawing conventions, external and internal details of the machine components needed for manufacturing and assembling.											
COURSE OUTCOMES:											
The course	The course should enable the students to:										
<ol> <li>Understand and apply Indian and international standards while drawing machine components</li> <li>Illustrate various machine elements and simple parts in drawings.</li> <li>Perform the drawing of riveted joints, couplings and bearings.</li> <li>Recognize the assembled views of engine parts.</li> <li>Relate the machine parts for assembled views.</li> </ol>											
UNIT-I MACHINE DRAWING CONVENTIONS											
Need for dra 1. Types of I 2. Conventic gears. 3. Methods of 4. Types of s	awing conv Drawings – onal repres of dimensic sections – (	rentions – Introduct Introduction, Draw entation of material oning, placement of drawing of sectiona	ion to IS ing area s, comm dimens I views.	il conve a, Title I non ma ions foi	entions box siz chine holes	s: ze, location elements s s, centers,c	and de such as urved a	etails. s screws and tape	s, nuts, bolts, keys, ered features.		
UNIT-II	DRAWIN	G OF MACHINE E		TS ANI	D SIM	PLE PART	S				
Selection of proportions.	Views, ac Popular fo	lditional views for rms of Screw threa	the follo ds, bolts	owing r s, nuts,	nachir stud b	ne element oolts, keys,	s and cotter j	parts v joint and	<i>v</i> ith every drawing d knuckle joint.		
UNIT-III	RIVTED	JOINTS, COUPL	INGS /	AND B	EARI	NGS					
Riveted joint Journal, pivo	Riveted joints for plates, flanged coupling, socket and spigotjoint. Journal, pivot, collar and foot step bearings.										
UNIT-IV	UNIT-IV ASSEMBLED VIEWS OF ENGINE PARTS										
Drawing of a Engine parts	ssembled – Cross h	views for the part c ead, Eccentric, cor	lrawings inecting	of the rod, pis	followi ston as	ng using co ssembly.	onvent	ions.			
UNIT-V	ASSEMI	BLED VIEWS OF	MACH	INE P	ARTS	5					
Drawing of a Machine par	assembled ts - Screws	views for the part c s jack, Machine Vic	lrawings e, Plumr	of the mer blo	followi ck, Ta	ng using co illstock.	onvent	ions.			

# Text Books:

- 1. Machine Drawing –K.L.Narayana, P.Kannaiah&K.Venkata Reddy / New Age/Publishers.
- 2. Machine Drawing Dhawan, S.Chand Publications.
- 3. Machine Drawing- Siddheswar.

- 1. Machine Drawing N.D.Bhatt, Charotar Publishing House.
- 2. Machine Drawing P.S.Gill.
- 3. Machine Drawing Luzzader.

# STRENGTH OF MATERIALS AND METALLURGY LAB

# III Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maxir	arks	
A5ME08	PCC	Г	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
	FUU	0	0	2	1	30	70	100

# COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Analyze mechanical behaviour of test sample under tensile, compressive, torsion and impact load conditions.
- 2. Find deflection of simply supported and cantilever beams with different cross sections/materials.
- 3. Calculate stiffness and modulus of rigidity of helical coil spring.
- 4. Identify the various phases depicted in the microstructure of pure metals, ferrous and non-ferrous alloys.
- 5. Analyze the significance of cooling rate in the formation of fine grains using Jominy end quench test.

# SYLLABUS:

# LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: Strength of Materials Lab

- 1. Direct tension test.
- 2. Deflection test on simply supported beam and Cantilever beam.
- 3. Torsion test.
- 4. Hardness test
  - a. Brinell's hardness test
  - b. Rockwell hardness test
- 5. Test on springs.
- 6. Charpy and Izod Impact test.

# LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: Metallurgy Lab

- 7. Study of microstructures of pure metals such as Iron, Cu, Al, etc.
- 8. Study of microstructures of plain carbon steels.
- 9. Study of microstructure of cast irons.
- 10. Study of microstructure of alloy steels.
- 11. Study of microstructures of non-ferrous alloys.
- 12. Determination of hardenability of steels by Jominy end quench test.
# **ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

#### III Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
A5MC03	МС	L	Т	Ρ	С	CIE	SEE	Total
		2	0	0	0	30	70	100

#### COURSE OVERVIEW :

This course is introduced to create the awareness about environmental problems among students, to Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems. Also focus on developing an attitude of concern for the environment, motivating students to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course, the student should be able to

- 1. Explain the natural resources and their management.
- 2. Understanding the Classification and functioning of Ecosystems.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{3.Remembering}}$  the Importance of biodiversity and its conservation.

4. Understanding the problems related to environmental pollution and management.

5. Apply the role of information technology, Analyze social issues and Acts associated with Environment.

UNIT-I ECOSYSTEM

Introduction, definition, scope and Importance of environmental studies. Classification, structure and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Biomagnifications.

#### UNIT-II NATURAL RESOURCES

Classification of Resources, water resources: use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problems. Mineral resources: use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, Forest resources, Energy resources: renewable and non renewable energy sources.

#### UNIT-III BIODIVERSITY

Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values. India as a mega diversity nation, Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife: co-existence and conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation.

#### UNIT-IV ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Environmental Pollution: Air Pollution: types of pollutants. Water pollution: Sources and types of pollution, Soil Pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, composition and characteristics of e-Waste and its management. Global Environmental Problems: Ozone depletion and Ozone depleting substances (ODS).

UNIT-V ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY & LEGISLATION

International conventions / Protocols: Earth summit, Kyoto protocol and Montréal Protocol, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act, Towards Sustainable Future: Concept of Sustainable Development, Environmental Education, urbanization, Urban Sprawl. Concept of Green Building.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Erach Bharucha (2005)., Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses, Hyderabad, Universities Press.

- Anubha Kaushik(2006)., Perspectives in Environmental Science, 3rd Edition, New Delhi, New 2. age international. Textbook of Environmental Studies by OVK Reddy
- 3.

# B.TECH IV SEMESTER SYLLABUS

#### **BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

#### IV Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	dits Maximum Mark			
A5EE70	ESC	L	т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
		3	1	0	4	30	70	100	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE :**

- 1. Develop fundamentals, including Ohm's law, Kirchoff's laws and be able to solve for currents, voltages and power in electrical circuits.
- 2. Develop EMF equation and analyze the operation of DC Machines.
- 3. Analyze the working principle of Transformer.
- 4. Discuss the operation of AC Machines and Electrical Instruments.
- 5. Analyze the operation of PN junction diode and rectifiers.
- 6. Discuss the operation and characteristics of Transistors.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

The course should enable the students to

- 1. Understand basic electrical concepts, including electric charge, current, electrical potential, electrical Power and energy.
- 2. Differentiate circuits with ideal, independent, and controlled voltage and current sources and able to apply Kirchhoff's voltage and current laws to the analysis of electric circuits.
- 3. Calculate the losses of DC machine and elucidate the working principle of Transformer.
- 4. Obtain the slip and torque characteristics of Induction motor and describe the types of electrical instruments.
- 5. Obtain the V-I characteristics of PN–junction diode and describe the operation of rectifiers.
- 6. Analyze the different configurations of Transistors and obtain its characteristics.

# UNIT-I ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

Basic definitions-Ohm's Law – Kirchhoff's Laws – simple problems. types of elements, types of sources, series & parallel resistive networks with DC excitation, star to delta and delta to star transformations.

UNIT-II	DC MACHINES & TRANSFORMERS					
Principle of Operation of DC Motor, types of DC motor, Losses and Torque equation, DC Generator construction and working Principle, EMF Equation, working principle and Construction of transformer.						
UNIT-III	AC MACHINES &INSTRUMENTS					
Principle of operation of 3-phase induction motor, slip and torque Equation, principle of operation of 3-phase Alternator. Basic principle of indicating instruments, permanent magnet moving coil and moving iron instruments.						

UNIT-IV	DIODE AND ITS CHARACTERISTICS						
PN JUNCTION Junction Dioc Rectifiers– fil	PN JUNCTION DIODE: Operation of PN junction Diode: forward bias and reverse bias, Characteristics of PN Junction Diode –Zener Effect –Zener Diode and its Characteristics. Rectifiers, Half wave, Full wave and bridge Rectifiers– filters capacitor, inductor-Voltage Regulation.						
UNIT-V	TRANSISTORS						
Bipolar Juncti BIASING AND bias circuit, ce	Bipolar Junction Transistor –CB,CE,CCC on figurations and Characteristics–Transistor Amplifier. TRANSISTOR BIASING AND STABILIZATION: Need for biasing, operating point, DC and AC load lines, stability factor, fixed bias circuit, collector to base bias circuit, self bias circuit.						
Text Books:							
1. Basic 2. Electi	<ol> <li>Basic Electrical Engineering by M.S.Naidu and S.Kamakshaiah TMH</li> <li>ElectronicDevicesandcircuitsbyJ.Millman,C.C.HalkiasandSatyabrataJit2ed.,</li> </ol>						
Reference Bo	ooks:						
1. MuthusubramanianR,SalivahananSandMuraleedharanKA,"BasicElectrical,ElectronicsandComputer Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, Second Edition,(2006).							
2. Nagsa	2. NagsarkarTKandSukhijaMS, "BasicsofElectricalEngineering", Oxfordpress (2005).						
3. Meht	3. Mehta V K, "Principles of Electronics", S.Chand& Company Ltd,(1994).						

		THEOR	Y OF N	ИАСН	INES - I					
IV Semester: N	MECHANIC	AL ENGINEERING								
Course C	ode	Category	Но	urs / V	Veek	Credits	Max	Maximum Marks		
			L	т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
A5ME1	13	PCC	3	1	0	4	30	70	100	
COURSE OVER V	IEW:							1 1		
This course will of principles of vari steering gear me	deal with kin ous mechan echanisms, g MES:	ematic analysis of mechanis isms, analysis of velocity and ears, gear trains, cams and f	ms and d accele ollower	machi eration rs.	nes. It co of differ	overs basic co ent mechani	oncepts and isms, study o	f		
The course shou 1. Synthesis basi 2. Compute velo 3. Analyse straig 4. Design the ge 5. Design cam pr	ld enable the c concepts a city and acce ht line and s ars and gear ofile for diff	e students to: nd principles of mechanisms eleration in different mecha teering gear mechanisms. r trains for transmission of m erent follower motions.	s for do nisms. notion.	ing use	eful work					
UNIT-I	INTRODU	JCTION								
Introduction: Ele constrained mot Degrees of freed double slider cra	ements or L ion – kinema dom, Gruble nk chains.	inks – Classification – Rigid atic chain – Mechanism-Mac r's Criterion, Grashof's law	l Link, f chine-St – inver	flexible ructur sion of	and flui e – Kleins f mechan	id link – Tyj s criteria, iism – invers	pes of kinem sions of four	iatic pairs bar chaii	s – Types of n, single and	
UNIT-II	VELOCIT	Y & ACCELERATION ANAL	YSIS							
Velocity in Mech on a link by relat Instantaneous Co theorem,Methoo Acceleration in N – Problems.	anisms: Rela ive velocity entre Methc doflocatingir Aechanisms:	ative Velocity Method- Relat method, Velocities in four ba od: Introduction, Velocity of Instantaneouscentres, Velocit Acceleration of a point on	ive velc ar and s a point iesinfou a link,	ocities single s on a lin urbaran Accele	of two bo lider crar nk, Types ndsingles eration in	odies moving nk mechanis of instantau lidercrankm nfour bar ar	g in straight li ms – Problen neous centre: echanisms–P nd single slid	ne, veloc ns. s, Kenned Problems. ercrank n	ity of a point ly's nechanisms	
UNIT-III	STRAIGHT LINE MOTION & STEERING GEAR MECHANISMS									
Straight line mot Mechanisms - Pa Steering gear m Ackerman's stee Problems.	ion mechan intograph. echanisms: ring gear me	isms: Types, Peaucellier, Har Introduction, Condition for o echanism. Hooke's joint: Sing	rt's, Sco correct gle and	ott Russ steerir double	el, Tchek ng, Davis Hooke's	oichef's, Wat Steering ges joint –veloo	tt's, Grasshop ar mechanisn city ratio – ap	oper and I n, oplication	Robert –	

UNIT-IV	GEARS & GEAR TRAINS
Friction v	I vheels and toothed gears – types – law of gearing, condition for constant velocity ratio for
transmiss	sion of motion, phenomena of interference, condition for minimum number of teeth to avoid interference,
expressio	ons for arc of contact, path of contact and contact ratio of pinion and gear.
Gear trai	ns: Introduction – Types – Simple, compound and reverted gear trains, Epicyclic gear train – Methods of finding
train valu	e or velocity ratio – Problems.
UNIT-V	CAMS
cycloidal	tion of motion of the follower for uniform velocity, simple harmonic motion, uniform acceleration and retardation, motion.
Text Boo	bks:
1.	Theory of Machines / S.S. Rattan /Tata McGraw-Hill Education
2.	Theory of Machines/Thomas Bevan/Pearson/ 3rdEdition
Referen	ce Books:
1	Kinematics and Dynamics of machinery/Robert L. Norton/Tata Mc Graw Hill
2	Mechanisms of machines / Cleghorn W.L. / Oxford University Press
3	Theory of Mechanism and Machines/Ghosh and Mallik/Affiliated East-West Pvt. Ltd.
4	Theory of Machines by R.S Khurmi& J.K Gupta, S.Chand Publications.

#### **THERMAL ENGINEERING -I** V Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING **Course Code** Hours / Week Credits **Maximum Marks** Category т CIF L Ρ С SFF Total A5ME14 PCC 3 0 0 3 30 70 100 **COURSE OVERVIEW:** This course will make students to understand principles of Internal combustion engines, study testing and performance of compressors.

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

UNIT-III

The course should enable the students to:

- 1. Demonstrate the basic Cycles and operation of IC engines.
- 2. Analyse the combustion process and also how it does affect the performance of the IC engines.
- 3. Describe procedures of testing and analyses the emission of IC engines.
- 4. Apply the modern developments and alternate fuels on IC engines.
- 5. Formulate and perform the maintenance and operation of Air compressors.

UNIT-I	<b>AIR STANDARD CYCLES AND IC ENGINES</b>

Air standard Cycles- Otto, Diesel and Dual cycle.

IC Engine- Classification, Working principle, Valve and Port Timing Diagrams. Comparison of Air Standard and Actual Cycles, Time Loss Factor, Less due to Rubbing Friction.

UNIT-II	COMBUSTION IN IC ENGINES

IC ENGINE TESTING AND EMISSION

Combustion in S.I. Engines: Normal Combustion and abnormal combustion, Importance of flame speed and effect of engine variables, Type of Abnormal combustion, pre-ignition and knocking.

Combustion in C.I. Engines: Four stages of combustion, Delay period and its importance, Effect of engine variables, Diesel Knock, Need for air movement.

Performance of IC Engines: Measurement and analysis of engine performance. Factors effecting efficiency. Variable speed, Air/Fuel ratio. Heat balance test.

Engine Emissions: SI and CI engine emissions, Harmful effects, Emissions measurement methods, methods for controlling engine emissions.

UNIT-IV	MODERN DEVELOPMENTS AND ALTERNATE FUELS
Super Charging,	Stratified charge engine, Dual-fuel engines, CRDI and HCCI concept, Hybrid and Electrical vehicle.

Alternate Fuels for IC Engines: Need for use of alternate fuels, Use of alcohol fuels, Biodiesel, Introduction to Battery system in electrical vehicle.

UNIT-V	AIR COMPRESSORS
Compress principle o	ors: Classification, positive displacement and roto dynamic machinery, Rotary blower, vane sealed compressor, f working, efficiency considerations.
Reciproca clearance	ting Air Compressors: Principle of operation, work required, Isothermal efficiency, volumetric efficiency, multi stage compression, under cooling, saving of work, minimum work condition for stage compression.
Text Boo	ks:
1. V. Gan	esan (2011), I.C. Engines, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, India.
2. R. K. Ra	put (2011), Thermal Engineering, 18th edition, Lakshmi Publications, New Delhi, India.
Referenc	e Books:
1.	Mathur, Sharma (2008), IC Engines, 3 rd edition, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi, India.
2.	Pulkrabek (2008), Engineering fundamentals of ICEngines, 2ndedition, Pears on Education, New Jersey
3.	Rudramoorthy(2003), Thermal Engineering, 5th edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, India.

# FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINES

#### **IV Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maxi	Maximum Marks		
A5ME15	PCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
		3	1	0	4	30	70	100	

#### COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course is introduced with the fundamentals of fluid mechanics such as fluid and fluid flow properties followed by the discussion on the behaviour of fluid at rest and in motion. Then, the basic principles of mass, momentum and energy are emphasized. The differential equations of continuity and momentum are developed and their applications are highlighted in flow measurements. At the end, the basics of turbo machinery are also covered to provide glimps on hydraulic machines which plays an important role in the conversion of hydraulic energy to mechanical energy and vice-versa.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

The course should enable the students to

- 1. Describe the basic principles of fluid mechanics.
- 2. Identify various types of flows and formulate their governing equations.
- 3. Analyze the losses in pipe flows with the concepts of flow through pipes.
- 4. Evaluate hydrodynamic forces of jet striking different vanes from various angles.
- 5. Design the working proportions of hydraulic turbines and pumps.

#### UNIT-I FLUID STATICS

**Fluid Statics**: Units and Dimensions, Properties of fluids: Mass Density,Specific weight, Specific Volume,Specific gravity, Viscosity, Surface tension and Capillarity, Vapour pressure and Cavitation.

**Pressure, Buoyancy and Floatation:**Pressure and its Measurements (Manometers).Buoyancy Forces, Buoyancy forces on submerged bodies. Floatation and stability of floating bodies.

# UNIT-II FLUID KINEMATICS

**Fluid Kinematics**: Methods to describe fluid motions, Types of fluid flow- steady and unsteady, uniform and nonuniform, laminar and turbulent, rotational and irrotational, One dimensional, Two dimensional and Three Dimensional. **Discharge and Continuity Equation:**Rate of Flow or Discharge. Stream line, path line, streak line and stream tube, basic principles of mass, momentum and energy, continuity equation for one, two and three dimensional flow, fluid acceleration.

### UNIT-III FLUID DYNAMICS AND FLOW THROUGH PIPES

**Fluid Dynamics**: Surface and body forces, equations of motion: Euler's and Bernoulli's equations, Dimensional analysis, Bernoulli's equation for incompressible fluids and its practical applications: Venturimeter, Orificemeter, Pitot tube, Momentum equation.

**Flow through Pipes**: Elementary turbulent flow (Reynolds's experiment), flow through pipes: head loses in pipes (Major losses & Minor losses). Head loss due to friction: Darcy Weisbach equation, Total Energy Line (TEL), Hydraulic Gradient Line (HGL), Pipes in series and parallel; Basic concepts of boundary layer and its Separation.

UNIT-IV	<b>BASICS OF TURBO MACHINERY</b>	
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**Basics of Turbo machinery:** Introduction, classification, hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving plates, flat, inclined and curved vanes.

Workdone and Efficiency: Jet striking centrally and at tip, velocity diagrams, work done and efficiency, flow over radial vanes.

# UNIT-V HYDRAULIC TURBINES AND PUMPS

**Hydraulic turbines**: Classification ofTurbines, Heads and efficiencies, Impulse and Reaction turbines, Pelton wheel, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine: working proportions, work done, efficiencies, draft tube theory, cavitation, surge tank, water hammer.

Hydraulic pumps: Classification, centrifugal and reciprocating pumps: working, work done, heads and efficiencies.

#### **Text Books:**

- Modi and Seth, Hydraulics, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machinery, Rajsons Publications, 20<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013.
- 2. YunusCengel, John Cimbala, Fluid Mechanics, McGraw Hill Education.
- **3.** S K Som, GautamBiswas and SumanChakraborty, Introduction to Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education.

- 1. Rajput, Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, S.Chand& Co, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1998.
- 2. Banga, Sharma, Hydraulic Machines, Khanna Publishers, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2001.
- 3. Dr. R. K. Bansal, A Text Book of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2015.

# **DESIGN OF MACHINE MEMBERS-I**

#### **IV Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	M	Maximum Marks		
AEME47	DCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
	FCC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	

#### **COURSE OVERVIEW** :

This course deals the systematic approach to design, standardization, design and manufacturing considerations, engineering materials properties and their selection, simple and compound stresses in machine elements, theories of failure under static and dynamic loading situations, Design of riveted joints, welded joints, bolted joints, keys and cotter joints, shafts, shaft couplings and springs.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

The course should enable the students to

- 1. Explain various types of design, various considerations for design and theories of failure.
- 2. Design riveted, welded and bolted joints.
- 3. Design keys, cotter and knuckle joints.
- 4. Design shafts and shaft couplings.
- 5. Design Mechanical Springs.

#### UNIT-I **INTRODUCTION & FATIGUE** Introduction: General considerations & Manufacturing considerations for design of machine elements, Mechanical properties of materials, Static theories of failure and preferred numbers. Fatigue: Types of Fatigue loading, S-N Curve - Endurance Limit, Factors effecting Endurance Limit, Stress Concentration - Theoretical stress concentration factor - Fatigue stress concentration factor - Notch sensitivity- Design for fluctuating stresses-endurance limit-Goodman line, Soderberg line and Gerber's Parabola. UNIT-II **DESIGN OF RIVTED, WELDED & BOLTED JOINTS** Riveted Joints: Cold riveting and hot riveting, types of riveted joints, terminology, methods of failure of riveted joints-strength equations-efficiency of riveted joints-eccentrically loaded riveted joints Welded Joints: Types, Advantages, Dis advantages, Design of fillet welds-axial loads-circular fillet welds subjected to torsion and bending. Design of bolts: Design of bolts with pre-stresses, bolts of uniform strength, bolted joints under eccentric loading. **UNIT-III DESIGN OF KEYS, COTTER& KNUCKLE JOINTS** Keys, Cotter& Knuckle Joints: Design of key-stresses in keys-cotter joints-spigot & socket, sleeve & cotter, Gib & cotter joints & Knuckle Joints. **UNIT-IV DESIGN OF SHAFTS & SHAFT COUPLINGS** Design of shafts: Design of solid & hollow shafts for strength & rigidity- Design of shafts for complex loads-shaft sizes-Design of shaft for Belt drives. Shaft couplings: Rigid couplings-Muff, split muff and flange couplings-Flexible couplings-PIN Bush couplings

# UNIT-V DESIGN OF MECHANICAL SPRINGS

**Mechanical Springs:** Stresses & Deflection of helical springs-extension of compression springs- springs for static & fatigue loading-natural frequency of helical springs- energy storage capacity-helical torsion springs

#### Text Books:

- 1. V. Bandari (2011), *A Text Book of Design of Machine Elements*, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Tata McGraw hill education (P) ltd, New Delhi, India.
- 2. R. L. Norton (2006), *Machine Design (An Integrated approach*), 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson Publishers, Chennai, India.

- 1. Shigley, J.E, (2011), *Mechanical Engineering Design*, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Dr.P.C Sharma, D.K Agarwal, Machine Design, S.K Kataria& Sons

# FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINERY LAB

#### IV Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code	Category	Но	ours / N	Neek	Credits Maximum			larks
		L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME16	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100

#### COURSE OVERVIEW :

This course will provide a basic understanding of calibration of flow measuring devices such as venturi meter, orifice meter, notches, water meter, rotameter etc used in channels and pipes and Losses in pipes by major and minor loss apparatus. Measurements of critical Performance parameters like efficiency, flow rate etc of various hydraulic machines such as turbines, pumps are also measured in this lab. Students can perform tests and find the flow rate of equipment like venturimeter, orifice meter, and notches and can calibrate them. Darcy's as well as Chezy's coefficient of friction for different pipes can be found out in pipe friction apparatus. Also students can find out the performance of centrifugal and reciprocating pumps.

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of course students are able to

- 1. Develop procedure for standardization of experiments.
- 2. Calibrate flow discharge measuring devices used in pipes.
- 3. Determine the major and minor losses in a given pipe.
- 4. Prove that the total head at any point along the fluid flow is same.
- 5. Test the performance of pumps and turbines.

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Impact of jets on Vanes.
- 2. Performance Test on Pelton Wheel.
- 3. Performance Test on Francis Turbine.
- 4. Performance Test on Kaplan Turbine.
- 5. Performance Test on Single Stage Centrifugal Pump.
- 6. Performance Test on Multi Stage Centrifugal Pump.
- 7. Performance Test on Reciprocating Pump.
- 8. Calibration of Venturimeter.
- 9. Calibration of Orifice meter.
- 10. Determination of friction factor for a given pipe line.
- 11. Determination of loss of head due to sudden contraction in a pipeline.

	E	BASIC ELECTRICAL AND	ELECT	RONI	CS ENG	INEERING	LAB			
IV Semester: N	<b>IECHAN</b>	NICAL ENGINEERING								
Course Co	de	Category	Но	ours / V	Veek	Credits	Credits     Maximum N       C     CIE     SEE       1     30     70		larks	
			L	Т	Ρ	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
A5EE71		ESC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100	
COURSE OUTCO	MES:									
At the end of cour	se, studer	nts can able to								
1.	To analyze	e basic concepts to electric c	ircuits							
2.	To apply e	electrical fundamentals to re	al time	applica	tions.					
3. To apply electronics components to electronics circuits.										
4. To create circuits containing basic electrical elements.										
5. To apply electrical and electronics engineering concepts to real time applications										
LIST OF EXPERIM	IENTS:									
Section-A										
1. Verification of K	CL and KV	′L.								
2. Magnetization of	haracteris	stics of D.C. Shunt generator								
3. Speed control o	f DC moto	or.								
4. Swinburne's Tes	st on DC sl	hunt machine.								
5. Brake test on D	C shunt m	otor.								
6. OC and SC tests	on Single	-phase transformer.								
7. Brake test on 3-	pnase ind	uction motor.	oo moth	od						
o. Regulation by al	allemat	or by synchronous impedant	le metn	100.						
Section-B										
1. PN Junction Dio	de Charac	teristics (Forward bias, Reve	erse bias	5)						
2. Transistor CE Ch	naracterist	tics (Input and Output)		,						
3. Study of CRO.										
4. Class A Power A	mplifier									
5. Zener Diode Cha	aracteristi	CS .								
6. Transistor CE Cr	haracterist									
7. Rectifier with Fi	lt Fillers (f Itors (Full	wave & half wave)								
o. Rectifier with th	iters (i uii	wave & nan wave).								
Note: Total 12 exp	eriments	are to be conducted.								
(Six experiments fi	rom PART	-A, Six experiments from PA	RT-B)							
Reference Books:										
1. Basic Electrical E	Engineerir	ng by M.S.Naidu and S.Kamal	kshaiah	TMH						
Electronic Devic	es and cire	cuits by J.Millman, C.C.Halkia	as and S	atyabra	ataJit 2e	d.,				

# **PYTHON LAB**

#### IV Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code	Category	ŀ	Hours / Week				Maxin	num Marks
		L	т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME40	PCC	1	0	2	2	30	70	100

#### COURSE OVERVIEW :

- 1. Understand the basics and function of Python Programming Language.
- 2. Understand the string operation and sequences used in Python Programming Languages.
- 3.Understand the data structures used in Python Programming Languages.
- 4. Know the classes and objects in Python Programming Language.
- 5.Use the reusability concepts in Python Programming Language.

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

The course should enable the students to

- 1. Apply conditional statement, loops condition and functions in python program
- 2. Solve mathematical and mechanical problems using python program
- 3. Plot various type of chart using python program
- 4. Analyze the mechanical problem using python program
- 5. Illustrate programs on various python libraries such asnumpy, pandas and matplotlib

### List of Python Programs

1. Write a program to find root of quadratic equation.

- 2. Write a program to find and delete repeating number in Given List.
- 3. Write a program to perform equations of uniform motion of kinematics :
  - i. v = u + at

ii.  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}(at^2)$ 

iii. v²= u²– 2as

Write a menu driven program to perform following properties of thermodynamics as given below:

 First Law of thermodynamics (U = Q - W), where ΔU is the change in the internal energy. Q is the heat added to the system, and W is the work done by the system.

ii. Efficiency of Heat Engine = (TH - TC) / TH where TH & TC is the temperature of HOT and COLD Reservoirs.

# 5. Write the menu program to find the relationship between stress and strain curve as given below:

i. Young's Modulus

ii. Shear Modulus

iii. Poisson Ratio

- 6. Write the program to determine the shear force and bending moment in beams.
- 7. Write a program to find maxima/minima of functions of two variables and evaluate some real

definite and finite integrals.

- 8. Write a Program to find out unknown magnitude of T<sub>B</sub> and T<sub>D</sub> of unknown tensions can be obtained from two scalar equations of equilibrium i.e. ΣFx = 0 and ΣFy =0.
- 9. Write a program to perform interpolation of equally and unequally spaced data.
- 10. Write a program to calculate total pressure exerted in ideal fluid as equation is given below:  $P+1/2(\rho v_2) + \rho gh = constant$

Where P is Pressure, V is Velocity of fluid,  $\rho$  is density and h is the height of the container.

- 11. Write a program to input and print the element sum of user defined matrix.
- 12. Write a program to input and multiply two different matrices.
- 13. Write a program to compute eigen value and vector of a given 3\*3 matrix using NumPy.
- 14. Write a program to find a solution of linear equations in y=mx+c
- 15. Write a program to draw line using equation y=mx+c
- 16. Write the program to determine the intersection point of two lines.
- 17. Draw various types of charts using matplotlib.
- 18. Write a program to find numerical differentiation using Finite differences Method by Importing NumPy and plot the numerical values using matplotlib libraries of python.
- 19. Write a program for bresenham's line drawing algorithm.
- 20. Write a program for geometric transformation of a given object.

# III B.TECH I SEMESTER SYLLABUS

METROLOGY AND MACHINE TOOLS										
III B. TECH I Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Но	urs/We	ek	Credits	Max	kimum M	larks		
A 5MF19	РСС	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
ASMEI)		3	0	0	3	30	70	100		

# **COURSEOVERVIEW:**

Thiscourseisintroducedtoimpartknowledgeofmetalcuttingprinciplesandtheirapplicationtovariousmachi ningprocesses, concepts of limits, fits and tolerances, measurement and control.

# **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student would be able to

- 1. Identify techniques to minimize the errors in measurement.
- 2. Demonstrate methods and devices for measurement of length, angle, gear & thread parameters, surface roughness and geometric features of parts.
- 3. Explain working of lathe, shaper, planer, drilling, milling and grinding machines.
- 4. Comprehend speed and feed mechanisms of machine tools.
- 5. Estimate machining times for machining operations on machine tools.

## UNIT-I

# LINEAR AND ANGULAR MEASUREMENTS

Limits, fits and tolerances- Unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft basis system. Interchangeability and selective assembly. Limit Gauges: Taylor's principle, Design of GO and NO-GO gauges Measurement of angles, Bevel protractor, and Sine bar. Measurements by using auto collimator.

### UNIT-II

### SURFACE ROUGHNESS MEASUREMENT

Roughness, Waviness. CLA, RMS, Rz Values. Methods of measurement of surface finish, Talysurf. Screw thread measurement, Gear measurement; Machine Tool Alignment Tests on lathe, milling and drilling machines. Coordinate Measuring Machines: Types and Applications of CMM.

### UNIT-III

# METAL CUTTING & LATHE MACHINES

Metal cutting: Introduction, elements of cutting process – Geometry of single point tools. Merchants Circle Diagram and cutting forces, Chip formation and types of chips. Engine lathe – Principle of working, types of lathes, specifications. Taper turning, – Lathe attachments. Capstan and Turret lathe – Single spindle and multi-spindle automatic lathes

UNIT-IV

# DRILLING AND BORING MACHINES

Drilling and Boring Machines – Principles of working, specifications, types, operations performed; twist drill. Types of Boring machines and applications. Shaping, slotting and planing machines – Principles of working – machining time calculations; Work Holding Devices-Jigs and Fixtures, Types and applications.

# UNIT-V MILLING & GRINDING MACHINES

Milling machines – Principles of working – Types of milling machines – Geometry of milling cutters methods of indexing. Grinding – theory of grinding – classification of grinding machines. Types of abrasives, bonds. Selection of a grinding wheel. Lapping, honing and broaching machines, comparison and Constructional features, machining time calculations

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Machine Tool Practices/ Kibbe, Johne. Neely, T. White, Rolando O. Meyer/ Pearson
- 2. Fundamentals of Metal Machining and Machine Tools / Geoffrey Boothroyd / McGraw Hill.
- 3. A Text Book of Metrology/M.Mahajan/Danpat Rai

- 1. Principles of Machine Tools, Bhattacharyya A and Sen. G.C / New Central Book Agency.
- 2. Fundamentals of Dimensional Metrology / Connie Dotson / Thomson
- 3. Metrology & Measurements Bewoor & Anand Kapoor

THERMAL ENGINEERING - II											
III B. TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING											
Course Code	Category	Ho	urs/Wee	k	Credits	М	laximum l	Marks			
A 51/1E 21	DCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total			
<b>ASWIE21 PCC</b> 3 0 0 3 30 70 1											

### **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

The primary focus of this course is on application of laws of Thermodynamics to analyse steam and gas turbine cycles. It also emphasizes on analysis of the major components of steam and gas turbine plants and their applications

### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The course should enable the students to:

- To understand the basic concepts of thermodynamics.
- To comprehend laws of thermodynamics and apply it to the related processes.
- Perform thermal analysis on behaviour and performance of systems.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate the Rankine cycle and apply thermodynamic concepts on boilers.
- 2. Figure out the types and applications of steam nozzles and condensers.
- 3. Classify the steam turbines and describe it's working.
- 4. Explain the working of gas turbines and analyse the performance.
- 5. Demonstrate the principles of operation of refrigeration and Air- conditioning systems.

# UNIT-I BASIC CONCEPTS AND BOILERS

**Basic Concepts:** Rankine cycle - Schematic layout, Thermodynamic Analysis, Concept of Mean Temperature of Heat addition, Methods to improve cycle performance – Regeneration & reheating-Cycles.

**Boilers:** Classification – Working principles with sketches including H.P. Boilers – Mountings and Accessories – Working principles- Boiler horse power, Equivalent Evaporation, Efficiency and Heat balance.

# UNIT-II STEAM NOZZLES & STEAM CONDENSORS

**Steam Nozzles:** Stagnation Properties- Function of nozzle – Applications and Types- Flow through nozzles, Thermodynamic analysis – Assumptions -Velocity of nozzle at exit-Ideal and actual expansion in nozzle- Velocity coefficient- Condition for maximum discharge- Critical pressure ratio-Criteria to decide nozzle shape.

**Steam Condensers:** Requirements of steam condensing plant, Classification of condensers, working principle of different types, vacuum efficiency and condenser efficiency, air leakage, sources and its affects, air pump, cooling water requirement

# UNIT-III STEAM TURBINES

**Impulse turbine:** Mechanical details, Velocity diagram, effect of friction, power developed, axial thrust, blade or diagram efficiency, condition for maximum efficiency. De-Laval Turbine - its features. Methods to reduce rotor speed-Velocity compounding and pressure compounding, Velocity and Pressure variation along the flow.

**Reaction Turbine:** Mechanical details, principle of operation, thermodynamic analysis of a stage, degree of reaction, velocity diagram, Parson's reaction turbine, condition for maximum efficiency.

# UNIT-IV GAS TURBINES

Simple gas turbine plant, Ideal cycle, essential components, parameters of performance, actual cycle, regeneration, inter cooling and reheating, Closed and Semi-closed cycles, merits and demerits, Combustion chambers and turbines of Gas Turbine Plant- Brief Concepts.

# UNIT-V REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITONING

Refrigeration: Reversed Carnot cycle – Performance Evaluation – Vapour Compression Cycle, Vapour absorption cycle – mechanical details, working principles, use of P-H charts for calculations.

Air- Conditioning: Introduction, classification and working principles of air-conditioning systems, requirements, schematic layout of a typical plant.

**Text Books:** 

1. R. K. Rajput, Thermal Engineering, 18th edition, Lakshmi Publications, New Delhi, India.

- 2. V. Ganesan, Gas Turbines, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill education (P) Ltd, New Delhi, India.
- 3. CP Arora, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning, TMH.

- 1. P.L. Ballaney, 1966, Thermal Engineering, 25 edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, India
- 2. Cohen, Rogers, Saravana Muttoo, 2011, Gas Turbines, 9th edition, Addison Wesley Longman, New Delhi, India.
- 3. R. Yadav, 2011, Thermodynamics and Heat Engines, 7th Edition, Central Book Depot, Allahabad, India.

<b>THEORY OF MACHINES - II</b>										
III B. TECH I Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category Hours/Week Credits Maximum Marks									
A 5MF23	PCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
3         1         0         4         30         70         100										

#### **COURSEOVERVIEW:**

This course is intended to deal with the forces and their effects, while acting upon the machine parts in motion. The knowledge of this subject is very essential for an engineer in designing the various parts of a machine. Study of gyroscopes is very much helpful to learn the precession and stability of moving vehicle such as aircrafts, Naval ships and automobiles. This course helps to analyse and evaluate the force and torques that causes of motions in mechanisms. It provides knowledge on clutches, brakes and dynamometers, balancing of machines and application of vibrations

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completing this course, the student must:

- 1. Analyse the effect of gyroscopic couples on the stability of aeroplane, naval ship and automobiles moving in a curved path and Static and dynamic analysis of 4-link mechanism.
- 2. Analyse the frictional forces and torques transmitted by various components such as clutches, brakes and dynamometers.
- 3. Demonstrate governing systems that control the speed of engines using the inertia phenomena and centrifugal forces and analyse different types of governors.
- 4. Find the position and magnitude of unbalanced masses for rotating and reciprocating parts of the engine
- 5. Determine frequency of various machine members subjected to free and forced vibrations.

UNIT-I	PRECESSION, GYROSCOPE, STATIC & DYNAMIC FORCE ANALYSIS
Precession:	Gyroscopes – effect of precession – motion on the stability of moving vehicles such as
motorcycle	– motorcar – aeroplanes and ships.
Static and	Dynamic Force Analysis: Static force analysis of planar mechanisms - Analytical
Method –I	D'Alembert's principle, Dynamic Analysis of 4-link mechanism, Single Slider Crank
Mechanism	1.
UNIT-II	FRICTION, BRAKES & DYNAMOMETERS

Friction: Pivots and collars – uniform pressure, uniform wear – friction circle and friction axis: lubricated surfaces – boundary friction – film lubrication. Clutches – Types – Single plate, multiplate, cone and centrifugal clutches.

Brakes and Dynamometers: Types of brakes: Simple block brake, band and block brake-internal expanding shoe brake - effect of braking of a vehicle. Dynamometers – absorption and transmission types.

### UNIT-III TURNING MOMENT DIAGRAM AND FLYWHEELS, GOVERNORS

Turning Moment Diagram and Flywheels: Engine Force Analysis – Piston Effort, Crank Effort, etc., Inertia Force in Reciprocating Engine – Graphical Method - Turning moment diagram – fluctuation of energy – flywheels and their design - Inertia of connecting rod- inertia force in reciprocating engines – crank effort and torque diagrams.

Governors: Types of governors - Watt, Porter and Proell governors. Spring loaded governors - Hartnell and Hartung with auxiliary springs. Sensitiveness, isochronisms and hunting – stability of governors.

### UNIT-IV BALANCING

Balancing of rotating masses- Analytical and graphical methods.

Balancing of reciprocating masses- Primary, Secondary, and higher balancing. Examination of multi cylinder-in-line engines for primary and secondary balancing- locomotive balancing – Hammer blow – Swaying couple – variation of tractive effort.

# UNIT-V VIBRATIONS

Vibrations: Types of vibratory motion, types of free vibrations, natural frequency of free longitudinal and transverse vibrations– natural frequency of free transverse vibrations over a simply supported shaft and fixed shaft due to concentrated and distributed loads. Critical or whirling speed of a shaft–Natural frequency of torsional vibrations of one, two and three rotor systems.

### **Text Books:**

Theory of Machines / S.S. Rattan/ Tata McGraw-Hill education.

Theory of Machines/ Sadhu Singh/ Pearson

#### **Reference Books:**

Mechanism and Machine Theoryby JS Rao and RV Duggipati, New Age International Publishers. Theory of Machines by Shigley, Mc Graw Hill Publishers. Theory of Machines by Thomas Bevan, CBS Publishers

DESIGN OF MACHINE MEMBERS-II											
III B. TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING											
Course Coo	de	Category	Ho	ours/We	eek	Credits	Max	imum I	Marks		
A5ME24		РСС	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
			3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
<ul> <li>COURSE OVERVIEW:</li> <li>The Design of machine members-II focus mainly on design of power transmitting elements like gears, Connecting rod, crankpin, crankshafts, pistons, cylinders, bearings, belts, ropes, chain's, pulleys, Power Screws and nuts.</li> <li>COURSE OUT COMES:</li> <li>After completing this course, the student must: <ol> <li>Identify design variables and performance factors in the study of journal bearings</li> <li>Apply the basic principles for design of piston, connecting rod and crankshaft based on maximum bending and twisting moments</li> <li>Design screws that are applied in hosting of heavy weights like screw jack etc.</li> <li>Explain power transmission elements like belts, chains and ropes and able to design on stress criteria.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Apply the design concepts to evaluate the strength of the gear.</li> </ul>											
UNIT-I B	EARI	NGS									
Types of Journ bearings – Cle design – Ball an	nal bea arance nd rolle	rings – lubrication – ratio – Heat dissipat er bearings – Static loa	Beari tion of ding o	ng mo f bearin f ball a	dulus ngs, be nd roll	–Full and earing ma ler bearing	partial terials - gs, beari	bearing – journa ng life.	gs, Partial al bearing		
UNIT-II E	NGIN	E PARTS									
Connecting rod: Thrust in connecting rod – stress due to whipping action on connecting rod ends – Cranks and Crank shafts, strength and proportions of over hung and center cranks-Crank pins, Crank shafts. Pistons, Forces acting on piston-Construction Design and proportions of piston, Cylinder, Cylinder liners.											
UNIT-III P	OWE	R SCREWS									
Types of screw threads for power screws, Torque required to raise and lower the loads by square threaded screws, Efficiency of square threaded screws, Overhauling and self locking, Acme threads, Stresses in power screws, Design of screw jack.											
UNIT-IV B	BELTS	& PULLEYS									

 Transmission of power by Belt and Rope drives, Transmission efficiencies, Belts-Flat and V types-Ropes- Pullys for belt and rope drives, Materials, Chain drives.

 UNIT-V
 GEARS

 Spur gears-Helical gears-Load concentration factor-Dynamic load factor, Surface compressive strength, Bending strength- Design analysis of spur gears-Estimation of centre distance, module and face width, check for plastic deformation, check for dynamic and wear considerations.

 Text Books:

 1.
 V.Bandari (2011), A Text Book of Design of Machine Elements,3rd edition, Tata McGraw hill education(P) Ltd. New Delhi, India.

 2.
 R.L.Nortor(2006),Machine Design(An Integrated approach), 2nd edition, Pearson Publishers, Chennai, India.

 Reference Books:

 1.
 A Text book of Machine Design by R.S.Khurmi

 2.
 S.MD.Jalaludin,(2011),Machine Design,3rd Edition, Anuradha Publishers, Chennai,India.

- 2. S.MD.Jalahudhi, (2011), Machine Design, Sid Edition, Anuradha Publishers, Chennai, Indi
- 3. P.Kannaiah(2012), ,2nd Edition, Scitech Publications,India Pvt.Ltd.New Delhi,India.

	METROLOGY AND MACHINE TOOLS LAB										
III B. TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING											
Course Code	Category	Ho	ours/W	Veek	Credits	Maxi	mum N	Aarks			
A 5ME20	РСС	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total			
A3111220	ree	0	0	2	1	30	70	100			

### **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

This course intends to understand the concepts of metrology and machine tools and to get practical exposure to the metrology equipment & Machine tools.

# **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course, students are able to:

- 1. Understand the cutting tool geometry, mechanism of chip formation and mechanics of orthogonal cutting.
- 2. Identify basic parts and operations of lathe, shaper, planer, drilling, boring, milling and grinding machines.
- 3. Select a machining operation and corresponding machine tool for a specific application in real time.
- 4. Perform various machining operations such as turning, threading, drilling, boring, shaping etc.
- 5. Inspect the dimensional and geometric features of a given component by selecting proper measuring instrument.

# LISTOFEXPERIMENTS

# A. METROLOGY

- 1. Measurement of length, height, diameter by vernier callipers and vernier height guage.
- 2. Use of gear tooth vernier callipers and checking the chordal thickness of spur gear.
- 3. Angle and taper measurements by bevel protractor, Sine bars, etc.
- 4. Thread measurement by two wire/ three wire method & tool makers microscope.
- 5. Measurement of length, diameter, depth and bore diameter by using micrometer (inside and outside) and dial bore indicator.

### **B. MACHINE TOOLS**

- 1. Step turning, taper turning and Knurling operations on lathe machine
- 2. Thread cutting and Boring operations on -lathe machine.

- 3. Drilling and tapping by drilling Machine
- 4. Shaping and planning
- 5. Slotting and Milling operations
- 6. Cylindrical and Surface grinding
- 7. Grinding of tool angles.

THRMAL ENGINEERING LAB												
III B.TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING												
<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Н	ours/W	'eek	Credits	N	/Iaximum N	Marks				
A5ME22	PCC	L	Total									
		0	0	2	1	30	70	100				
COURSE OUTCOMES: At the conclusion of the course, students will be able to, 1. Illustrate the Valve timing and port timing diagrams of CI & SI Engines.												
<ol> <li>Hustrate the v</li> <li>Examine the ne</li> </ol>	arto tining and	motors	of inter	nal comb	ustion and	inos						
2. Examine the pe	st holonoo shoo	t in on i	of filler		ion oncine	mes.						
3. Examine the heat balance sheet in an internal combustion engine												
4. Plot the perform	nance character	istics of	recipro	ocating a	ir compres	sor.						
LIST OF EXPERIM	ENTS:	D'										
1.I.C.Engines2.I.C.Engines	Port Timing	Diagram	m									
3. I.C.Engines	Performance T	Cest 4-St	roke D	iesel Eng	ine							
4. I.C.Engines	Performance T	est 4-St	roke Pe	etrol Eng	ine							
5. I.C.Engines	Performance T	Test 2- S	troke P	etrol Eng	gine							
6. Morse test of	on Multi cylind	er Petro	1									
7. I.C.Engines	Heat Balance											
8. I.C.Engines	Air/Fuel Ratio	and Vo	olumetr	ic Efficie	ency							
9. Performance Test on Variable Compression Ratio Engine												
10. Performance Test on Reciprocating Air–Compressor Unit												
11. Dis-assembly/ Assembly of Engines												
12. Study of Boilers												
Ĵ												

ADV	ADVANCED ENGLISH COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB											
III B. TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING												
Course Code	Category	He	ours / W	eek	Credits	1	Maximum M	larks				
A 511504 L T P C CIE SEE Total												
ASHS04 HSMC 0 0 2 1 30 70 100												

### **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

The English Language Lab is considered essential at Third year level. At this stage the students need to prepare themselves for their careers which may require them to listen to, read, speak and write in English both for their professional and interpersonal communication in the globalized context. The proposed course should be an integrated theory and lab course to enable students to use 'good' English and perform the following: Gather ideas and information, to organize ideas relevantly and coherently, engage in debates. participate in group discussions, face interviews, write project/research reports/technical reports, make oral presentations, write formal letters, transfer information from non-verbal to verbal texts and vice versa and to take part in social and professional communication.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### At the conclusion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Organize the ideas coherently from the text.
- 2. Participate in debates, group discussions.
- 3. Write project/research reports/technical reports/formal letters.
- 4. Make oral presentations.

### SYLLABUS

The following course content to conduct the activities is prescribed for the Advanced Communication Skills (ACS) Lab

Week -1 Activities on Fundamentals of Inter-personal Communication

Starting a conversation - responding appropriately and relevantly - using the right body language - Role Play in different situations & Discourse Skills- using visuals.

### Week -2 Activities on Building Vocabulary

Synonyms and antonyms, word roots, one-word substitutes, prefixes and suffixes, study of word origin, business vocabulary, analogy, idioms and phrases, collocations & usage of vocabulary.

Week -3 Activities on Reading Comprehension

General Vs Local Comprehension, reading for facts, guessing meanings from context, Scanning and Skimming.

Week -4 Activities on Reading for Specific Purposes

Inferring	meaning.	Critical	reading	&	Effective	goggling.
- 0						0.00 0.

Week-5 Activities on Writing Skills- Technical Reports

Structure and presentation of different types of writing - letter writing/ Resume writing/ e-correspondence.

Week-6 Activities on Writing Skills

Technical report writing/ Portfolio writing - planning for writing - improving one's writing.

Week- 7 Activities on Presentation Skills

Oral presentations (individual and group) through JAM sessions and Seminars.

Week- 8 Activities on Presentation Skills Using ICT

PPTs and written presentations through posters/ projects/ reports/ e-mails/ assignments etc.

Week- 9 Activities on Group Discussion

Dynamics of group discussion, intervention, summarizing, modulation of voice, body language, relevance, fluency and organization of ideas and rubrics for evaluation- Concept and process.

Week-10 Interview Skills

Pre-interview planning, opening strategies, answering strategies, interview through tele-conference & video-conferencing and Mock Interviews.

Books

- 1. Raman, M & Sharma, S. (2009). Technical Communication. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Rani. S. (2011). Advanced Communication Skills Laboratory Manual. Pearson Education.
- 3. Anderson, V. (2007). Technical Communication. Cengage Learning pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Kelly M. Quintanilla & Shawn T. Wahl. (2011). Business and Professional Communication: Keys for Workplace Excellence. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications.
- 5. Stev. D & David T. Mc Mahan. (2012). The Basics of Communication: A Relational Perspective. Sage South Asia Edition. Sage Publications.
- 6. Mc Murrey. D & Buckley. J. (2012). Handbook for Technical Communication Cengage Learning.
- 7. Sen. L. (2009). Communication Skills. PHI Learning Pvt Ltd.
- Vishvamohan, A. (2009). English for Technical Communication for Engineering Students. Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 9. Books on TOFEL/ GRE/ GMAT/ CAT/ IELTS by Barron's/ DELTA/ Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Tomalin, B & Thomas, B. (2009). International English for Call Centers. Macmillan Publishers.

HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS									
III B. TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Hours/Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			
A5MC05	МС	L	Т	Р	C	CIE	SEE	Total	
		2	0	0	0	30	70	100	
2       0       0       30       70       100         COURSEOVERVIEW:         The students will understand the importance of Values and Ethics in their personal lives and professional careers. The students will learn the rights and responsibilities as an employee, team member and a global citizen.         COURSEOUTCOMES:         1.       Practice the moral values that ought to guide the Engineering profession.         2.       Discover of the set of justified moral principles of obligation, ideals that ought to be endorsed by the engineers and apply them to concrete situations         3.       Justify the need for protection of human rights and to know about concept of women empowerment         4.       Appreciate the Ethical issues and know the code of ethics adopted in various professional body's and industries         5.       Know the successful functioning of democracy in India         UNIT-1       INTRODUCTION         Need, basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education: Understanding the need, basic guidelines, content and process for Value Education - what is it? - its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation - as the mechanism for self-exploration. Continuous Happiness and Prosperity - A look at basic Human Aspirations. Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities - the basic requirements for fulfillment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority. Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly - A critical appraisal of the current scenario. Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and livi									
UNIT II UNDERSTANDING HARMONY IN THE HUMAN BEING - HARMONY IN MYSELF!									
Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient T' and the material 'Body'.									
Understanding the needs of Self (T) and 'Body' - Sukh and Suvidha. Understanding the Body as									
Body: Sanyam and Swasthya: correct appraisal of Physical needs meaning of Prosperity in detail									
Programs to ensure Sanyam and Swasthya.									
UNIT III UNDERSTANDING HARMONY IN THE FAMILY AND SOCIETY - HARMONY IN HUMAN - HUMAN RELATIONSHIP									

Understanding harmony in the Family the basic unit of human interaction. Understanding values in human - human relationship; meaning of Nyaya and program for its fulfilment to ensure Ubhaytripti; Trust (Vishwas) and Respect (Samman) as the foundational values of relationship. Understanding the meaning of Vishwas; Difference between intention and competence. Understanding the meaning of Samman, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship. Understanding the harmony in the society ( society being an extension of family): Samadhan, Samridhi, Abhay, Sah-astiva as comprehensive Human Goals. Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society - Undivided Society ( Akhand Samaj), Universal Order ( Sarvabhaum Vyawastha) - from family to world family!

# UNIT IV UNDERSTANDING HARMONY IN THE NATURE AND EXISTENCE - WHOLE EXISTENCE AS CO-EXISTENCE

Understanding the harmony in the Nature. Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature - recyclability and self-regulation in nature. Understanding Existence as Co-existence (Sah-astiva) of mutually interacting units in all-pervasive space. Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.

### UNIT V IMPLICATIONS OF THE ABOVE HOLISTIC UNDERSTANDING OF HARMONY ON PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

Natural acceptance of human values, Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct, Basic for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order. Competence in professional ethics:

- A. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order
- B. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people-friendly and eco-friendly production systems,
- C. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems.
- D. Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems. Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order.
- E. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers
- F. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations.

### **Text Books:**

- 1. R. R. Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, 2009, A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics.
- 2. Prof. K. V. Subba Raju, 2013, Success Secrets for Engineering Students, Smart Student Publications, 3rd Edition.

- 1. Ivan IIIich, 1974, Energy & Equity, The Trinity Press, Worcester, and HarperCollins, USA
- 2. E. F. Schumancher, 1973, Small is Beautiful: a study of economics as if people mattered. Blond & Briggs, Britain.
- 3. A Nagraj, 1998 Jeevan Vidya ek Parichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.
- 4. Sussan George, 1976, How the Other Half Dies, Penguin Press, Reprinted 1986, 1991.
- 5. P. L. Dhar, R. R. Gaur, 1990, Science and Humanism, Commonwealth Publishers.

- 6. A. N. Tripathy, 2003, Human Values, New Age International Publishers.
- 7. Subhas Palekar, 2000, How to practice Natural Farming, Pracheen(Vaidik) Krishi Tantra Shodh, Amravati.
- 8. Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, 1972, Limits to Growth Club of Rome's report, Universe Books.
- 9. E G Seebauer & Robert L.Berry, 2000, Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists & Engineers, Oxford University Press.
- 10. M Govindrajan, S Natrajan & V. S Senthil kumar, Engineering Ethics (including Humna Values), Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd.

# III B.TECH II SEMESTER SYLLABUS

CAD/CAM									
III B. TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
<b>Course Code</b>	Category	Hours/Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			
A5ME26	РСС	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
<b>COURSEOVERVIEW:</b> This course will provide an overview of how computers are being used in design, development of									
manufacturing plans and manufacture. It covers various concepts of CAD/CAM such as geometric									
modelling, NC control	modelling, NC control, NC part programming, group technology etc.								
COURSEOUTCOM	COURSEOUTCOMES:								
1. Demonstrate basic concepts of computer hard ware and software connected to CAD.									
2. Explain wire frame modeling, surface modeling and solid modeling.									
3. Discuss about f	3. Discuss about NC, CNC, DNC, adaptive control systems, apt language, group technology and								
develop UNU programs.									
and computer added process planning and computer added manufacturing resource planning.									
5. Explain concep	ts of computer aided qu	ality c	ontrol a	and con	mputer int	egrated	manufa	cturing.	
UNIT-I INTRO	DUCTION					_			
Fundamentals of CAD, CAM, Automation, design process, Application of computers for design, Benefits of									
CAD, Computer confi	guration for CAD applic	ations,	Comput	er perij	pherals for	CAD, D	Design w	orkstation,	
Graphic terminal, CAD software- definition of system software and application software, CAD database									
and structure. Product Design and CAD- Comparison, benefits of using CAD in product design and product development evelo									
UNIT II GEOM	UNIT II GEOMETRIC MODELING								
Introduction, <b>Wire frame modelling:</b> Definition, advantages, dis-advantages, wire frame entities-									
analytic entities and synthetic entities. Surface modelling: Definition, advantages, dis-									
constructive solid geometry advantages modelling entities									
<b>Curve representation:</b> Implicit and explicit forms of straight line, circle, ellipse, cubic spline and									
bezier curve, differences between bezier curve and, cubic spline curve.									
UNIT III NC CONTROL & GROUP TECHNOLOGY									
NC Control: Introduction, Elements of NC system, NC part programming: Methods of NC part									
programming, manual part programming, Computer assisted part programming, Post Processor,									
Computerized part program. CNC, DNC and Adaptive Control Systems, APT language									
Group Technology: Part families, Parts classification and coding. Production flow analysis, Machine call design using rank order cluster technique.									
Machine cell design using rank order cluster technique.									
#### UNIT IV COMPUTER AIDED PROCESS PLANNING & COMPUTER AIDED MANUFATURING

**Computer aided process planning:** Difficulties in traditional process planning, Computer aided process planning: retrieval type and generative type.

**Computer aided manufacturing:** Material resource planning, inputs to MRP, MRP output records, Benefits of MRP, Enterprise resource planning, Capacity requirements planning

UNIT V COMPUTER AIDED QUALITY CONTROL AND CIM

**Computer aided quality control:** Automated inspection- Off-line, On-line, contact, Non-contact; Coordinate measuring machines, Machine vision, integration of CAQC with CAD/CAM.

**Computer Integrated Manufacturing:** Types of systems in CIM, human labour in the manufacturing systems, CIM advantages and disadvantages.

**Text Books:** 

- 1. CAD/CAM Principles and Applications by P.N.Rao, TMH
- 2. CAD/CAM by Groover M.P., Pearson education

- 1. CAD/CAM Theory and Practice,/ Ibrahim Zeid,TMH
- 2. CAD/CAM/CIMby Radhakrishnan and Subramanian, New Age
- 3. CAD/CAM Concepts and Applications by Alavala, PHI
- 4. Principles of Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing by Farid Amirouche, Pearson
- 5. Computer Numerical Control Concepts and programming by Warren S Seames, Thomson.

	H	IEAT 1	RAN	SFER				
III B. TECH II Sem	ester: MECHANI	ICAL E	ENGIN	IEERIN	NG			
Course Code	Category         Hours / Week         Credits         Maximum Marks							
A 5ME29	PCC	L T P			С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASIVIE20	rcc	3 0 0		0	3	30	70	100
COURSE OVERVII	EW:		•					
This course will provi	ide knowledge abo	ut appl	ication	of cond	duction, con	nvection	and radia	tion
heat transfer concepts	heat transfer concepts to different practical applications.							
COURSE OUTCOMES:								
1 Demonstrate the basic modes of heat transfer and compute temperature distribution on study								

- and unsteady state heat conduction.2 Analyse the heat transfer through variable thermal conductivity, system with heat generation and extended surfaces.
- 3 Interpret and analyse the free and forced convection heat transfer.
- 4 Comprehend the concepts of Boiling, Condensation and Heat exchangers.
- 5 Explain the principles of radiation heat transfer and apply the radiation laws on black and gray bodies..

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Modes and mechanisms of heat transfer, Basic laws of heat transfer, Applications of heat transfer. Fourier Law of conduction, general heat conduction equations in Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates. Different forms of the field equation, steady, unsteady and periodic heat transfer – Initial and boundary conditions.

## UNIT-II ONE DIMENSIONAL HEAT CONDUCTION

Heat transfer through homogeneous slabs, hollow cylinders and spheres, Overall heat transfer coefficient, Electrical analogy and Critical radius of insulation. Systems with internal heat generation. Extended surfaces (Fins), Long, Short and insulated tips. Significance of Biot and Fourier Numbers, Chart solutions of transient conduction systems

## UNIT-III CONVECTION

CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER: Concepts of Continuity, Momentum and Energy Equations. Dimensional analysis-Buckingham's Pi Theorem - Application for developing non-dimensional correlation for convective heat transfer.

FORCED CONVECTION: External Flows, Concepts of hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layer and use of empirical correlations for Flat plates and Cylinders. Internal Flows, Concepts about Hydrodynamic and Thermal Entry Lengths, use of empirical correlations for Horizontal Pipe Flow and annulus flow. FREE CONVECTION: Development of Hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layer along a vertical plate, Use of empirical relations for Vertical plates and pipes.

UNIT-IV BOILING & CONDENSATION, HEAT EXCHANGERS

BOILING & CONDENSATION: Regimes of Pool boiling and Flow boiling, Critical heat flux, Calculations on Nucleate Boiling. Film wise and drop wise condensation, Nusselt's theory of condensation on a vertical plate - Film condensation on vertical and horizontal cylinders using empirical correlations.

HEAT EXCHANGERS: Classification of heat exchangers, overall heat transfer Coefficient and fouling factor, Concepts of LMTD and NTU methods, Problems using LMTD and NTU methods.

# UNIT-V RADIATION HEAT TRANSFER

Emission characteristics, Laws of black-body radiation, Irradiation, Total and monochromatic quantities, Laws of Planck, Wien, Kirchhoff, Lambert, Stefan and Boltzmann, Heat exchange between two black bodies, concepts of shape factor, Emissivity, heat exchange between grey bodies, radiation shields.

**Text Books:** 

1. Yunus A. Cengel (2012), Heat Transfer a Practical Approach, 4th edition, Tata McGraw hill education (P) Ltd, New Delhi, India.

2. R. C. Sachdeva (2012), Fundamentals of Engineering, Heat and Man Transfer, 3rd edition, New Age, New Delhi, India.

# **Reference Books:**

1. Holman (2012), Heat Transfer (SI Units), 10th edition, Tata McGraw hill education (P) Ltd, New Delhi, India.

2. P. S. Ghoshdastidar (2012), Heat Transfer, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, India.

3. Incropera, Dewitt (2012), Fundamentals of Heat Transfer, 6th edition, John Wiley, UK.

AUTOMATION IN MANUFACTURING								
III B. TECH II S	emester: MECH	ANICA	AL EN	IGINI	EERING			
Course Code	Catagory	Hours / Week Credits		Crodits	Maximum Marks			
Course Coue	Category	L	Т	Р	Creans	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME30	PCC	3 0 0		3	30	70	100	

#### **Course Overview:**

This course is useful to impart knowledge of different types of automation and production system used in industries. Understand the basic concept of the automated material handling system AGV, AS/RS and also to learn concepts of Group technology, Cellular manufacturing, Automated assembly and inspection.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

#### By studying this course, the student should be able to:

1. Recognize the steps involved in the process of automation and different types of automations systems used by industry.

2. Get exposure on workstation, Worker-and-machine combinations, and work transport system used in an automated industry.

3. Understand the various types of automated material handling equipment used for transport and storage in a factory.

4. Know the design, layout and benefits of Cellular & Flexible manufacturing systems.

5. Apply quantitative analysis to assembly and also can know the facts about Lean manufacturing and JIT.

# UNIT I INTRODUCTION

**Introduction to Automation:** Automation in Production Systems-Automated Manufacturing Systems, Computerized Manufacturing Support Systems, Reasons for Automation, Automation Principles and Strategies. Manufacturing operations, Production Concepts and Mathematical Models. Costs of Manufacturing Operations, Basic Elements of an Automated Systems, Advanced Automation Functions, Levels of automation.

UNIT II AUTOMATED FLOW LINES & LINE BALANCING

Automated Flow Lines: General terminology, Analysis of Transfer Lines with no Internal Storage, Analysis of Transfer lines with Storage Buffers.

Line Balancing: line balancing methods, ways of improving line balance

UNIT III AUTOMATED MATERIAL HANDLING & STORAGE SYSTEMS

Automated Material Handling & Storage Systems: Overview of Material Handling Equipment, Considerations in Material Handling System Design, the 10 Principles of Material Handling. Material Transport Systems, Automated Guided Vehicle Systems, Conveyor Systems, Analysis of Material Transport Systems. Storage Systems, Storage System Performance, Storage Location Strategies, Automated Storage Systems, Engineering Analysis of Storage Systems.

UNIT IV CELLULAR MANUFACTURING & FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING

#### SYSTEMS

**Cellular manufacturing:** Objectives, Composite part concept, Machine cell design, Quantitative analysis-grouping parts and machines by rank order clustering.

**Flexible Manufacturing Systems: introduction to FMS,** FMC/FMS Components, FMS Application Considerations, Analysis of Flexible Manufacturing Systems, Alternative Approaches to Flexible Manufacturing.

UNIT V

YV AUTOMATED ASSEMBLY SYSTEMS

**Automated Assembly Systems:** Fundamentals of Automated Assembly Systems, Design for Automated Assembly, and Quantitative Analysis of Assembly Systems.

**Just-In-Time and Lean Production:** Lean production and waste management, Just in time (JIT) production systems, worker involvement.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing, M.P. Groover, Pearson Education.
- 2. Industrial Automation: W.P. David, John Wiley and Sons.

- 1. Handbook of Design, Manufacturing & Automation : R.C. Dorf, John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. An Introduction to Automated Process Planning Systems, Tiess Chiu Chang & Richard A. Wysk
- 3. Performance Modeling of Automated Manufacturing Systems, Viswanandham, PHI
- 4. CAD CAM: Principles, Practice and Manufacturing Management / Chris Mc Mohan, Jimmie Browne / Pearson edu. (LPE) .

CAD/CAM LAB										
III B.TECH II Semester MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
	<b>G</b> (	Hou	Hours / Week				Maximum Marks			
Course Code	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	CIE	SEE	Total		
A5ME27	PCC	0	0	2	1	30	70	100		

# **Course Overview:**

This course is framed to have hands on experience on CATIA software so that students are able to model various mechanical engineering systems and also able to perform various machining operations on CNC machines

## **Course Outcomes:**

#### At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Draft, model and assemble various machine part drawings using CATIA.
- 2. Perform different machining operations on CNC Lathe and CNC Milling machines.

## Part A CAD Experiments

- 1. Draw given 2D diagrams by using sketcher module.
- 2. Model given 3D objects by using part module.
- 3. Model and Assemble parts of knuckle joint.
- 4. Model and Assemble parts of stuffing box.
- 5. Model and Assemble parts of universal coupling.

## Part B CAM Experiments

- 1. Perform simple turning operation for a given model by using CNC lathe.
- 2. Perform step turning operation for a given model by using CNC lathe.
- 3. Perform profile turning operation for a given model by using CNC lathe.
- 4. Perform linear interpolation operations on CNC Milling machine.
- 5. Perform circular interpolation clock wise operations on CNC Milling machine.

	HEAT	ΓRAN	NSFE	R LAE	3				
III B.TECH II Seme	ester MECHANICAI	L ENG	GINE	ERING	<b>G</b>				
Course Code	Category	Но	ırs / V	Veek	Credits	Maxi	Maximum Marks		
A5ME29	РСС	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
<ul> <li>Heat Transfer laboratory provides fundamental and industrial knowledge about modes of heat transfer, like conduction, convection and radiation and their application.</li> <li>COURSE OUTCOMES:</li> <li>At the conclusion of the course, students will be able to: <ol> <li>Apply the principles of various modes of heat transfer to evaluate thermal conductivity of different metals and non-metal objects under steady state conditions.</li> <li>Apply the principles of various modes of heat transfer to evaluate thermal conductivity of different objects under unsteady state conditions.</li> <li>Estimate heat transfer coefficients in forced convection, free convection, condensation and correlate with theoretical values.</li> <li>Obtain variation of temperature along the length of the pin fin under forced and free convection.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>									
5. Apply the provide the formation of the second se	inciples of radiation to mann's constant and co IENTS:	o eva ompai	luate re witl	the sur	face emis etical valu	sivity of es.	a test	plate and	
1. Composite Slat	o Apparatus – Overall	heat t	ransfe	r co-ef	ficient				
2. Heat transfer th	rough lagged pipe.	liout t	i unisi e						
3. Thermal Condu	ictivity of given metal	rod.							
4. Heat transfer th	rough pin-fin								
5. Heat transfer in	forced convection app	paratu	s.						
6. Heat transfer in	6. Heat transfer in natural convection								
7. Parallel and counter flow heat exchanger.									
8. Emissivity appa	8. Emissivity apparatus.								
9. Stefan Boltzma	nn Apparatus.								
10. Heat transfer in	10. Heat transfer in drop and film wise condensation.								
11. Critical Heat flu	ux apparatus.								
12. Study of heat p	ipe and its demonstrati	on.							

# **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – I**

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DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURING AND ASSEMBLY								
III B. TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING								
Course Code	Category	Hours/Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		larks
A 51 AT 41	DEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5WIE41	ME41 PEC		0	0	3	30	70	100

DFM techniques are focused on individual parts and components with a goal of reducing or eliminating expensive, complex or unnecessary features which would make them difficult to manufacture. This course will give insight on design for machining, casting, welding, brazing, forging, extrusion, sheet metal and assembly.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- 1. Demonstrate steps in design process, design rules for manufacturability, material selection considerations and developments in material technology.
- 2. Demonstrate various machining processes and explain design considerations for machining and casting.
- 3. Describe various welding processes and explain design considerations for welding, brazing and forging.
- 4. Explain design considerations for extrusion and sheet metal work.
- 5. Explain objectives and design considerations for assembly.

# UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Design philosophy steps in Design process — General Design rules for manufacturability — basic principles of designing for economical production, Materials-parameters to be considered for the selection of materials for design—criteria for material selection, material selection process for new product design, developments in material technology.

## UNIT-II DESIGN FOR MACHINING & CASTING

Overview of various machining processes — general design rules for drilling, milling and turning –General design recommendations for machined parts. Metal Casting: Appraisal of various casting processes, selection of casting process, – general design considerations for casting — casting tolerances — use of solidification simulation in casting design —product design rules for sand casting.

UNIT-III DESIGN FOR WELDING, BRAZING & FORGING

Appraisal of various welding processes, Factors in design of weld ments — general design guidelines — pre and post treatment of welds — effects of thermal stresses in weld joints — design of brazed joints. Design considerations for Forging.

UNIT-IV DESIGN FOR EXTRUSION & SHEET METAL WORK

Extrusion-Design recommendations, design guidelines, Sheet Metal Work-cost effective design principles for Punching, Blanking and bending, Design principles for successful deep drawing, Keeler Goodman Forming Line Diagram.

## UNIT-V DESIGN FOR ASSEMBLY

Design for assembly: objectives, link to design, General design rules for manual assembly, Development of systematic design for assembly methodology, Assembly efficiency, Effect of part symmetry, part thickness, size, weight on handling time, Effect of chamfer design on insertion operations, Estimation of insertion time.

#### **TextBooks:**

- 1. A K Chitale and R C Gupta, "Product Design and Manufacturing", PHI, New Delhi, 2003
- Geoffrey Boothroyd, "Assembly Automation and Product Design", Marcel Dekker Inc., NY, 1992.
- 3. Geoffrey Boothroyd, "Hand Book of Product Design" Marcel and Dekken, N.Y. 1990.

## **Reference Books:**

 Engineering Design – Material & Processing Approach – George E. Deiter, McGraw Hill Intl. 2nd Ed.2000.

	UNCONVENTIONAL	L MA	CHIN	NING	PROCES	SES		
III B. TECH II Sem	ester : MECHANICA	L EN	GINE	ERIN	G	_		
<b>Course Code</b>	Category	He	ours/V	Veek	Credits	Max	imum I	Marks
		L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME42	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
<b>COURSE OVERV</b>	IEW:						1	<u> </u>
This course covers	operating principles of	unco	nventi	ional n	nachining	processe	s which	n helps to
perform research an	d development activitie	s.						
COURSE OUTCO	MES:	L1. 4.						
At the end of the c	burse student will be a	ble to	)			اسمیت امسم	tine of	
ultrasonic m	for unconventional ma	icninii	ng pro	cesses	, elements	and wor	king or	
2. Demonstrate	mechanical material re	mova	1 proc	esses.				
3. Explain ther	<ol> <li>Explain thermal metal removal processes.</li> </ol>							
4. Discuss elec	tron beam machining ar	nd lase	er bear	m mac	hining pro	cesses.		
5. Explain cher	nical material removal J	proces	sses.					
UNIT-I INTRO	DUCTION							
INTRODUCTION:	Need for non-conver	ntiona	1 mac	hining	processe	s, Comp	arision	between
conventional and u	nconventional machini	ing p	rocess	es, Cl	assification	n of nor	n - con	ventional
machining processe	s, considerations in pr	ocess	select	tion-sh	ape, mater	rials, pro	cess pa	arameters,
effects on equipmer	it and tooling, economic	c cons	iderat	ions.				
Ultrasonic machinin	ng: Elements of ultraso	nic m	achini	ing, M	echanics o	of materia	al remo	val-Grain
throwing and Grain	hammering models, Pr	rocess	parar	neters,	Applicatio	ons, Rece	nt deve	elopments,
simple problems.								
UNIT-II MECH	ANICAL MATERIAL	REN	IOVA	AL PR	OCESSES	5		
ABRASIVE JET	MACHINING: Elemen	nts of	f abra	asive	jet machi	ning, wo	orking	principle,
advantages, limitation	ons, applications.							
Water Jet Machinin	g: Working principle, e	lemen	its & 1	their fu	inctions, d	isadvanta	iges, ap	plications
and mechanics of water jet machining, advantages.								

Abrasive Water Jet Machining – basic principles, components, process parameters advantages and disadvantages, applications.

# UNIT-III THERMAL MATERIAL REMOVAL PROCESSES

THERMAL MATERIAL REMOVAL PROCESSES: Electro Discharge Machining(EDM)principle of operation, elements of EDM ,Power delivered, MRR, surface finish, process parameters problems on R-C generator, Layers formed on machined components during EDM, Flushing methods in EDM, Different circuits used in EDM, Factors to be considered for tool selection in EDM, Dielectric fluids used in EDM, Advantages of EDM, Limitations of EDM, Applications of EDM. Wire EDM: working, advantages, limitations and applications, Electric Discharge Grinding: Working, process parameters.

UNIT-IV ELECTRON BEAM MACHINING & LASER BEAM MACHINING

ELECTRON BEAM MACHINING: Elements, Generation of electron beam and working, process parameters, advantages, disadvantages, applications, MRR, specific power consumption.

LASER BEAM MACHINING: Elements, working, laser materials, cutting speed, accuracy, thermal features, advantages, disadvantages, applications.

UNIT-V CHEMICAL MATERIAL REMOVAL PROCESSES

CHEMICAL MATERIAL REMOVAL PROCESSES: Chemical Machining, Electro chemical machining-elements, working, accuracy, surface finish, economics, advantages, disadvantages, applications, MRR, problems, Electro chemical grinding, Electro chemical honing and Electro chemical deburring.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Advanced machining processes by VK Jain, Allied publishers.
- 2. Non Traditional Manufacturing Processes by Gary F Benedict, CRC Press.

- 1. MEMS & Microsystems Design and Manufacture by Tai-Ran Hsu, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Modern Machining Process by Pandey P.C. and Shah H.S., TMH
- 3. New Technology by Bhattacharya A, the Institution of Engineers, India 1984.
- 4. Non-Traditional Machining by P.K.Mishra, New Age.
- 5. Micro Machining of Engineering Materials Edited by J.Mc Geough, CRC Press.

	Al	DDITI	VE M	ANUF	ACTURING			
III B. TECH II S	emester : MEC	HANIC	CAL F	ENGIN	EERING			
~ ~ .		Hou	rs / W	eek	~	Ma	ximum Ma	arks
Course Code	Category	L	Τ	P	Credits	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME43	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
COURSE OVERVIEW: The course aims to study the importance of Additive Manufacturing, Classifications, and to learn the different tools, software required and the applications of additive manufacturing process. COURSE OUTCOMES: By studying this course, the student should be able to:								
<ol> <li>Classify Additive Manufacturing methods and explain important parameters.</li> <li>Explain VAT polymerization and powder bed fusion process.</li> <li>Outline the concept and basic features of Material Extrusion, Material Jetting, and sheet lamination process.</li> <li>Outline the purpose and applications of Rapid Tooling process.</li> <li>Explain about rapid prototyping data formats.</li> </ol>								
Additive Manufa Processes - Bene Processes - Liquid AM - Part Orient Interlocking Featu UNIT II	fits of AM - Ge fits of AM - Ge d Polymer Systen tation - Removal tres - Reduction of	Distrinence A ms - Di l of Su of Part	nction AM Pr iscrete pports Count	Betw ocess Partic - Ho - Iden	een AM and - Eight Steps le Systems - S llowing Out F tification Mark	in AM - ( Solid Sheet Parts - Inch cings/Numb	Classification Systems. 1 Usion of U Deers.	ufacturing on of AN Design for ndercuts
VAT POLYMERIZATION: Stereo lithography Apparatus (SLA): process, working principle, photopolymers, photo polymerization, layering technology, laser and laser scanning, applications, advantages and disadvantages. Solid Ground Curing (SGC): process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. Powder Bed Fusion – Materials - Powder Fusion Mechanisms - Selective laser sintering (SLS): process, working principle, applications, advantages and disadvantages, case studies. Three- dimensional principle, applications, working principle, applications, advantages, case studies.								
UNII III Material Extrucio	n Basia Drina	inles	Fuce	d dan	neition model	ing (EDM)	process	working
material Extrusion principle, applicat Material Jetting - Technologies - Pro Sheet Lamination applications, adva UNIT IV R	ions, advantages Materials for Ma ocess Parameters n - Laminated ntages and disady	and dis aterial J in Mat object vantage	sadvan etting erial J man es, cas	a depo itages, - Tech etting ufactur e studi	case studies. nnical Challen - Process Bene ring (LOM) es.	ges of MJT efits and Dr – process,	- process	Formation

Indirect rapid tooling methods: spray metal deposition, RTV epoxy tools, Ceramic tools, investment casting, spin casting, die casting, sand casting, 3D Keltool process. Direct rapid tooling: LOM Tools, DTM Rapid Tool Process, EOS Direct Tool Process and Direct Metal Tooling using 3DP.

#### UNIT V

RAPID PROTOTYPING DATA FORMATS: STL Format, STL File Problems, consequence of building valid and invalid tessellated models, STL file Repairs: Generic Solution, other Translators, Newly Proposed Formats.

RP APPLICATIONS: Application in engineering, analysis and planning, aerospace industry, automotive industry, jewelry industry, coin industry, GIS application, arts and architecture. RP medical and bioengineering applications: planning and simulation of complex surgery, customized implants & prosthesis, design and production of medical devices, forensic science and anthropology, visualization of bimolecular.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Additive Manufacturing Technologies, Ian Gibson, David Rosen, Brent Stucker Mahyar Khorasani, Springer ISBN 978-3-030-56126-0, ISBN 978-3-030-56127-7 (eBook) https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-56127-7

<b>PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL (PPC)</b>								
III B. TECH II Seme	ster: MECHANIC	AL E	NGIN	IEERI	NG			
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
	DEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5MIE44	PEC	3 0 0 3 30 70					100	
COUDSE OVEDVIE	NX/-							

- To understand the various components and functions of production planning and control such as work study, product planning, process planning, production scheduling, Inventory Control.
- To know the recent trends like manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## After completion of this course, the student will be able to

- 1. Upon completion of this course, the students can be able to prepare production planning and control activities such as work study, product planning, production scheduling, Inventory Control.
- 2. They can plan manufacturing requirements manufacturing requirement Planning (MRP II) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP).

# UNIT-I INTRODUCTION AND FORECASTING

Introduction: Definition – Objectives of Production Planning and Control – Functions of Production Planning and Control - Types of Production Systems - Organization of Production Planning and Control Department. Forecasting – Definition- Uses of Forecast- Factors Affecting the Forecast- Types of Forecasting- their Uses - General Principle of Forecasting. Forecasting Techniques- Quantitative and Qualitative Techniques. Measures of Forecasting Errors.

UNIT-II INVENTORY MANAGEMENT

Inventory Management – Functions of Inventories – Relevant Inventory Costs – ABC Analysis – VED Analysis – Basic EOQ Model- Inventory Control Systems – Continuous Review Systems and Periodic Review Systems, MRP I, MRP II, ERP, JIT Systems - Basic Treatment Only. Aggregate Planning – Definition – Aggregate-Planning Strategies – Aggregate Planning Methods – Transportation Model.

UNIT-III ROUTING

Line Balancing: Terminology, Methods of Line Balancing, RPW Method, Largest Candidate Method and Heuristic Method. Routing – Definition – Routing Procedure – Factors Affecting Routing Procedure, Route Sheet.

UNIT-IV SCHEDULING

Scheduling - Definition - Scheduling Policies - Types of Scheduling Methods - Differences
with Loading - Flow Shop Scheduling - Job Shop Scheduling, Line of Balance (LOB) -
Objectives - Steps Involved.
UNIT-V DISPATCHING
Dispatching: Definition – Activities of Dispatcher – Dispatching Procedures – Various forms
Used in Dispatching. Follow Up: Definition – Types of Follow Up – Expediting – Definition –
Expediting Procedures-Applications of Computers in Planning and Control.
Text Books:
1. Elements of Production Planning & Control –Eilon
2. Production Planning & Control – Jain and Agarwal
Reference Books:
1 Operations Management Puffe

- 1. Operations Management Buffa.
- 2. Project Management, S.C. Sharma, Khanna Publishing House
- 3. Production System J.L. Riggs.

# **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – II**

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING								
III B. TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING								
Course Code	Category	Ho	Hours / Week Credits Maximum Marks					larks
A 5MF45	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASME	TEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100

This course is designed to introduce basic lay-out of an automobile, operation of engine cooling, lubrication, ignition, and electrical systems, principles of transmission, suspension, steering and braking system, Importance of EV's for Green Engineering.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course students are able to

- 1. Explain the basic lay-out of automobile, types of automobile engines, basic concepts like engine construction, oil filters, pumps etc.
- 2. Discuss various fuels supply systems of S.I and C.I engines
- 3. Explain the operation of engine cooling, lubrication and ignition systems.
- 4. Demonstrate the principles, elements and working of transmission and braking systems
- 5. Explain the elements and working of steering and suspension systems.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Layout of four wheeler automobile, chassis and body - types, power unit, power transmission - types, types of automobile engines, engine construction, engine service, engine lubrication, splash and pressure lubrication systems, oil filters, oil pumps, crank case ventilation, reboring, decarburization, Nitriding of crank shaft.

## UNIT-II FUEL SUPPLY SYSTEMS IN S.I AND C.I. ENGINES

**FUEL SYSTEM:** S.I. Engine: Fuel supply systems, Mechanical and electrical fuel pump, filters, carburetor, types, air filters, GDI.

**C.I. ENGINES:** Requirements of diesel injection systems, types of injection systems, fuel pump, nozzle, spray formation, injection timing, testing of fuel pumps.

## UNIT-III COOLING SYSTEM AND IGNITION SYSTEM

**COOLING SYSTEM:** Cooling Requirements, Air Cooling, Liquid Cooling, Thermosyphon and Forced Circulation System, Radiators, Types, Cooling Fan - water pump, thermostat, antifreeze solutions.

**IGNITION SYSTEM:** Function of an ignition system, battery ignition system, constructional features of storage, battery, auto transformer, contact breaker points, condenser and spark plug, Magneto coil ignition system, electronic ignition system using contact breaker, electronic ignition using contact triggers, spark advance and retard mechanism.

# UNIT-IV TRANSMISSION SYSTEM AND BRAKING SYSTEM

**TRANSMISSION SYSTEM:** Clutches, principle, types, cone clutch, single plate clutch, multi plate clutch, magnetic and centrifugal clutches, fluid fly wheel. Gear boxes, types, sliding mesh, constant mesh, synchro mesh gear boxes, epicyclic gear box, over drive torque converter. Universal joint, Propeller shaft with sliding joint, Hotch Kiss drive, Torque tube drive, universal joint, differential rear axles, wheels and tires.

**BRAKING SYSTEM:** Mechanical brake system, Hydraulic brake system, Master cylinder, wheel cylinder, tandem master cylinder, Requirement of brake fluid, Pneumatic and vacuum brakes

# UNIT-V STEERING SYSTEM & SUSPENSION SYSTEM

**STEERING SYSTEM:** steering linkages, Steering geometry, camber, caster, king pin rake, combined angle toe in, center point steering. Types of steering mechanism, Ackerman steering mechanism, Davis steering mechanism, steering gears, types.

**SUSPENSION SYSTEM:** Objectives of suspension systems, rigid axle suspension system, torsion bar, shock absorber, independent suspension system.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Kirpal Singh (2012), Automobile Engineering Vol. 1 &2, 12th edition, standard publishers, New Delhi, India.
- 2. William Crouse (2012), Automobile Engineering (SIE), 10th edition, Tata McGraw hill education (P) Ltd,
- 3. New Delhi, India.
- 4. Leitman, S., &. (2013). Build your own electric vehicle. McGraw-Hill Education

- 1. B.S. Narang (2011), Automobile Engineering, 5th edition, Karman publishers, New Delhi, India
- 2. R. B. Gupta (2012), Automobile Engineering, satya prakhashan, New Delhi, India.
- 3. A Text book Automobile Engineering, Rajput.
- 4. Leitman, S., &. (2013). Build your own electric vehicle. McGraw-Hill Education
- 5. James Larminie, John Lowry, Electric Vehicle Technology Explained, Wiley, 2003.

POWER PLANT ENGINEERING								
III B. TECH I	III B. TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING							
		Hours / Week			Maximum Marks			
Course Code	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME46	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100

This course is framed to cover aspects of coal based thermal power plants, Diesel, Gas turbine and combined cycle power plants and nuclear power plants. It also covers economic and environmental issues of power plant.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate concepts of coal based thermal power plants.
- 2. Explain principle of working and components of diesel, gas turbine and combined cycle power plants.
- 3. Demonstrate about Hydel Power and also generation of power from renewable energy.
- 4. Explain principle of working and components of nuclear power plant
- 5. Illustrate economic and environmental aspects of power plant.

## UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to the Sources of Energy: Resources and Development of Power in India.

**Steam Power Plant:** Plant Layout, Design and construction – Feed water treatment – Types of coals – Properties of coal – Coal storage – Coal handling – Fuel and Oil Systems – FBC Boilers – Turbines – Condensers – Working of different Circuits – Draught system – Dust collectors – Cooling towers – Ash handling systems – Safety Measures.

UNIT II DIESEL, GAS TURBINE AND COMBINED CYCLE POWER PLANTS

**Internal Combustion Engine Plant**: Diesel Power Plant: Introduction – IC Engines Types – Construction – Plant layout with auxiliaries – fuel supply system – air starting equipment – lubrication and cooling system – super charging.

**Gas Turbine Plant:** Introduction – Classification – Construction – Layout With Auxiliaries – Principles of Working of Closed and Open Cycle Gas Turbines – Combined Cycle Power Plants.

UNIT III HYDEL POWER & POWER FROM RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

**Hydro Electric Power Plant:** Water power – Hydrological Cycle / Flow Measurement – Drainage Area Characteristics – Hydrographs – Storage and Pondage – Classification of dams and spill ways. Typical layouts – Plant Auxiliaries – Plant Operation Pumped Storage Plants.

Renewable Energy Sources: Basic Introduction About Working of Wind - Tidal -
Solar Photo Voltaic (SPV) – Geo Thermal – Biogas Power Systems.
UNIT IV NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS
Nuclear Power Station: Nuclear fuel: Breeding and Fertile Materials - Nuclear
Reactor – Reactor Operation.
Types of Reactors: Pressurized Water Reactor, Boiling Water Reactor, Sodium-
Graphite Reactor, Fast Breeder Reactor, Homogeneous Reactor, Gas cooled Reactor,
Radiation Hazards and Shielding – Radioactive Waste Disposal.
UNIT V ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES OF POWER
PLANT
Power Plant Economics and Environmental Considerations: Capital cost -
Investment of Fixed Charges - Operating Costs - General Arrangement of Power
Distribution - Load curves - Load Duration Curve. Definitions of Connected Load,
Maximum Demand, Demand Factor, Average Load, Load Factor, Diversity Factor.
Pollution Control: Effluents From Power Plants and Impact On Environment –
Pollutants and Pollution Standards – Methods of Pollution Control.
Text Books:
1. Raiput (2011). A Text Book of Power Plant Engineering, 4 th edition, Laxmi
Publications, New Delhi, India.
2. Elanchezhian, L. Saravana Kumar, B. Vijava Ramkanth (2007), Power plant
Engineering, 1 st edition, I.K International Publishing House, New Delhi, India
Reference Books:
1. Arora and S. Domkundwar (2008), A Course in Power Plant Engineering, 5th
edition, Dhanpat Rai & Co. Delhi.
2. P. K. Nag (2008), Power Plant Engineering, 3 rd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi.

<b>REFRIGERATION AND AIR CONDITIONING</b>										
III B.TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week		Credits	Maximum Marks		Marks			
A5ME47	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	TOTAL		
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100		

Refrigeration may be defined as the process of achieving and maintaining a temperature below that of the surroundings, the aim being to cool some product or space to the required temperature. Air conditioning is the process of altering the properties of air to more comfortable conditions, typically with the aim of distributing the conditioned air to an occupied space, such as a building or a vehicle, to improve the thermal comfort and indoor air quality. This course covers analysis of various refrigeration cycles, vapour compression and absorption refrigeration systems, psychrometry, analysis of air-conditioning loads and various air conditioning systems.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course students are able

- 1. Demonstrate the basic concepts of refrigeration.
- 2. Explain the elements and working of vapour compression refrigeration system
- 3. Analyze the vapour absorption refrigeration system.
- 4. Discuss the basic concepts of air conditioning, psychrometric properties and processes.
- 5. Study the air conditioning systems and analyze their loads.

#### UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO REFRIGERATION

Introduction: Necessity and applications, unit of refrigeration, C.O.P and Mechanical refrigeration. Air Refrigeration: Air Refrigeration Cycles-reversed Carnot cycle, Bell-Coleman cycle analysis, Air Refrigeration systems-merits and demerits, analysis.

## UNIT-II VAPOUR COMPRESSION REFRIGERATION

Working principle and essential components of the plant – simple vapour compression refrigeration cycle –COP – representation of cycle on T-S and p-h charts – effect of sub cooling and super heating – cycle analysis – actual cycle influence of various parameters on system performance – use of p-h charts – numerical problems.

# UNIT-III VAPOUR ABSORPTION SYSTEMS

Vapour Absorption systems: Simple Vapour Absorption Refrigeration System, Absorbent – Refrigerant combinations, Water-Ammonia Systems, Water Lithium Bromide System, Contrast between the two systems, Modified Version of Aqua-Ammonia System with Rectifier and Analyser Assembly. Brief description of Refrigerants, Classification, Desirable properties, Ozone Depletion and Global warming.

UNIT-IV INTRODUCTION TO AIR CONDITIONING AND PSYCHROMETRY

Psychrometry - Air-water vapour mixtures, Psychrometric Properties, Psychrometric Processes,
Psychrometric Charts, Problems using Psychrometric charts Human Comfort, Factors affecting
Human Comfort, Effective Temperature.
Introduction to Air-Conditioning, Basic Definition, ASHRAE Nomenclature, Applications of Air-
Conditioning.
UNIT-V ANALYSIS OF AIR CONDITIONING LOADS AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS
Different Air-Conditioning Systems Classifications -Central -Zoned -Unitary -Winter -Summer -
Year Round, Comfort AC, Industrial AC, Factors affecting Selection of System, Need For
Ventilation, Infiltration, Load concepts of RSHF, GSHF- Problems, Cooling Load Estimate, Heating
Load Estimate- Problems.
Text Books:
1. Roy J. Dossat, Principles of Refrigeration, Wiley Limited
2. Arora, C.P., "Refrigeration and Air Conditioning", 3rd edition, McGraw Hill, New Delhi
2010.
3. R.S. Khurmi & J.K. Gupta., "A textbook of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning", S Chan
Publications, 2010.
4. Domkundwar Arora., "Course In Refrigeration & Air Conditioning", Dhanpat Rai & Co.(r
Ltd-Delhi.
Reference Books:
<ol> <li>Dossat R.J., Principles of refrigeration, John Wiley, S.I. Version, 2001.</li> <li>Klaus D. Timmerhaus and Thomas M. Flynn, Cryogenic Process Engineering, Plenum Press New York, 1989</li> </ol>
3. Robert W. Vance, Cryogenic Technology, John wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, London.

COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS									
III B. TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		Marks	
A5ME48	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	TOTAL	
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100	

The primary focus of this course is to differentiate between different types of partial differential equations, to apply appropriate numerical techniques and solve heat transfer and fluid flow problems using different numerical techniques.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## At the end of the course students are able to

- 1. Demonstrate modes of heat transfer, methods to solve a physical problem, differentiate analytical and numerical methods.
- 2. Differentiate between different types of Partial Differential Equations and to apply appropriate numerical techniques
- 3. Solve 1-Dimensional and 2-Dimensional steady state heat conduction problems
- 4. Explain explicit, implicit, semi-implicit methods and application of FDM to solve 1D transient heat conduction equations
- 5. Formulate and solve governing equations for incompressible flow

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Review of Modes of Heat Transfer – Governing Equations – Initial and boundary conditions Methods to solve a physical problem –Relative advantages and disadvantages of experimental, analytical and numerical methods – Scope of CFD – Its applications and limitations - Brief comparison between different numerical methods, viz., FDM, FEM & FVM Methods

# UNIT-II CLASSIFICATION OF PDE & FDM

Classification of PDE – Elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic PDE as governing equations – Examples and their physical significance

FDM – Discretization of Partial Derivative Terms using Taylor's series of approximation – Finite Difference Formulae – Application and implementation aspects of finite-difference equations –Consistency Application of FDM to elliptic equations

# UNIT-III 1-D & 2-D STEADY STATE HEAT CONDUCTION

Application of FDM to solve 1D steady state heat conduction in Curvilinear geometry – Singularities – Treatment of singularities. Application of FDM to solve 2D steady state heat conduction– with and without heat generation and subjected to different boundary conditions

UNIT-	IV PARABOLIC EQUATIONS & 1-D TRANSIENT HEAT CONDUCTION
Parabo	lic Equations – Use of Explicit, implicit and semi implicit methods – Errors and Stability
analysi	is -application of FDM to solve 1D transient heat conduction equations - ADI Scheme -
Treatm	nent and Implementation
UNIT-	V NUMERICAL METHODS FOR INCOMPRESSIBLE FLOW
Numer	ical methods for incompressible flow – Governing equations –Difficulties in solving N-S
equation	ons –Stream function and Vorticity method – Advantages and disadvantages – treatment of
bounda	ary conditions- Determination of Pressure for viscous flows - Disadvantages - Staggered
Grid –	SIMPLE algorithm for pressure liked equations.
TextBoo	oks:
1.	Computational Fluid Flow and Heat Transfer/ Muralidharan & Sundarajanan/ Narosa
	Publications
2.	Finite Difference Method in Heat Transfer – Necati Ozisik, CRC Press
3.	Computer Simulation of Flow and Heat Transfer – Ghoshdastidar, Tata McGraw Hill
4.	Numerical Methods – Chapra and Canale, TMH 5. Numerical Methods –
	Balaguruswamy/TMH
Referen	ce Books:
1.	Computational Fluid Dynamics – T J CHUNG
2.	Computational Fluid Dynamics basics with applications- John.D, Anderson / Mc graw
	hill.
3.	Computational Methods for Fluid Dynamics –Firziger & peric/springer.

# IV B.TECH I SEMESTER SYLLABUS

FINITE ELEMENT METHOD										
IV B.TECH I Semester MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Ho	urs / V	Week	Credits	Maximum Marl		<b>/larks</b>		
A 5ME32	DCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
ASIVIE52	rcc	3	0	0	3	30	70	100		
<b>COURSEOVERVIEW:</b> The aim of this course to enable students to understand fundamental theory of the FEA method, generate the governing FE equations for systems governed by partial differential equations, understand the use of the basic finite elements for structural applications using truss, beam and plane elements under static and dynamic loading; understand the application and use of the FE method for heat transfer problems.										
<b>COURSEOUTCOM</b> At the end of the cou	ES: rse students will									
<ul> <li>At the end of the course students will</li> <li>1. Demonstrate basic concepts of FEM, Solve the basic spring problems</li> <li>2. Formulate and solve finite element equations for 1-D elements and Trusses</li> </ul>										

- 3. Derive stiffness matrices, analyze beams and 2D CST Elements subjected to different load conditions
- 4. Formulate and solve axi-symmetric problems using constant strain triangular elements and heat transfer problems,
- 5. Analyze axial bar, beam and truss subjected to dynamic loads
- UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO FEM

Basic concept, historical background, applications of FEM, Basic equations of elasticity-straindisplacement relations and stress-strain relations, Convergence requirements, Principle of Minimum Potential Energy-Spring Problems.

# UNIT-II ONE DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS & ANALYSIS OF TRUSSES

**ONE DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS:** Formulation of Stiffness Matrix for a Bar Element by the Principle of Minimum Potential Energy, Properties of Stiffness Matrix, Characteristics of Shape Functions, Quadratic shape functions. Problems on uniform stepped and tapered bars subjected to point loads, body force and temperature loads.

**ANALYSIS OF TRUSSES:** Local and Global co-ordinates, Transformation matrix, Stiffness Matrix for Plane Truss, Stress-Strain Calculations and Calculation of reaction forces.

# UNIT-III ANALYSIS OF BEAMS & 2-D PROBLEMS

**ANALYSIS OF BEAMS:** Hermite shape functions-Element stiffness matrix for two nodes, two degrees of freedom per node beam element, load vector, slope and deflection. Simple problems-Point loads & UDL.

**2-D PROBLEMS:** CST Element-Stiffness matrix and load vector, Isoparametric element representation, Shape functions, convergence requirements, Problems. Shape functions of Two

dimensional four noded isoparametric element.									
NIT-IV AXI-SYMMETRIC SOLIDS & HEAT TRANSFER									
AXI-SYMMETRIC SOLIDS: Axi-symmetric solids subjected to Axi-symmetric loading with triangular elements-simple problems. STEADY STATE HEAT TRANSFER ANALYSIS: One Dimensional Finite Element analysis of fin and composite slabs.									
UNIT-V DYNAMIC ANALYSIS									
<b>DYNAMIC ANALYSIS:</b> Dynamic Equations of motion, Lumped and consistent mass matrices, Evaluation of Eigen values and Eigen vectors for a stepped bar and beam.									
Text Books:									
<ol> <li>Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering by Chandrupatla, Ashok and Belegundu, Prentice, Hall, Pearson.</li> <li>The Finite Element Methods in Engineering by SS Rao, Pergamon.</li> </ol>									
Reference Books:									
<ol> <li>Finite Element Methods: Basic Concepts and applications by Alavala, PHI</li> <li>Finite Element Analysis Revised and Enlarged Edition by S.Md.Jalaluddin, Anuradha Publications</li> </ol>									
<ol> <li>Finite Element Analysis by P.Seshu, PHI</li> <li>Finite Element Analysis by Bathe, PHI</li> </ol>									
<ol> <li>5. Finite Element Method by Krishna Murthy, TMH</li> <li>6. An Introduction to the Finite Element Method (McGraw-Hill Mechanical Engineering) 3rd</li> </ol>									

Edition. by J Reddy, McGraw-Hill

INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL SYSTEMS									
IV B. TECH I Semester MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Hours/Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		Marks	
A5ME34	РСС	L	Т	Р	C	CIE	SEE	Total	
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100	

Measurement is an essential activity in every branch of science technology. The art of measurement is a wide discipline in both engineering and science, covering the areas of detection, acquisition, control and analysis of data. Measurement plays an important role in every branch of scientific research and industrial processes interacting basically with the control system. The course objective is to provide knowledge on the fundamentals of measurement science, measuring instruments and to provide basic knowledge of control system theory.

# **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

## The students should be able to

- 1. Ability to understand and analyze the instruments and their applications to various industries
- 2. Ability to generalized measurement system and able to model and analyze the transducers
- 3. Knowledge in measuring techniques and to apply in field of engineering to monitor the operational systems
- 4. Ability to formulate certain empirical relations where adequate theory does not exit
- 5. Ability to apply control theory to practical engineering problem to describe the defective components that need to be out right rejected at the earliest stage.
- UNIT-I

## BASIC PRINCIPLES OF MEASURMENTS

Definition, Basic principles of measurement, Measurement systems, generalized configuration and functional descriptions of measuring instruments, examples. Dynamic performance characteristics, Classification and elimination of error.

**MEASUREMENT OF DISPLACEMENT**: Theory and construction of various transducers to measure displacement, Piezo electric, Inductive, capacitance, resistance, ionization and Photo electric transducers, Calibration procedures.

UNIT-II MEASURMENTS OF PRESSURE TEMPERATURE

**MEASUREMENT OF PRESSURE**: Units, classification, different principles used. Manometers, Piston, Bourdon tube pressure gauges, Bellows, Diaphragm gauges. Low pressure measurement, Thermal conductivity gauges, ionization pressure gauges, McLeod pressure gauge. **MEASRMENT OF TEMPERATURE:** Classification–Ranges– Various Principles of measurement– Expansion, Electrical Resistance Thermistor – Thermocouple – Pyrometers–

Temperature Indicators.

UNIT-III MEASURMENTS OF SPEED FLOW LEVEL

**MEASUREMENT OF SPEED:** Mechanical Tachometers, Electrical tachometers, Stroboscope, Non-contact type of tachometer

FLOW MEASUREMENT: Rotameter, magnetic, Ultrasonic, Turbine flow meter, Hot, wire anemometer.

**MEASUREMENT OF LEVEL:** Direct method, Indirect methods, capacitative, ultrasonic, magnetic, Bubler level indicators.

# UNIT-IV MEASURMENTS OF STRESS STRAIN ACCELERATION AND VIBRATION

**STRESS STRAIN MEASUREMENTS:** Various types of stress and strain measurements, electrical strain gauge, gauge factor, method of usage of resistance strain gauge for bending compressive and tensile strains, usage for measuring torque, Strain gauge Rosettes.

**MEASUREMENT OF ACCELERATION AND VIBRATION**: Different simple instruments, Principles of seismic instruments, Vibrometer and accelerometer using this principle.

UNIT-V MEASURMENTS OF HUMIDITY CONTROL SYSTEM

**MEASUREMENT OF HUMIDITY:** Moisture content of gases, sling psychro meter, Absorption psychro meter, Dew point meter.

**ELEMENTS OF CONTROL SYSTEMS:** Introduction, Importance, Classification, Open and closed systems Servomechanisms, Examples with block diagrams, Temperature, speed & position control systems.

# **TextBooks:**

- 1. D.S. Kumar (2011), Mechanical Measurements and Controls, 4th edition, Metropolitan Book Co. Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, India.
- 2. A. K. Tayal (2004), Instrumentation and mechanical Measurements,2nd
- 3. edition, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi, India.

- 1. Er. R. K. Jain (2011), Mechanical and Industrial Measurements, 12th edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Chennakesava R. Alavala(2010), Principles of Industrial Instrumentation and Control Systems, 1st edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, India.
- B. C. Nakra, K. K. Choudhary (2010), Instrumentation, measurement and analysis, 4th, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, India.

	TER AID	ED ENGINEERING AN	ND PF	RODU	CTION	DRAWIN	NG PRAC	TICE I	LAB		
IV B. TECH I Semester MECHANICAL ENGINEERING											
Course	Code	Category	Hours/Week Credits Maximum M						larks		
A5ME33 PCC L T P							CIE	SEE	Total		
0 0 2 1 30 70									100		
<ul> <li>COURSE OVERVIEW: This course is intended to impart knowledge fundamentals of ANSYS software and its applications in solving problems related to Structural, Thermal, and Vibrational analysis, Also to give knowledge on various drawing conventions used in manufacturing industry. </li> <li>COURSEOUTCOMES: On completion of the course the student will be able to <ol> <li>Apply ANSYS software to find the deflections and stresses, buckling loads and natural frequencies of the structures subjected various types of boundary and lading conditions. </li> <li>Analyse steady state heat transfer problems using ANSYS.</li> <li>Recognize the representation of various mechanical elements in the production drawing. </li> <li>Acquire knowledge on limits &amp; fits, tolerances, and surface roughness.</li> <li>Draw part drawing and assembly drawing showing all limits fits and tolerances, </li> </ol></li></ul>											
PART A	Compute	er Aided Engineering (C	CAE) l	Lab							
<ol> <li>Static</li> <li>Static</li> <li>Static</li> <li>Analy deflec</li> <li>Analy joint</li> <li>Static</li> </ol>	analysis of analysis of ysis of Pla ctions unde ysis of Pla deflections Analysis analysis e behaviou al analysis ling analysis	of cantilever beam carry of simply supported bea ane Truss to determin er static loading. ne Truss (Tower) to d s under static loading. of shell due to internal of plate with a hole to ar and SCF. of beam for natural fre- sis beams to estimate B	ying p am ca e me eterm press detern equen F and	point l rrying mber ine m ure to mine to cies a l mode	oad at f g udl ove forces, nember estimation the defo nd mod es.	ree end. er entire le member forces, me te the strai prmations, e shapes.	ength strains & ember str ins and st the Stres	z stress ains & resses. sses to s	stresses stresses		

Conventional representation of Materials – conventional representation of parts – screw joints, welded joints, springs, gears, electrical, hydraulic and pneumatic circuits – methods of indicating notes on drawings.

# UNIT-II

Limits and Fits: Types of fits, exercises involving selection / interpretation of fits and estimation of limits from tables.

#### UNIT-III

Geometric Dimensioning and Tolerancing (GD&T): Need for GD&T, Features and rules of GD&T, datums control, Adding GD&T to a drawing/design, Form tolerances, Orientation tolerances, Profile tolerances, Location Tolerances, Runout tolerances.

# UNIT-IV

Surface roughness and its indication: Definitions – finishes obtainable from various manufacturing processes, recommended surface roughness on mechanical components. Heat treatment and surface treatment symbols used on drawings.

#### UNIT-V

Detailed and Part drawings: Drawing of parts from assembly drawings with indications of size, tolerances, roughness, form and position errors etc. Part drawing using computer aided drafting by CAD software.

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Production Drawing K L Narayana, K. Venkata Reddy, P Kannaiah 2nd ed. New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
- 2. Machine Drawing with AutoCAD Pohit and Ghosh, Pearson India.

- 1. Geometric dimensioning and tolerancing- James D. Meadows/ B.S Publications.
- 2. Engineering Metrology, R.K. Jain, Khanna Publications

INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL SYSTEMS LAB									
IV B. TECH I Semester MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Hours/Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			
A5ME33	PCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
		0	0	2	1	30	70	100	

Calibration of pressure gauges, calibration of;resistance temperature detector for temperature measurement, thermister and rtd, thermocouple for temperature measurement, vibration setup, calibration of photo and magnetic speed pickups for the measurement of speed, measurement of angular displacement using capacitive transducer, measurement of strain gauge, study and calibration of lvdt tranducer for displacement measurement, study and calibration of mcleod gauge for low pressure.

## **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

#### By studying this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. learn various control systems
- 2. Analyse the vibration setup
- 3. Analyse different types of temperature measurement
- 4. Calibrate the floe measurement equipment
- 5. Demonstrate the measurement for low pressures.

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- *1.* Calibration of Pressure Gauges
- 2. Calibration of transducer for temperature measurement.
- 3. Study and calibration of LVDT transducer for displacement measurement.
- 4. Calibration of strain gauge for temperature measurement.
- 5. Calibration of thermocouple for temperature measurement.
- 6. Calibration of capacitive transducer for angular displacement.
- 7. Study and calibration of photo and magnetic speed pickups for the measurement of speed
- 8. Calibration of resistance temperature detector for temperature measurement.
- 9. Study and calibration of a rotometer for flow measurement.
- 10. Study and use of a Seismic pickup for the measurement of vibration amplitude of an engine bed at various loads.
- *11.* Study and calibration of Mcleod gauge for low pressure.

# **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – III**

COMPOSITE MATERIALS										
IV B. TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks				
A5ME49	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100		

This course is designed to provide basic and important knowledge about the advanced class of materials, i.e. composites where its classification, fabrication, design and testing of composite materials are discussed. And, towards the end, the current state-of-the-art research work occurring in the field to generate multi-functional composites is discussed.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### The course should enable the students to

- 1. Explain and differentiate composite materials based on specific applications.
- 2. Describe the various fabrication methods of polymer composites.
- 3. Choose suitable manufacturing route for generating metal and ceramic matrix composites.
- 4. Demonstrate various methods to test the Composites through NDT methods.
- 5. Elucidate the purpose and significance of Multi-Functional Composites.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION AND REINFORCEMENT MATERIALS

**Introduction:** Definition, functions of matrix and reinforcement, special features of composites, drawbacks, classification, polymer matrix composites, metal matrix composites, ceramic matrix composites, carbon-carbon composites, fibre reinforced composites, particulate reinforced composites and nature-made composites.

**Reinforcement Materials:** Glass, carbon, kevlar, boron, silica, silicon carbide, and boron carbide fibres.

UNIT-II POLYMER COMPOSITES: MANUFACTURING METHODS

**Thermoset Composites Manufacturing:** Hand layup, Spray up processes, Fibre placement process: AFP and ATL, Prepreg Technique, Resin transfer moulding, Vacuum assisted resin transfer moulding, Compression moulding process, Filament winding.

**Thermoplastic Composites Manufacturing:** Thermoplastic tape winding, Thermoplastic pultrusion process, Hot press technique, Autoclave processing, Diaphragm forming process, Injection moulding.

# UNIT-III METAL AND CERAMIC COMPOSITES: MANUFACTURING METHODS

**Metal Matrix Composites:** Solid state methods- hot isostatic pressing (HIP), Foil diffusion bonding. Liquid state methods- Stir casting, Squeeze casting, Centrifugal casting, Melt infiltration. **Ceramic Matrix Composites:** Sintering and CVD.

Manufacturing Process Selection Criteria: Production Rate/Speed, Cost, Performance, Size, Shape.

# UNIT-IV COMPOSITES DESIGN AND NDT

**Composites Design:** Laminate theory, Rule of mixtures, symmetry and balance.

**Non-Destructive Testing (NDT) of Composites:** Visual inspection, Tap testing, Ultrasonic inspection, X-ray inspection, Thermography.

# UNIT-V MULTI-FUNCTIONAL POLYMER NANOCOMPOSITES

**Carbon Nanotubes (CNTs) based Multi-Functional Polymer Nanocomposites:** Introduction and Necessity of multi-functional composites, CNTs based multi-functional composites fabrication methods: Ultrasonication, In-Situ method, Grafting CNTs onto fibre surfaces - spraying method, transfer printing, chemical grafting. Properties and Applications of CNTs based multi-functional composites.

# Graphene based Multi-Functional Polymer Nanocomposites: Introduction, properties and applications.

#### **Text Books:**

- 4. Sanjay K. Mazumdar, Composites Manufacturing: Materials, Product, and Process Engineering, CRC press, 2001, ISBN: 0-8493-0585-3.
- 5. M. Balasubramanian, Composite materials and processing, CRC press, 2013, ISBN: 9781439880548.
- 6. Madhujit Mukhopadhyay, Mechanics of Composite Materials, Universities Press, 2005, ISBN: 9788173714771.
- 7. Ashutosh Tiwari and S. K. Shukla, Advanced Carbon Materials and Technology, Wiley, 2014, ISBN: 9781118686232.

- 4. Flake Campbell Jr, Manufacturing processes for advanced composites, Elsevier, 2003, ISBN: 9781856174152.
- 5. Ehsan Bafekrpour, Advanced Composite Materials: Properties and Applications, De Gruyter Open Poland, 2017, ISBN: 9783110574401.
| TRIBOLOGY                                     |          |              |   |   |          |               |     |       |  |  |
|---|----------|--------------|---|---|----------|---------------|-----|-------|--|--|
| IV B. TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING |          |              |   |   |          |               |     |       |  |  |
|   | Category | Hours / Week |   |   | Creadita | Maximum Marks |     |       |  |  |
| Course Code                                   |          | L            | Т | Р | Creatts  | CIE           | SEE | Total |  |  |
| A5ME50  | PEC      | 3            | 0 | 0 | 3        | 30            | 70  | 100   |  |  |
| COUDSE OVED                                   |          |              |   |   |          |               |     |       |  |  |

#### **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

This course is framed to cover basic concepts of tribology, hydrodynamic theory of lubrication, friction and power losses in journal bearings, air lubricated bearing, bearing oil pads and materials.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate various properties of fluid and explain the basic concepts of hydrostatic lubrication.
- 2. Explain hydrodynamic theory of lubrication.
- 3. Explain friction and power losses in journal bearings.
- 4. Discuss in detail about air lubricated bearings.
- 5. Explain types of bearing oil pads and bearing materials.

#### UNIT I INTRODUCTION

**Study of various parameters:** Viscosity, flow of fluids, viscosity and its variation, absolute and kinematic viscosity, temperature variation, viscosity index, determination of viscosity, different viscometers used. Hydrostatic lubrication: Hydrostatic step bearing, application to pivoted pad thrust bearing and other applications, hydrostatic lifts, hydrostatic squeeze films and its application to journal bearing.

## UNIT II FRICTION AND POWER LOSSES IN JOURNAL BEARINGS

**Hydrodynamic theory of lubrication:** Various theories of lubrication, petroffs equation, Reynold's equation in two dimensions –Effects of side leakage – Reynolds equation in three dimensions, Friction in sliding bearing, hydrodynamic theory applied to journal bearing, minimum oil film thickness, oil whip and whirl anti –friction bearing.

UNIT III FRICTION AND POWER LOSSES IN JOURNAL BEARINGS

**Friction and power losses in journal bearings:** Calibration of friction loss, friction in concentric bearings, bearing moduIus, Sommer-field number, heat balance, practical consideration of journal bearing design considerations.

## UNIT IV AIR LUBRICATED BEARING

**Air lubricated bearing:** Advantages and disadvantages, application to Hydrodynamic journal bearings, hydrodynamic thrust bearings. Hydrostatic bearing Analysis including compressibility effect. Study of current concepts of boundary friction and dry friction.

UNIT V	TYPES OF BEARING OIL PADS & BEAR	ING MATERIALS
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**Types of bearing oil pads:** Hydrostatic bearing wick oiled bearings, oil rings, pressure feed bearing, partial bearings –externally pressurized bearings.

Bearing materials: General requirements of bearing materials, types of bearing materials.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Tribology by Basu, SenGupta and Ahuja, PHI
- 2. Tribology in Industry by Sushil Kumar Srivatsava, S. Chand &Co.

**Reference Books:** 

1. Tribology by B.C. Majumdar

NANO TECHNOLOGY									
IV B. TECH I Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week Credits Maximum Marks							
A5ME51	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100	

## **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

Nano Technology is one of the core subjects of multidisciplinary nature. This has extensive applications in the field of energy; electronics Etc., built to specifications by manufacturing matter on the atomic scale, the Nano products would exhibit an order of magnitude improvement in strength, toughness, and efficiency. The course will give insight into many aspects of nanotechnology and their applications in the prospective of materials science

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course student will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate various concepts of nanotechnology and explain effect of size on different properties of nano materials.
- 2. Explain properties, microstructure and defects in nano materials.
- 3. Explain how to synthesize nano materials
- 4. Enumerate and explain various characterization methods of nano materials
- 5. Explain applications of nanotechnology.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Defining nanotechnology, Importance of Nano-technology, nano scale comparison, Challenges in nanotechnology. Nano science vs Nanotechnology, Classification-According to their origin, dimensions & structural configuration.

Size Effect: Structural differences on the nanoscale, Factors Influencing Properties of nanomaterials, Surface Area and Energy, effect of size on optical, electrical, physical & chemical properties

## UNIT-II UNIQUE PROPERTIES OF NANO MATERIALS

Microstructure and Defects in Nanocrystalline Materials: Dislocations, Twins, stacking faults and voids, Grain Boundaries, triple, and disclinations, Effect of Nano-dimensions on Materials Behavior: Elastic properties, Melting Point, Diffusivity, Grain growth characteristics, enhanced solid solubility, Magnetic Properties: Soft magnetic Nanocrystalline alloy, Permanent magnetic Nanocrystalline materials, Giant Magnetic Resonance, Electrical Properties, Optical Properties, Thermal Properties, and Mechanical Properties.

UNIT-III SYNTHESIS OF NANO MATERIALS

**Physical Methods:** Mechanical Methods, Methods based on Evaporation, Sputter Deposition, Chemical Vapour Deposition, Electric Arc Deposition, Ion Beam Technique, Molicular Beam Epitaxy.

**Chemical Methods:** Synthesis of Metal nanoparticles by colloidal route, Sol-Gel Method, Hydrothermal synthesis, Sonochemical Synthesis, Microwave Synthesis

## UNIT-IV NANO MATERIALS CHARACTERIZATION

**Nanomaterial's characterization:** Instrumentation Fractionation principles of Particle size measurements, Particle size and its distribution, XRD, Zeta potential Microscopies SEM, TEM, Atomic Forced Microscopy, Scanning and Tunneling Microscopy

## UNIT-V APPLICATIONS OF NANO MATERIALS

Nano-medical and healthcare applications, Textiles, Paints, Energy, Defence and Space Applications, Future transportation benefits.

## **Text Books:**

- Text Book of Nano Science and Nano Technology B.S. Murthy, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B.B. Rath and James Munday, University Press-IIM.
- 2. Introduction to Nanotechnology Charles P. Poole, Jr., and Frank J. Owens, Wley India Edition, 2012.

- 1. Nano: The Essentials by T. Pradeep, Mc Graw- Hill Education.
- 2. Nanomaterials, Nanotechnologies and Design by Michael F. Ashby, Paulo J. Ferreira and Daniel L. Schodek.
- 3. Transport in Nano structures- David Ferry, Cambridge University press 2000
- 4. Nanofabrication towards biomedical application: Techniques, tools, Application and impact Ed. Challa S.,S. R. Kumar, J. H. Carola.
- 5. Carbon Nanotubes: Properties and Applications- Michael J. O'Connell
- 6. Electron Transport in Mesoscopic systems S. Dutta, Cambridge University press

INDUSTRIAL SAFETY ENGINEERING											
IV B. TECH I Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING											
Course Code	Cotogory Hour			<b>eek</b>	Crodits	Ma	Maximum Marks				
	Category	L	Τ	P		CIE	SEE	Total			
A5ME52	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100			
ASMES2FEC30033070100COURSE OVERVIEW:Safety is one of the key dimensions of engineering asset management. Safety by design or prevention through design is in the core for maintaining engineering systems safe. The objective of this course is to impart knowledge on different facets and aspects of engineering systems safety, focusing on tools, techniques and methodologies needed for prevention of occurrences of unsafe operations and accidents under different industrial settings. Upon completion of the course, the students will be equipped with concepts of engineering systems safety, dimensions of engineering systems safety, safety design and analysis mathematics, design for engineering systems safety and control for safety, and integrating safety with other operational goals such as quality and reliability.											
By studying this 1. Und	<b>COMES:</b> course, the stud lerstand the princ agement of main	<b>ent sho</b> iples, fu tenance	uld be inction activit	e able ns and ities.	<b>to:</b> practices adap	oted in indu	stry for the	successful			

- 2. Understand the different maintenance categories like Preventive maintenance, condition monitoring and repair of machine elements.
- 3. Understand safety engineering aspects in industry.

	INTRODUCTION TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL SAFETY
UNITI	AND MANAGEMENT

Introduction to the development of industrial safety and management: History and development of Industrial safety: Implementation of factories act, Formation of various councils, Safety and productivity, Safety organizations. Safety committees, safety committee structure, roll of management and roll of Govt. in industrial safety, Safety analysis.

UNIT II ACCIDENT PREVENTIONS PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT'S AND THE ACTS

Personal protective equipment, Survey the plant for locations and hazards, Part of body to be protected, Education and training in safety, Prevention causes and cost of accident, Housekeeping, First aid, Fire fighting equipment, Accident reporting, Investigations, Industrial psychology in accident prevention, Safety trials.

UNIT III SAFETY ACTS

Features of Factory Act, Introduction of Explosive Act, Boiler Act, ESI Act, Workman's compensation Act, Industrial hygiene, Occupational safety, Disease prevention, Ergonomics, Occupational diseases, stress, fatigue, health, safety and the physical environment, Engineering methods of controlling chemical hazards, safety and the physical environment, Control of industrial noise and protection against it, Code and regulations for worker safety and health.

UNIT IV PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF MAINTENANCE PLANNING:

Basic Principles of maintenance planning – Objectives and principles of planned maintenance activity – Importance and benefits of sound Maintenance systems –Reliability and machine availability,

B.Tech–Mech Academic Regulations & Syllabus–MLR20

Equipment Life cycle, Measures for Maintenance Performance: Equipment's breakdowns, Mean Time Between Failures, Mean Time To Repair, Factors of availability, Maintenance organization, Maintenance economics.

UNIT V MAINTENANCE POLICIES AND PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Maintenance categories – Comparative merits of each category – Preventive maintenance, Maintenance schedules: Repair cycle, Principles and methods of lubrication, Fault Tree Analysis, Total Productive Maintenance: Methodology and Implementation

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Srivastava, S.K., "Industrial Maintenance Management", S. Chand and Co.
- 2. Bhattacharya, S.N., "Installation, Servicing and Maintenance", S. Chand and Co.
- 3. Willie Hammer, "Occupational Safety Management and Engineering", Prentice Hall

- 1. White, E.N., "Maintenance Planning", Documentation, Gower Press
- 2. Garg, M.R., "Industrial Maintenance", S. Chand and Co.
- 3. Higgins, L.R., "Maintenance Engineering Hand book", 5th Edition, McGraw Hill
- 4. Armstrong, "Condition Monitoring", BSIRSA
- 5. Davies, "Handbook of Condition Monitoring", Chapman and Hall
- 6. Ray Asfahl, C., "Industrial Safety and Health Management", 5th Edition, Prentice Hall
- 7. S.C.Mishra, "Reliability and Maintenance Engineering", New Age Publishing house

## **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – IV**

FRACTURE MECHANICS									
IV B.TECH I Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Category Hours/Week Credits MaximumMarks							
A5ME53	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100	

## **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

Fracture mechanics is a failure theory that determines material failure by energy criteria, possibly in conjunction with strength (or yield) criteria and considers failure to be propagating throughout the structure rather than simultaneous throughout the entire failure zone or surface. This course will impart the knowledge on basic concepts and principles of fracture mechanics, elastic fracture mechanics and applications of fracture mechanics.

## **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course, the student will be able to,

- 1. Describe the crack and its effect on the service
- 2. Solve the elastic crack problems
- 3. Demonstrate energy principle and concepts of fatigue crack growth.
- 4. Solve problems of elastic plastic fracture mechanics.
- 5. Explain applications of fracture mechanics.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: Crack in a Structure – Griffth Criterion – Cleavage fracture–Ductile fracture– Fatigue Cracking. Service failure analysis.

## UNIT-II ELASTICCRACK

Elastic Crack: Elastic Crack tip stress field – Solution to crack problems. Effect of finite size stress intensity factor – Special cases – Irwin plastic zone correction. Actual shape of plastic zone – Plane stress – Plane strain

## UNIT-III ENERGY PRINCIPLE & FATIGUE CRACK GROWTH

Energy Principle: Energy release rate - Criterion for crack growth - Crack resistance curve -

Principles of crack arrest – Crack arrest in practice.

Fatigue Crack Growth: Fatigue crack growth test, stress intensity factor, factors affecting stress

intensity factor - Variable amplitude service loading, retardation model.

## UNIT-IV ELASTIC PLASTIC FRACTURE MECHANICS

Elastic Plastic Fracture Mechanics: Elastic plastic fracture concept – Crack tip opening displacement – J- integral technique; Determination of J-using FEM.

## UNIT-V APPLICATION OF FRACTURE MECHANICS

Application of Fracture Mechanics: Fracture design – Selection of materials –fatigue crack growth rate curve – Stress intensity fact orrange –Use of crack growth law.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. David Broek Elementary Engineering Fracture Mechanics: Sifth off an Noordhoff Internal Publishers 1978.
- 2. John M. Barson and Stanely T. Rolfe: Fracture and Fatigue Control in Structures Prentice Hall, Inc. USA 1987.

- 1. Jean Cemative and Jean Louis Chboche Mechanics of Solid Materials, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1987.
- 2. Prashant Kumar, "Elements of Fracture Mechanics", Wheeler Publications, 1999

MACHINE DYNAMICS & VIBRATIONS										
IV B. TECH I Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Ho	Hours/Week Credits Maximum Marks					<b>Iarks</b>		
A5ME54	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total		
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100		

## **COURSE OVERVIEW**

The primary focus of this course is to make the students understand the concepts of vibrations, limitations of vibrations in industry and to the concepts how to minimize the vibrations for the better performance of the machines.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the various systems of vibrations in a machine and to compute them, can apply the concepts to differentiate various classifications.
- 2. Can formulate the relations for various types of vibrations conditions using FFT
- 3. Solve the problems on rotor dynamic issues.
- 4. Explain the various factors for vibrations and can demonstrate them.
- 5. Demonstrate various instruments used to measure vibrations.

UNIT-I MULTI DEGREE OF FREEDOM SYSTEMS (MDOF)

Derivation of equations of motion for mechanical lumped parameter systems FORCED RESPONSES Forced response of MDOF systems; vibration absorber Free and forced response of continuous systems (beams, shafts in torsion and bending)

Frequency response function (FRF) and their main features Fourier Series, Analysis and the Fourier Transform; FFT TIME DOMAIN FACTORS Leakage, Windowing and Aliasing, Time domain response prediction using Fourier transform (DuHamel's principle)

## UNIT-III ROTOR DYNAMICS

Response to out of balance Whirling of shafts Critical speeds BALANCING Balancing, static balance and dynamic imbalance.

## UNIT-IV VIBRATION INDUCED FATIGUE

Calculation of stress from vibration mode shape and amplitude Input to fatigue calculations; Goodman diagrams

UNIT-V VIBRATION MEASUREMENTS

B.Tech-Mech Academic Regulations & Syllabus-MLR20

Transducers: linear displacement, angular displacement, angular velocity, pressure Data acquisition: resolution, aliasing.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Mechanical Vibrations by William J. Palm, 2007. ISBN: 9780471345558
- 2. Dynamics and Vibrations, An introduction, by Magd Abdel Wahab, Wiley (2008) ISBN 978-0-470-72300-5.
- 3. Engineering Mechanics, Dynamics, Hibbeler, any edition, and Design of Machinery, Robert L Norton, any edition.

- 1. Cheli F., Diana G., Advanced Dynamics of Mechanical Systems, Editore: Springer, Anno edizione: 2015, ISBN: 978-3-319-18199-8
- Singiresu S. Rao, Mechanical Vibrations, Editore: Pearson, Anno edizione: 2016, ISBN: 978-0134361307

MACHINE TOOL DESIGN									
IV B. TECH I Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Но	urs / V	Week	Credits	Ma	ximum	Marks	
45ME55	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total	
	TLC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100	
<b>COURSE OVERVIEW:</b> This course is intended to introduce Design of machine tool structures, Design and analysis of systems for specified speeds and feeds and selection of subsystems for achieving high accuracy in machining.									
COURSE OUT CO	MES:								
At the end of the co	urse, the student will	be ab	le to,						
<ol> <li>Explain basic concepts of machine tool drives and mechanisms.</li> <li>Design and analyze systems for specified speeds and feeds.</li> <li>Design machine tool structures.</li> <li>Design Guideways, Power Screws and Spindles</li> <li>Design Spindles and Spindle Supports.</li> </ol>									
UNIT-I INTRO	DUCTION								
Introduction to Mach Auxiliary Motions in	nine Tool Drives and I Machine Tools, Kiner	Mecha natics	anism s of M	s: Intro achine	duction to Tools, Mo	the countriant the the the the the the the the the th	ırse, Wo nsmissi	orking and on.	
UNIT-II REGUI	LATION OF SPEEDS	5 ANI	D FEI	EDS					
Regulation of Speed Speeds, Multiple Speed Moto Feed Drives, Feed Bo	ls and Feeds: Aim of ors, Ray Diagrams and ox Design.	Spee Desi	ed and gn Co	l Feed	Regulations, Des	on, Stepp sign of S	bed Reg	gulation of ear Boxes,	
UNIT-III DESIG	N OF MACHINE TO	OL S	STRU	CTUR	ES				
Design of Machine Tool Structures: Functions of Machine Tool Structures and their Requirements, Design for Strength, Design for Rigidity, Materials for Machine Tool Structures, Machine Tool Constructional Features, Beds and Housings, Columns and Tables, Saddles and Carriages.									
UNIT-IV DESIG	N OF GUIDEWAYS	AND	POW	ER S	CREWS				
Design of Guideways Guideways, Design Guideways, Design o	s, Power Screws and S of Aerostatic Slidewa of Power Screws.	pindle ys, D	es: Fu esign	nctions of Ant	and Type	s of Guid Guidew	leways, ays, Co	Design of ombination	

UNIT-V	DESIGN OF SPINDLES AND SPINDLE SUPPORTS								
Design of S Machine To	Design of Spindles and Spindle Supports: Functions of Spindles and Requirements, Effect of Machine Tool Compliance on Machining Accuracy, Design of Spindles, Antifriction Bearings.								
Text Books	5:								
1. 2010.	Machine Tool Design and Numerical Control by N.K. Mehta, TMH, New Delhi,								
2. Agene	Principles of Machine Tools by G.C. Sen and A. Bhattacharya, New Central Book cy, 2009.								
3.	Design of Machine Tools by D. K Pal, S. K. Basu, 5thEdition, Oxford IBH, 2008.								
Reference	Books:								
1. 2.	Machine Tool Design by N. S. Acherkhan, Vol. I, II, III and IV, MIR publications Tool Design by Cyril Donaldson, 5th Edition, Mc Graw Hill.								

Course Code	Category	Ho	irs / V	Veek	Credits	M	aximum	Marks		
		L	Т	P	C	CIE SEE TOTA				
A5ME56	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	30         70         101			
COURSE OVERV	TEW:	•	•		•	•	•			
•										
COURSE OUTCO	<b>MES:</b>									
At the end of th	e course student	s are al	ble to							
1. Ability to pe	erform Planning, S	Schedul	ing an	d contr	rol of Flexible	e Manufa	cturing s	ystems		
2. Perform sim	ulation on softwa	re's use	e of gro	oup tec	chnology to p	roduct cla	ssificatio	n		
UNIT-I PLANN	ING. SCHEDUI	LING A	ND C	CONT	ROL OF FM	[S				
Introduction to flex	xible manufactur	ing svs	tems.	Plann	ing and sche	duling a	nd contro	ol of FMS		
Knowledge based s	scheduling. The I	Develop	oment	of Ma	nufacturing s	systems. 1	Pallets, F	Fixtures an		
Machines, work har	ndling system lay	outs			U	5	,			
UNIT-II COMPU	TER CONTRO	L AND	SOF	ГWAF	<b>RE FOR FM</b>	S				
Hierarchy of comp	uter control Sur	ervisor	v com	nuter	System Mar	agement	Tool M	anagemen		
Simulation and Ana	lvsis in the Desig	n of FN	лs	paren	System mu	ugement,	100110	unugenien		
				<b>CIE</b>						
UNIT-III FMS SI	MULATION AN	D DA		SE	ation and cal	laction to	anda an	nlightion of		
simulation software	Simulation Mod	e UI FI	or FM	pecific S	ation and se		enus, ap	plication (		
				STEN	IS DESIGN					
Manufacturing data	systems data flo	w CAI	$\frac{10.51}{10}$	$\frac{S}{I}$ CONS	iderations Pl	anning F	MS datal	nase just i		
time characteristics	pull method, a	uality s	mall 1	ot size	es, work stati	ion loads.	close si	upplier ties		
flexible workforce -	— line flow strate	egy. Sin	nulatio	n for F	FMS Design.	ion louds,		apprior tion		
	CATIONS OF F	MS AN		CTOR	V OF THE	FUTURE	,			
Dravantiva maintan	ance Kenhen av			ontotic	n issues Ea		ustificati	on of EMS		
Artificial Intelligen	ance. Kandan sy	stem, n f EMS	npiem	entatic	II Issues. EC	ononne ji	ustificatio			
	te in the Design C									
ext Books:										
1. Jha, N.K. "H	landbook of flexil	ble man	ufactu	uring sy	ystems", Aca	demic Pre	ess Inc., 1	.991.		
eferenceBooks:										

- 1. Radhakrishnan P. and Subramanyam S., "CAD/CAM/CIM", Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Age International Ltd., 1994
- 2. Groover M.P., "Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing", Prentice Hall of India Pvt., New Delhi, 1996.
- Kalpakjian, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Addison-Wesley Publishing Co., 1995

## **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – V**

INDUSTRY 4.0										
IV B.TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week		Credits	Maximum Marks					
		L	Т	Р		CIE	SEE	Total		
A5ME57 PEC 3 0 0 3 30 70 100										
COURSE OVE	COURSE OVERVIEW:									

Industry 4.0 is commonly referred to as the fourth industrial revolution. Many modern technological developments such as artificial intelligence, quantum computing, gene sequencing, augmented and virtual reality, 5th generation (5G) wireless communication technologies, and 3D printing acted as the step- ping stone toward the evolution of Industry 4.0. This course will give insights into the important aspects of Industry 4.0 aligned with Industrial Internet of Things.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## By studying this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Summarize the history of the industrial revolution and the evolution of Industry 4.0.
- 2. Outline the concept and basic features of the Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT)
- 3. Interpolate the major technologies such as cloud computing, fog computing, AR, VR, Big Data and Advance Analytics applicable to smart factories.
- 4. Exemplifies the usage of Sensors and Actuators applicable to smart factories.
- 5. Outline the purpose and applications of Industrial robots in integrated manufacturing environment.

## UNIT I INDUSTRY 4.0

Industrial revolution: Phases of development. Evolution of Industry 4.0 - Concepts and Components of Industry 4.0 - Supportive Technologies - Adaptive robotics, Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS), Additive manufacturing, Cloud technologies, AR/VR, Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence. Economic potential. Drivers of Industry 4.0 - megatrends – tipping points.

## UNIT II INDUSTRIAL INTERNET OF THINGS (IIOT)

**Industrial Internet of Things (IIoT)** – Benefits - Prerequisites of IIoT - Comparison between IoT and IIoT - Applications of IIoT - Features of IIoT for industrial processes. Industrial Internet Systems – Design – Impact - Economic perspective - Energy consumption perspective - Physical assets - Benefits of Industrial Internet.

**Industrial plant** – The future architecture - viewpoint of industrial processes - functional viewpoint - operational viewpoint.

UNIT III OFF-SITE & ON-SITE TECHNOLOGIES

**Off-site Technologies -** Cloud Computing - Necessity of cloud computing - Cloud computing services in IIoT - Cloud models - Fog computing - fog computing in industrial analytics - Advantages of fog-enabled industries - Applications of fog.

**On-site Technologies** - Augmented Reality - History of AR, Categorization of AR, Applications of AR. Virtual Reality - History of VR, Categorization of VR, Applications of VR. Big Data and Advanced Analytics - Characteristics of big data - Big data acquisition and storage - Necessity of data analytics - Types of analytics.

## UNIT IV SMART FACTORIES

**Smart factories** - Characteristics of smart factory- Technologies used in smart factories. Lean manufacturing system - Value streams in lean production system - Necessity of lean production

system - Implementation of lean manufacturing system.

**Sensors -** Introduction to Sensors – Characteristics - Sensor calibration - Sensor profile - Sensor accuracy - Sensor resolution - Sensor rating - Operating voltage – Output - Sensor Categories - Thermal sensors - Mechanical sensors - Electrical sensors - Optical sensors - Acoustic sensors. **Actuators -** Thermal Actuators - Hydraulic Actuators - Pneumatic Actuators - Electromechanical Actuators -

#### UNIT V ROBOTICS IN THE ERA OF INDUSTRY 4.0

Robotics in the Era of Industry 4.0 - Technological Components of Robots - Internet of Robotic Things - Cloud Robotics - Cognitive Architecture for Cyber-Physical Robotics. Industrial Robotic Applications – Manufacturing, Maintenance, and Assembly.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Introduction to Industrial Internet of Tings and Industry 4.0, Sudip Misra Chandana Roy Anandarup Mukherjee, CRC Press. *ISBN 9780367897581* 

MECHATRONICS								
IV B. TECH II Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING								
Course Code	Category	Hours/Week Credits Maximum Marks						
A EMILEO	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASMIESS		3	0	0	3	30	70	100

## **COURSEOVERVIEW:**

This program, developed in direct response to industrial demand for engineers with multidisciplinary skills, is a combination of mechanical, electronics, control, computer and systems design engineering streams. The program allows engineers to design construct and run factory production lines and automated processes, where they use their skills in computers, microcontrollers, programmable logic controllers, programming, industrial sensors, hydraulic, pneumatic and electric drives, design of mechanical structures and mechanisms and knowledge of manufacturing processes.

## **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course, the student will be able to,

- 1. Demonstrate basic concepts of mechatronics.
- 2. Explain actuators and elements of motion control.
- 3. Classify and discuss about sensors.
- 4. Explain elements and working of various transducers.
- 5. Explain concepts of PLC's and artificial intelligence.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: Evolution of Mechatronics, Modules in Mechatronic Systems, Design process, Control Systems - Open and Closed loop systems, Analog and digital control systems, Mechatronics in Manufacturing – Adaptive and distributed control systems–Modelling and simulation of mechatronics

## UNIT-II ACTUATORS & MOTION CONTROL

Actuators and Motion Control: Characteristics of Mechanical, electrical, Hydraulic and pneumatic actuators and their limitations. Control parameters and system objectives. Mechanical configurations, Popular control system configurations, S-curve, Motor/load inertia machining, design with linear studies.

## UNIT-III SENSORS

Sensors: Definition of sensor, Classification of sensors by function, Classification of performance, Performance parameters, Classification of sensors by output, Pressure sensors, flow sensors, Hall-effect sensors-Linear and threshold type, Light sensors-photo diodes, Proximity Sensors-Inductive and Ultrasonic type; Optical sensor.

## UNIT-IV TRANSDUCERS

Transducers: Difference between transducer and sensor, Transducer principle, Photo electric transducers-photo emissive transducer, photo conductive transducer, photovoltaic transducer; Inductive transducers, Capacitive Transducers, pyro electric transducers, piezo electric transducer, Ionization transducers, strain gauge, load cells and flow transducers.

#### UNIT-V PLCs & ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

PLCs: Programmable Logic Controllers Architecture of Programmable Logic Controllers – Input/output modules – programming methods – Timers and counters – Master control – Branching – Data handling – Analog input/output – Selection of PLC and troubleshooting. AI: Intelligent Mechatronics and Case Studies Fuzzy logic control and Artificial Neural Networks in mechatronics – Algorithms – Computer based instrumentation – Real-time Data

Networks in mechatronics – Algorithms – Computer based instrumentation – Real-time Data Acquisition and Control – Software integration – Man Machine interface –Vision system.

**Text Books:** 

1. Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems, Tata McGraw Hill

2. Ganesh S.Hegde, Mechatronics, University Science Press.

- 1. Designing Intelligent Machines, Michel B.Histand and David G.Alciatore, Open University London
- 2. Control Sensors and Actuators, ICW. Desiha, Prentice Hall

INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS								
IV B.TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING								
Course Code	Category	Hours/Week		Credits	Maximum Marks		Marks	
A 5ME 50	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASIVIESY	TEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100

## **COURSE OVERVIEW:**

Today robot finds applications in industries, medical and other fields. For example, in eye surgery (replacement of retina), where a cylindrical portion needs to be replaced, the operation is best done by robots. Mobile robots like walking machines, hopping machines are examples of robots, Nuclear and power plants uses fish like robots which move inside pipes for purpose of inspection. This course will give an insight on various types of industrial robots, their kinematic and kinetic aspects, different types of grippers, mechanics of grippers, trajectory planning etc.

## **COURSE OUT COMES:**

#### At the end of the course, the student will be able to,

- 1. Demonstrate different types of robots, specifications of robots and different end effectors used in robots.
- 2. Analyze gripper forces and evaluate composite rotation and transformation matrices.
- 3. Model forward, inverse and differential kinematics of robot manipulators.
- 4. Explain trajectory planning techniques; formulate lagrangian euler and newton euler equations.
- 5. Explain about actuators, feedback components used in robots and industrial applications.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: Automation and Robotics, Asimov's laws, Robot Architecture, Components, Anatomy of robot, Factors to be considered in the selection of robot, present and future applications, Specifications - Degree of freedom, Pay load, Parts per hour, Accuracy, Repeatability, Speed, Work space, Work volume, Work envelope, classification of robots based on configuration and control systems

End effectors: Mechanical and Non-mechanical grippers, Types of actuation mechanisms, requirements for the design of grippers, considerations for the selection of grippers.

## UNIT-II MOTION ANALYSIS

Motion Analysis: Basic Rotation Matrices, Euler Angles, Composite Rotation Matrices. Homogeneous transformations as applicable to rotation and translation – problems.

## UNIT-III MANIPULATOR & DIFFERENTIAL KINEMATICS

Manipulator Kinematics: D-H notation, D-H method of Assignment of frames, D-H Transformation Matrix, joint coordinates and world coordinates, Forward kinematics of 2R, RP, 3R and SCARA manipulators and Inverse kinematics of 2R, RP and 3R manipulators.

UNIT-IV	TRAJECTORY PLANNING & DYANIMCS						
Trajectory Planning: Definition of Trajectory planning, Path, Trajectory, Knot points, Steps							
involved in trajectory planning, Trajectory planning techniques-Joint space and Cartesian space							
techniques, Cubic polynomial trajectory.							
UNIT-V	ACTUATORS, FEEDBACK COMPONENTS & APPLICATIONS						
Actuators:	Actuators: Pneumatic, Hydraulic actuators, electric & stepper motors, comparison of Actuators,						
Feedback (	Feedback Components: Position sensors - potentiometers, resolvers, optical encoders, Velocity						
sensor, Co	sensor, Contact Sensors-Touch sensors, Tactile and Range sensors, Force and Torque sensors,						
Proximity s	Proximity sensor, Inductive sensor.						
Robot App	Robot Application in Manufacturing: Material Transfer - Material handling, loading and						
unloading-	Processing - spot and continuous arc welding & spray painting - Assembly and						
Inspection.							
<b>Text Book</b>	s:						
1. Industria	al Robotics by Groover M P, Pearson Edu.						
2. Robotics	s and Control by Mittal RK & Nagrath IJ,TMH.						
3. Theory of	of Applied Robotics (kinematics, Dynamics and Control) - Jazar, Springer.						
Reference	Books:						
1. Fu K S,	Robotics, McGraw Hill.						
2. Spony a	2. Spony and Vidyasagar, Robot Dynamics and Control, John Wiley						
3. Asada a	3. Asada and Slotine, Robot Analysis and control, Wiley Inter-Science						

4. John J Craig, Introduction to Robotics, Pearson Education

PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE MANAGEMENT								
IV B.TECH II Semester: MECHANICAL ENGINEERING								
Course Code	Category	Но	urs/W	eek	Credits	Maxi	imum M	larks
A 5ME60	PEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASIVILOU	ASIVIE00 PEC		0	0	3	30	70	100
COURSEOVERVIEW:								

This course aim at provides the students with knowledge about how a Product Lifecycle Management (PLM) system is used to structure and manage the information which guides the product during its lifecycle. The course identifies different stakeholders which both generates and consumes information related to the product and its manufacturing system over the lifecycle. The course also presents an overview of integration of PLM with other applications.

## **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

## At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain basic concepts of product life cycle management.
- 2. Demonstrate product development approaches.
- 3. Explain elements of product modelling.
- 4. Discuss in detail the concept of product data management.
- 5. Discuss about integration of PLM with other applications.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION TO PLM

Background, Overview, Need, Benefits, Concept of Product Life Cycle. Components / Elements of PLM, Emergence of PLM, Significance of PLM, Customer Involvement. Product Data and Product Workflow, Company's PLM vision, The PLM Strategy, Principles for PLM strategy, Preparing for the PLM strategy, Developing a PLM strategy, Strategy identification and selection, Change Management for PLM

## UNIT-II PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

Product Development Approaches: Bottom-up design, Top-down design, Front-loading design workflow, Design in context, Modular design. Concurrent engineering, partnership with supplier, collaborative and Internet based design, work structuring and team deployment, Product and process systemization, problem, identification and solving methodologies, improving product development solutions

## UNIT-III PRODCUT MODELING

Product Modelling - Definition of concepts - Fundamental issues – Role of Process chains and product models - Types of product models – model standardization efforts-types of process chains - Industrial demands. Foundation technologies and standards (e.g. visualization, collaboration and enterprise application integration)

UNIT-IV	PRODUCT DATA MANAGEMENT					
Product I	Data Management (PDM) –Benefits and Terminology, PDM functions,					
definition and architectures of PDM systems, product data interchange, portal integration, PDM						
acquisition and implementation. Information authoring tools (e.g., MCAD, ECAD, and technical						
publishing),	, Core functions (e.g., data vaults, document and content management, workflow and					
program management), Functional applications (e.g., configuration Management).						
UNIT-V	UNIT-V INTEGRATION OF PLM WITH OTHER APPLICATIONS, PLM SOFTWARES					
Different ways to integrate PLM systems, Transfer file, Database integration, System roles, ERP Optimization of ERP for PLM and CAD. Different ways to integrate PLM systems, Transfer file, Database integration, System roles, ERP						
Optimization of ERP for PLM and CAD. PLM Softwares - Basic features and modules of ENOVIA and Windchill.						
Text Books	5:					
<ol> <li>Grieve</li> <li>Saaks</li> <li>Dream</li> </ol>	es, Michael. Product Lifecycle Management, McGraw-Hill, 2006. ISBN 0071452303 wuori Antti / ImmonenAnselmie, product Life Cycle Management Springer, ntech,3-540- 25731-4.					
<b>Reference</b>	Books:					
1. Stark, Sprin 2. Fabio Taylo	, John. Product Lifecycle Management: Paradigm for 21st Century Product Realisation, ger-Verlag, 2004. ISBN 1852338105. Giudice, Guido La Rosa, Product Design for the environment -A life cycle approach, r & Francis 2006.					

# **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE – VI**

**Work Study:** Introduction — definition — objectives — steps in work study — Method study — definition, objectives — steps of method study. Work Measurement — purpose — types of study — stop watch methods — steps — key rating — allowances — standard time calculations — work sampling.

**Statistical Quality Control:** variables attributes, Shewhart control charts for variables-chart, R chart– Attributes- Defective - Defect- Charts for attributes - p - chart - c chart (simple Problems), Acceptance Sampling- Single sampling- Double sampling plans-OCcurves.

## UNIT-V JOB EVALUATION & PROJECT MANAGEMENT

**Job Evaluation:** Methods of job evaluation — simple routing objective systems—classification method factor comparison method, point method, benefits of job evaluation and limitations.

**Project Management(PERT/CPM):** Network Analysis, Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Critical Path Method (CPM), Identifying critical path, Probability of Completing the project within given time, Project Cost Analysis, Project Crashing. (simple problems).

#### TextBooks:

- 1. Industrial Engineering and Management/O.P. Khanna/KhannaPublishers.
- 2. Industrial Engineering and Management Science/T.R. Banga and S.C. Sarma /Khanna Publishers.

- 1. Motion and Time Study by Ralph M Barnes! John Willey & Sons Work Study by LO.
- 2. Human factors in Engineering & Design/Ernest J McCormick/TMH.
- 3. Production & Operation Management /Paneer Selvam/PHI.
- 4. Industrial Engineering Management/NVS Raju/Cengage Learning.
- 5. Industrial Engineering Hand Book/Maynard.
- 6. Industrial Engineering Management I Ravi Shankar/Galgotia.

	OPERAT	IONS	RES	EARC	H			
IV B. TECH II Sem	ester: MECHANIC	AL E	NGIN	EERI	NG			
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week Credits Maximum M				Marks		
		L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME62	PEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
COURSE OVERVIE	W•	5	U	0	5	50	70	100
Operations research is useful in the man in to basic compone givesinsightofLinea COURSE OUTCOM	(OR) is an analytical agement of organizati ents and then solved i rProgramming,Transp ES:	l meth ons. In n defi portati	od of n oper ned st on,ass	problem ations f eps by signment	m-solving research, p mathemat ntproblema	and dec problems tical ana s,sequen	ision-ma are bro lysis. Th cingetc.	aking that ken down nis course
At the end of the cou 1. Describe types	rse student will be abl of models and solve li	le to inear p	progra	mming	problem.			
<ol> <li>Solve transport</li> <li>Analyze sequer</li> <li>Apply gaming the cost.</li> <li>Model and solv</li> </ol>	heory for optimal decis	t mode	alls and aking a	d apply and ana	them for our of the them for our of the them for our of the them for the them for the them for the them for the	optimiza tory mod	tion. els to op	otimize
UNIT-I INTROD	UCTION&ALLOCA	ATIO	N		>			
Development – Defir models – applications ALLOCATION: Lin method– Artificial va	nition– Characteristics s. lear Programming Pr riables techniques: Ty ORTATION&ASSI	s and F coblem wo-ph <b>GNM</b> I	Phases n - Fo nase m ENTP	– Typ ormulat iethod, <b>PROBI</b>	es of mode ion – Gra Big-M me LEMS	els – Ope aphical s ethod; Di	erations solution uality Pr	Research –Simplex inciple.
TRANSPORTATION problem,Degeneracy ASSIGNMENT PRC Traveling Salesman p	N PROBLEM: Form BLEM: Formulation problem.	ulatio	n–Opt	timal s	olution, u	inbalance s of Assi	ed trans	portation Problem;
UNIT-III SEQUEN SEQUENCING: Intr through three mac REPLACEMENT: I money value is not Replacement.	CING & REPLACE oduction – Flow –Sho hines – Job shop ntroduction – Replac counted and counted	Dep seque seque cemen – Rej	T uencing encing t of i placen	ng - n $g - t^{2}$ $tems t^{2}$ nent of	jobs throu wo jobs hat deteric items tha	gh two r through orate wi at fail co	nachine: 'm' ith time ompletel	s – n jobs machines – when y- Group
UNIT-IV THEORY THEORY OF GAM without saddle points	<b>OFGAME &amp; INVE</b> ES: Introduction –Ter s- 2 x 2 games –m x	NTO rminol 2 & 2	RY logy– xng	Solutio ames -	on of game graphical	es with s method	saddle p – m x i	oints and 1 games -

dominance principle. INVENTORY: Introduction – Single item, Deterministic models – Types -Purchase inventory models with one price break and multiple price breaks –Stochastic models – demand discrete variable or continuous variable – Single Period model with no setup cost.

**UNIT-V** 

WAITING LINES: Introduction - Terminology-Single Channel - Poisson arrivals and

Exponential Service times – with infinite population and finite population models– Multichannel – Poisson arrivals and exponential service times with infinite population.

DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING: Introduction – Terminology- Bellman's Principle of Optimality – Applications of dynamic programming- shortest path problem – linear programming problem.

**Text Books:** 

- 1. Operation Research by J.K.Sharma, MacMilan.
- 2. Operations Research by ACS Kumar, Yesdee

**Reference Books:** 

- 1. Operations Research: Methods and Problems by Maurice Saseini, Arhur Yaspan and Lawrence Friedman
- 2. Operations Research by A.M.Natarajan, P.Balasubramaniam, A.Tamilarasi, Pearson Education.

3. Operations Research by Wagner, PHI Publications.

4. Introduction to O.R by Hillier & Libermann, TMH.

TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT								
IV B. TECH II Semester : MECHANICAL ENGINEERING								
Course Code	Category	Hours/Week		Veek	Credits	Maximum Marks		Marks
A 5MIE (2	DEC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
ASIME03	rec	3	0	0	3	30	70	100

## **COURSE OVERVIEW**

Total Quality Management (TQM) is an approach that organizations use to improve their internal processes and increase customer satisfaction. When it is properly implemented, this style of management can lead to decreased costs related to corrective or preventative maintenance, better overall performance, and an increased number of happy and loyal customers. This course is developed to impart knowledge on principles, tools and techniques of TQM, control charts, quality cost and systems.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

#### At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate basic concepts of total quality management.
- 2. Explain principles of total quality management.
- 3. Explain seven tools of quality, management tools and bench marking.
- 4. Enumerate and describe various control charts, quality costs and quality management.
- 5. Explain quality systems for TQM.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction – Need for quality – Evolution of quality – Definitions of quality – Dimensions of product and service quality – Basic concepts of TQM – TQM Framework – Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby – Barriers to TQM – Quality statements – Customer focus – Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention

## UNIT-II TQM PRINCIPLES

Leadership – Strategic quality planning, Quality Councils – Employee involvement – Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Quality circles Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal – Continuous process improvement – PDCA cycle, 5S, Kaizen – Supplier partnership – Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

## UNIT-III TQM TOOLS & TECHNIQUES

The seven traditional tools of quality – New management tools – Six sigma: Concepts, Methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT – Bench marking – Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process – FMEA – Stages, Types.

## UNIT-IV CONTROL CHARTS & COST OF QUALITY

Control Charts – Process Capability – Concepts of Six Sigma – Quality Function Development (QFD) – Taguchi quality loss function – TPM – Concepts, improvement needs – Performance measures.

**The Cost of Quality:** Definition of the Cost of Quality, Quality Costs, Measuring Quality Costs, use of Quality Cost information, Accounting Systems and Quality Management.

## UNIT-V QUALITY SYSTEMS

Need for ISO 9000 – ISO 9001-2008 Quality System – Elements, Documentation, Quality Auditing – QS 9000 – ISO 14000 – Concepts, Requirements and Benefits – TQM Implementation in manufacturing and service sectors.

## **Text Books:**

Total Quality Management / Joel E. Ross/Taylor and Franscis Limited
 Total Quality Management/P. N. Mukherjee/PHI

- 1. Beyond TQM / Robert L.Flood
- 2. Statistical Quality Control / E.L. Grant.
- 3. Total Quality Management: A Practical Approach/H. Lal
- 4. Quality Management/Kanishka Bedi/Oxford University Press/2011
- 5. Total Engineering Quality Management/Sunil Sharma/Macmillan

	OPTIMIZA	TIO	N TE	CHNI	QUES			
IV B. TECH II Seme	ster: MECHANIC	AL E	NGIN	EERI	NG			
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week Credits Maximum M					m Marks	
	L T P C CIE SEE						Total	
A5ME04	<b>PEC</b> 3 0 0 3 30 70							
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• Formulate op <b>UNIT-I INTROD</b> Introduction and Clas design vector – desigr surfaces – classificatio	timization problems. UCTION AND CLA sical Optimization 7 a constraints – constraints on of Optimization pr	ASSI Fechn raint s	CAL ( iques: surfac	OPTIN Staten e – obj	<b>11ZATIO</b> nent of an ective fur	N TECI n Optimi action – o	HNIQUI zation p	ES roblem – e function
Classical Optimization without constraints – r Optimization with e Multivariable Optimiz UNIT-II LINEAR PR	n Techniques: Single necessary and sufficient quality constraints. ation with inequality OGRAMMING	e varia ent co Solu const	able C ondition traints	Detimiz Ons for by mo – Kuh	ation – m minimum ethod of n – Tucke	ulti varia /maximu Lagran er conditi	able Opt m – mul ge mult ons.	imizatior tivariable ipliers –
Linear Programming: Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm. Transportation Problem: Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method and Vogel's approximation method – testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems.								
UNIT-IIIUNCONSTUnconstrainedNonClassification, FibonacUnconstrainedOptimdescent method.	RAINED NONLINEAR F alinear Programm acci method and Quad nization Techniques:	PROGF ning: lratic	Cone One interpovarian	ING dim plation t meth	ensional method. od, Powe	minimi ell's met	zation hod and	methods,

## UNIT-IV CONSTRAINED NON LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Constrained Nonlinear Programming: Characteristics of a constrained problem - classification -Basic approach of Penalty Function method - Basic approach of Penalty Function method -Basic approaches of Interior and Exterior penalty function methods - Introduction to convex programming problem.

## UNIT-V DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING

Dynamic Programming: Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Singiresu S. Rao, Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice by John Wiley and Sons, 4th edition, 2009.
- 2. H. S. Kasene & K. D. Kumar, Introductory Operations Research, Springer (India), Pvt. Ltd., 2004

- 1. George Bernard Dantzig, Mukund Narain Thapa, "Linear programming", Springer series in operations research 3rd edition, 2003.
- 2. H.A. Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", 8th Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 3. Kalyanmoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design Algorithms and Examples", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.

		<b>OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE - I</b>						
S. No.	Course Code	Offering Department						
1.	A5ME71	Elements of Mechanical Engineering	Mechanical Engineering					
2.	A5ME72	Fundamentals of Engineering Materials	Mechanical Engineering					
		<b>OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE - II</b>						
3.	A5ME73	Fundamentals of Mechatronics	Mechanical Engineering					
4.	A5ME74	Basics of Thermodynamics						
		<b>OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE - III</b>						
5.	A5ME75	Basics of Robotics	Machanical Engineering					
6.	A5ME76	Fundamentals of Operations Research						
		<b>OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE - IV</b>						
7.	A5ME77	ME77 Introduction to Material Handling Mechanical Engineering						
8.	A5ME78	Renewable Energy Sources						

## **OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES OFFERED BY MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT**

ELEMENTS OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING								
Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - I								
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week Credits Maximum Marks						
		L	т	Ρ	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME71	OEC	3	-	-	3	30	70	100
COURSE OVERVIEW								

This course deals with fundamental concepts of design, manufacturing and thermal engineering.

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course aims to enable the students learn basic concepts of mechanics, materials, thermodynamics, manufacturing and CAD/CAM.

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completing this course the student must demonstrate the knowledge and ability:

- 1. To demonstrate basic concepts of mechanics of rigid and deformable bodies.
- 2. To explain fundamentals of metallurgy and material science.
- 3. To discuss basic concepts and principles of thermodynamics.
- 4. To demonstrate the elements of fabrication processes and equipment.
- 5. To explain basic concepts of CAD/CAM.

UNIT-I MECHANICS

MECHANICS OF RIGID BODIES: Force, Force system, Classification of force systems, triangle law, parallelogram law-derivation and problems, polygon law, resolution of forces in coplanar-concurrent force system-problems; Definition of friction, laws of friction, coefficient of friction, types of friction, angle of friction, angle of repose, Definition of centroid and centre of gravity, pappus and guldinus theorems, problems on centroid of plane areas; Definition of area moment of inertia, parallel axis theorem, perpendicular axis theorem, simple problems on area moment of inertia.

MECHANICS OF DEFORMABLE BODIES: Stress, Strain, Types of stresses and strains, Poisson's ratio, stress-strain curve of mild steel, Hooke's Law, factor of safety, mechanical properties of materials, bulk modulus, shear modulus, bars of uniform and varying sections-simple problems.

#### UNIT-II METALLURGY & MATERIAL SCIENCE

Bonds in Solids, crystallization of metals, Classification of steels, Necessity of alloying, types of solid solutions, lever rule, phase rule, cooling curve of pure iron, Iron-Iron carbide diagram, Heat treatment-Annealing, quenching, normalizing, Hardening, tempering; Ceramic materials-classification, properties and applications.

UNIT-III         THERMO DYNAMICS           System, Control Volume, Surrounding, Boundaries, Universe, Types of Systems, Macroscopic and Microscopic view points, Concept of Continuum, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, State, Property, Process, Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics – Conclaries, First law applied to a Closed System, applied to a flow system, Steady Flow Energy Equation and Limitations of the First Law, Second Law of Thermodynamics, Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements, Carnot cycle and its specialties.           UNIT-IV         MANUFACTRUING           Casting-Types of casting, advantage of casting and its applications, defects in castings; Patterns - Pattern making, Types, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances; Welding-classification, Heat affected zone n welding, welding defects-causes and remedies; Basic extrusion process and its characteristics, Forging poperations and principles; Basic machining operations-drilling, milling, turning, step turning, threading, grinding and shaping; Limits, fits and tolerances- Unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft pasis system.           UNIT-V         CAD/CAM           Fundamentals of CAD/Wire frame modeling: Definition, advantages, dis-advantages, wire frame entities; analytic entities and synthetic entities; Sulface modeling: Definition, advantages, disadvantages, surface antities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Solid Modeling: Definition, constructive solid geometry, advantages, modeling entities.           1.Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications 2. Introduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Education.           3.Inderening Mechanics By R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications 3. Engineering Mechanics By P.K.Alain, Khanna Publishers.     <		
System, Control Volume, Surrounding, Boundaries, Universe, Types of Systems, Macroscopic and Microscopic view of Thermodynamics – Concept of Temperature – Principles of Thermometry, Process, Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics – Conclept of Temperature – Principles of Thermometry, First law of Thermodynamics – Corollaries, First law applied to a Closed System, applied to a flow system, Steady Flow Energy Equation and Limitations of the First Law, Second Law of Thermodynamics, Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements, Carnot cycle and its specialties. <b>UNIT-IV</b> MANUFACTRUING Casting-Types of casting, advantage of casting and its applications, defects in castings; Patterns - Pattern making, Types, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances; Welding-classification, Heat affected zone n welding, welding defects-causes and remedies; Basic extrusion process and its characteristics, Forging operations and principles; Basic machining operations-drilling, milling, turning, step turning, threading, grinding and shaping; Limits, fits and tolerances- Unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft basis system. <b>UNIT-V</b> CAD/CAM Fundamentals of CAD/CAM- Benefits of CAD, Computer configuration for CAD applications, Computer beripheralts for CAD; Wire frame modeling: Definition, advantages, disadvantages, surface antities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Surface modeling: Definition, constructive solid geometry, advantages, modeling entities. <b>Text Books:</b> 1. Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications 2. Antroduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Edition. 4. Thermodynamics by P.K Nag, McGaw Hill Education. 5. Production Technology by R.K Jain, Khanna Publishers. 3. CAD/CAM Theory & Practice by Ibrahim Zeid & R.Sivasubramanian, McGaw Hill Education. <b>Reference Books:</b> 1. Engineering Mechanics By P.R:KBansal, Laxmi Publications 2. Material science and metallurgy by OP Khanna, Dnanpat Ray Publications 3. Engineering Thermody	UNIT-III	THERMO DYNAMICS
UNIT-IV         MANUFACTRUING           Casting-Types of casting, advantage of casting and its applications, defects in castings; Patterns - Pattern making, Types, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances; Welding-classification, Heat affected zone n welding, welding defects-causes and remedies; Basic extrusion process and its characteristics, Forging perations and principles; Basic machining operations-drilling, milling, turning, step turning, threading, grinding and shaping; Limits, fits and tolerances- Unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft basis system.           UNIT-V         CAD/CAM           Fundamentals of CAD/CAM- Benefits of CAD, Computer configuration for CAD applications, Computer beripherals for CAD; Wire frame modeling: Definition, advantages, dis-advantages, wire frame entities- analytic entities and synthetic entities; Surface modeling: Definition, advantages, disadvantages, surface entities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Solid Modeling: Definition, constructive solid geometry, advantages, modeling entities.           Text Books:         1.           1. Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications 2. Introduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Edition. 4. Thermodynamics by P.K. Mag, McGaw Hill Education. 5. Production Technology by R.K. Jain, Khanna Publishers. 5. CAD/CAM Theory & Practice by Ibrahim Zeid & R.Sivasubramanian, McGaw Hill Education. 8. Engineering Mechanics By R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications 3. Engineering Mechanics By Pakirappa, V.Naveen Kumar, V.Naresh, Durga Publishing House 4. Production Technology by Dr. P.C Sharma, S.CHAND 5. CAD/CAM By P.Radha Krishnan, S.Subramanyan and V.Raju, New Age International Publishers. 6. Sterright of Materials By Dr.Sadhu Singh, Khanna Publishers.	System, Cont Microscopic v Zeroth Law of Thermodynam Flow Energy E and Clausius	rol Volume, Surrounding, Boundaries, Universe, Types of Systems, Macroscopic and iew points, Concept of Continuum, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, State, Property, Process, Thermodynamics – Concept of Temperature – Principles of Thermometry, First law of nics – Corollaries, First law applied to a Closed System, applied to a flow system, Steady Equation and Limitations of the First Law, Second Law of Thermodynamics, Kelvin-Planck Statements, Carnot cycle and its specialties.
Casting-Types of casting, advantage of casting and its applications, defects in castings; Patterns - Pattern making, Types, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances; Welding-classification, Heat affected zone n welding, welding defects-causes and remedies; Basic extrusion process and its characteristics, Forging operations and principles; Basic machining operations-drilling, milling, turning, step turning, threading, grinding and shaping; Limits, fits and tolerances- Unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft basis system. UNIT-V CAD/CAM Fundamentals of CAD/CAM- Benefits of CAD, Computer configuration for CAD applications, Computer beripherals for CAD; Wire frame modeling: Definition, advantages, dis-advantages, wire frame entities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Surface modeling: Definition, advantages, disadvantages, surface entities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Solid Modeling: Definition, constructive solid geometry, advantages, modeling entities. Text Books: 1. Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications 2. Introduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Edition. 4. Thermodynamics by P.K Nag, McGaw Hill Education. 5. Production Technology by R.K Jain, Khanna Publishers. 6. CAD/CAM Theory & Practice by Ibrahim Zeid & R.Sivasubramanian, McGaw Hill Education. 7. Engineering Mechanics By R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications 2. Material science and metallurgy by OP Khanna, Dhanpat Ray Publications 3. Engineering Thermodynamics By P.Akirappa, V.Naveen Kumar, V.Naresh, Durga Publishing House 4. Production Technology by Dr. P.C Sharma, S.CHAND 5. CAD/CAM By P.RAdha Krishnan, S.Subramanyan and V.Raju, New Age International Publishers. 6. Sterngth of Materials By Dr.Sadhu Singh, Khanna Publishers.	UNIT-IV	MANUFACTRUING
UNIT-V CAD/CAM Fundamentals of CAD/CAM- Benefits of CAD, Computer configuration for CAD applications, Computer beripherals for CAD; Wire frame modeling: Definition, advantages, dis-advantages, wire frame entities- analytic entities and synthetic entities; Surface modeling: Definition, advantages, disadvantages, surface entities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Solid Modeling: Definition, constructive solid geometry, advantages, modeling entities. Text Books: 1. Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications 2. Introduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Edition. 4. Thermodynamics by P.K Nag, McGaw Hill Education. 5. Production Technology by R.K Jain, Khanna Publishers. 6. CAD/CAM Theory & Practice by Ibrahim Zeid & R.Sivasubramanian, McGaw Hill Education. 7. Reference Books: 1. Engineering Mechanics By R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications 2. Material science and metallurgy by OP Khanna, Dhanpat Ray Publications 3. Engineering Thermodynamics By Pakirappa, V.Naveen Kumar, V.Naresh, Durga Publishing House 4. Production Technology by Dr. P.C Sharma, S.CHAND 5. CAD/CAM By P.Radha Krishnan, S.Subramanyan and V.Raju, New Age International Publishers. 6. Sterngth of Materials By Dr.Sadhu Singh, Khanna Publishers.	Casting-Types making, Types in welding, we operations an grinding and s basis system.	s of casting, advantage of casting and its applications, defects in castings; Patterns - Pattern s, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances; Welding-classification, Heat affected zone elding defects-causes and remedies; Basic extrusion process and its characteristics, Forging d principles; Basic machining operations-drilling, milling, turning, step turning, threading, shaping; Limits, fits and tolerances- Unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft
<ul> <li>Fundamentals of CAD/CAM- Benefits of CAD, Computer configuration for CAD applications, Computer beripherals for CAD; Wire frame modeling: Definition, advantages, dis-advantages, wire frame entities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Surface modeling: Definition, advantages, disadvantages, surface entities-analytic entities and synthetic entities; Solid Modeling: Definition, constructive solid geometry, advantages, modeling entities.</li> <li><b>Text Books:</b> <ol> <li>Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications</li> <li>Introduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Edition.</li> <li>Thermodynamics by P.K Nag, McGaw Hill Education.</li> <li>Schoduction Technology by R.K Jain, Khanna Publishers.</li> <li>CAD/CAM Theory &amp; Practice by Ibrahim Zeid &amp; R.Sivasubramanian, McGaw Hill Education.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Reference Books: <ol> <li>Engineering Mechanics By R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications</li> <li>Material science and metallurgy by OP Khanna, Dhanpat Ray Publications</li> <li>Engineering Thermodynamics By Pakirappa, V.Naveen Kumar, V.Naresh, Durga Publishing House</li> <li>Poduction Technology by Dr. P.C Sharma, S.CHAND</li> <li>CAD/CAM By P.Radha Krishnan, S.Subramanyan and V.Raju, New Age International Publishers.</li> <li>Sterngth of Materials By Dr.Sadhu Singh, Khanna Publishers.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	UNIT-V	CAD/CAM
<ul> <li>Text Books:</li> <li>1. Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications</li> <li>2. Introduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Edition.</li> <li>4. Thermodynamics by P.K Nag, McGaw Hill Education.</li> <li>5. Production Technology by R.K Jain, Khanna Publishers.</li> <li>6. CAD/CAM Theory &amp; Practice by Ibrahim Zeid &amp; R.Sivasubramanian, McGaw Hill Education.</li> <li><b>Reference Books:</b></li> <li>1. Engineering Mechanics By R.K.Bansal, Laxmi Publications</li> <li>2. Material science and metallurgy by OP Khanna, Dhanpat Ray Publications</li> <li>3. Engineering Thermodynamics By Pakirappa, V.Naveen Kumar, V.Naresh, Durga Publishing House</li> <li>4. Production Technology by Dr. P.C Sharma, S.CHAND</li> <li>5. CAD/CAM By P.Radha Krishnan, S.Subramanyan and V.Raju, New Age International Publishers.</li> <li>6. Sterngth of Materials By Dr.Sadhu Singh, Khanna Publishers.</li> </ul>	Fundamentals peripherals fo analytic entitie entities-analyt advantages, n	a of CAD/CAM- Benefits of CAD, Computer configuration for CAD applications, Computer r CAD; Wire frame modeling: Definition, advantages, dis-advantages, wire frame entities- es and synthetic entities; Surface modeling: Definition, advantages, disadvantages, surface ic entities and synthetic entities; Solid Modeling: Definition, constructive solid geometry, nodeling entities.
<ol> <li>Singer's Engineering Mechanics by K.Vijay Kumar Reddy and J.Suresh Kumar, B.S Publications</li> <li>Introduction to physical metallurgy by Avner, TATA McGawHill Edition.</li> <li>Thermodynamics by P.K Nag, McGaw Hill Education.</li> <li>Production Technology by R.K Jain, Khanna Publishers.</li> <li>CAD/CAM Theory &amp; Practice by Ibrahim Zeid &amp; R.Sivasubramanian, McGaw Hill Education.</li> <li>Reference Books:</li> <li>International science and metallurgy by OP Khanna, Dhanpat Ray Publications</li> <li>Engineering Thermodynamics By Pakirappa, V.Naveen Kumar, V.Naresh, Durga Publishing House</li> <li>Production Technology by Dr. P.C Sharma, S.CHAND</li> <li>CAD/CAM By P.Radha Krishnan, S.Subramanyan and V.Raju, New Age International Publishers.</li> <li>Sterngth of Materials By Dr.Sadhu Singh, Khanna Publishers.</li> </ol>	Text Books:	
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# FUNDAMENTALS OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS

## V Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - I

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
A5ME72	PCC	L	Т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
		3	0	0	3	30	70	100

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

This course will enable students to understand basic structure and crystal arrangement of materials, the phase diagrams, advantages of heat treatment, various heat treatment processes, the need and application of composite materials.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of course students are able to

- 1. Explain basic concepts of crystal structure such as unit cells, crystal systems of metals etc.
- 2. Demonstrate the concept of alloying and formation of different types of phases in alloys.
- 3. Differentiate ferrous and non ferrous alloys.
- 4. Explain various heat treatment processes.
- 5. Classify and explain polymers, ceramics and composites.

UNIT-I	CRYSTAL STRUCTURE					
Unit cells, c	crystal systems of metals, Imperfection in solids: Point, line, interfacial and volume defects;					
dislocation	strengthening mechanisms and slip systems, determination of grain size, effect of grain					
size on the	properties of alloys.					
UNIT-II	ALLOYS & PHASE DIAGRAMS					
Alloys- sub	stitutional and interstitial solid solutions.					
Phase diag	rams: Interpretation of binary phase diagrams and microstructure development; eutectic,					
peritectic, p	peritectic, peritectoid and monotectic reactions. Iron Iron-carbide phase diagram and microstructure of					
ledeburite, austenite, ferrite and cementite.						
UNIT-III	FERROUS AND NON FERROUS ALLOYS					

Alloying of steel, properties of stainless steel and tool steels, maraging steels; cast irons-grey, white, malleable and spheroidal cast irons; copper and copper alloys- brass, bronze and cupro-nickel; Aluminium and Aluminium alloys.

## UNIT-IV HEAT TREATMENT OF STEEL

Annealing, tempering, normalizing and spheroidising, austempering, martempering, case hardening, carburizing, nitriding, cyaniding, carbo-nitriding, flame and induction hardening, vacuum and plasma hardening.

UNIT-V	POLYMERS, CERAMICS AND COMPOSITES	

Classification, properties and applications of polymers, ceramics, composites and nano materials.

## Text Books:

- 1. V. Raghavan, "Material Science and Engineering', Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 1999.
- 2. U. C. Jindal, "Engineering Materials and Metallurgy", Pearson, 2011.
- 3. Sidney H. Avener (2007,) Introduction to Physical Metallurgy, 2nd edition, Tata McGraw hill education (P) Ltd, New Delhi, India.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. W. D. Callister, 2006, "Materials Science and Engineering-An Introduction", 6th Edition, Wiley India.
- 2. Kenneth G. Budinski and Michael K. Budinski, "Engineering Materials", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 4th Indian Reprint, 2002.
- 3. V. D. Kodgire (2006), Material Science and Metallurgy for engineers, 1st Edition, Everest, Pune, India.

# FUNDAMENTALS OF MECHATRONICS

## VI Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - II

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week		Credits	Maxir	Maximum Marks		
		L	т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME73	OEC	3	-	-	3	30	70	100

## COURSE OVERVIEW:

The aim is to introduce students to the fundamental concepts and principles mechatronics. It builds upon the awareness and necessity of interdisciplinary dependency of 21<sup>st</sup> century. It aim is also to engage students to understand the introduction to mechatronics with emphasis on analog electronics, digital electronics, sensors and transducers, actuators, and microprocessors. Lectures are intended to provide the student with foundational concepts in mechatronics and practical familiarity with common elements making up mechatronic systems.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students are able to

- 1) Demonstrate various elements underlying mechatronic systems, electronics, control systems and able differentiate their purpose in the system.
- 2) Analyze and select sensors, actuators, electromechanical components needed for an application.
- 3) To evaluate microprocessor and microcontroller interfacing to mechanical application.
- 4) To choose PLC to a mechanical application.
- 5) To design mechatronic systems for mechanical applications.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Mechatronics –-Mechatronics systems - Mechatronics design process - Mechatronics in Manufacturing –Adoptive and distributed control systems – Modelling and simulation of mechatronics systems.

# UNIT-II SENSORS AND ACTUATORS

Sensors and actuators: Overview of sensors and transducers – Microsensors - Signal conditioning – Operational amplifiers – Protection – Filtering - Analog and Digital converters. Electro – pneumatics and Electro – hydraulics - Solenoids – Direct Current motors – Servomotors – Stepper motors - Micro actuators; Drives selection and application.

## UNIT-III INTERFACING

**Interfacing:** Microprocessor based Controllers Architecture of microprocessor and microcontroller – System interfacing for a sensor, keyboard, display and motors - Application cases for temperature control, warning and process control systems

UNIT-IV PLCs

**PLCs:** Programmable Logic Controllers Architecture of Programmable Logic Controllers – Input/Output modules – programming methods – Timers and counters – Master control – Branching – Data handling – Analog input/output – Selection of PLC and troubleshooting.

# UNIT-V ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

AI: Intelligent Mechatronics and Case Studies Fuzzy logic control and Artificial Neural Networks in mechatronics – Algorithms – Computer – based instrumentation - Real-time Data Acquisition and Control – Software integration – Man Machine interface -Vision system – Mechatronics system case studies.

## Text Books:

1. Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems, Tata McGraw Hill

## Reference Books:

1. Designing Intelligent Machines, Michel B. Histand and David G. Alciatore, Open University London

2. Control Sensors and Actuators, ICW. Desiha, Prentice Hall

# **BASICS OF THERMODYNAMICS**

## VI Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - II

Course Code	Category	Hou	irs / W	leek	Credits	Maxir	num Ma	arks
A5ME74	OEC	L	Т	P	С	CIE	SEE	Total
		3	-	-	3	30	70	100

#### COURSE OVERVIEW:

Thermodynamics is the field of physics that deals with the relationship between heat and work in a substance during a thermodynamic process. This course covers fundamental concepts of thermodynamics such as laws of thermodynamics, purse substances, perfect gas laws, mixture of perfect gases, moiler charts and Psychrometry.

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

To understand the treatment of classical Thermodynamics and to apply the First and Second laws of Thermodynamics for the analysis of thermal equipment

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- 1. Demonstrate basic concepts of thermodynamics.
- 2. Explain laws of thermodynamics.
- 3. Explain pure substances and power cycles.
- 4. Explain perfect gas laws and concepts of mixture of perfect gases.
- 5. Discuss fundamental concepts of psychrometry.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: System, Control Volume, Surrounding, Boundaries, Universe, Types of Systems, Macroscopic and Microscopic viewpoints, Concept of Continuum, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, State, Property, Process, Exact & Inexact Differentials, Cycle – Reversibility – Quasi – static Process, Irreversible Process, Causes of Irreversibility – Energy in State and in Transition, Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics – Concept of Temperature – Principles of Thermometry

UNIT-II LAWS OF THERMO DYNAMICS

First law of Thermodynamics – Corollaries – First law applied to a Closed System – applied to a flow system – Steady Flow Energy Equation. Limitations of the First Law

Second Law of Thermodynamics, Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements and their Equivalence / Corollaries, Entropy, Principle of Entropy Increase – Energy Equation, Availability and Irreversibility – Elementary Treatment of the Third Law of Thermodynamics

UNIT-III PURE SUBSTANCES & POWER CYCLES

Pure Substances, p-V-T- surfaces, T-S and h-s diagrams, Mollier Charts, Phase Transformations – Triple point at critical state properties during change of phase, Dryness Fraction – Clausius – Clapeyron Equation Property tables.

Power Cycles: Otto, Diesel, Dual Combustion cycles, Sterling Cycle – Description and representation on P–V and T-S diagram, Thermal Efficiency, Mean Effective Pressures on Air standard basis – comparison of Cycles.

UNIT-IV PERFECT GAS LAWS & MIXTURE OF PERFECT GASES

Perfect Gas Laws – Equation of State, specific and Universal Gas constants – various Non-flow processes, properties, end states

Mixtures of perfect Gases – Mole Fraction, Mass friction Gravimetric and volumetric Analysis – Dalton's

Law of partial pressure, Avogadro's Laws of additive volumes – Mole fraction, Volume fraction and partial pressure.

## UNIT-V PSYCHROMETRY

Psychrometric Properties – Dry bulb Temperature, Wet Bulb Temperature, Dew point Temperature, Thermodynamic Wet Bulb Temperature, Specific Humidity, Relative Humidity, saturated Air, Vapour pressure, Degree of saturation – Adiabatic Saturation , Carrier's Equation – Psychrometric chart.

## Text Books:

- 1. Engineering Thermodynamics, P.K. Nag, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education.
- 2. Thermodynamics an engineering approach, Yunus A. Cengel & Michael A. Boles, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc Graw Hill Companies.
- 3. Fundamentals of Thermodynamics, Richard E. Sonntag Claus Borgnakke, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley. Reference Books:
  - Fundamentals of engineering thermodynamics, Radhakrishnan. E, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice hall of India Pvt Ltd., 2006.
  - 2. Thermodynamics, Arora.C.P, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.
  - 3. Applied Thermodynamics, Onkar Singh, 3rd Edition, New Age, India

## VII Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - III

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week		Credits	Maximum Marks		Marks	
		L	т	Ρ	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME75	OEC	3	-	-	3	30	70	100

## COURSE OVERVIEW:

Today robot finds applications in industries, medical and other fields. For example, in eye surgery (replacement of retina), where a cylindrical portion needs to be replaced, the operation is best done by robots. Mobile robots like walking machines, hopping machines are examples of robots, Nuclear and power plants uses fish like robots which move inside pipes for purpose of inspection. This course focuses on b various types of industrial robots, their kinematic and kinetic aspects, different types of grippers, mechanics of grippers, trajectory planning etc.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate different types of robots, specifications of robots and different end effectors used in robots.
- 2. Explain various types of end effectors
- 3. Evaluate rotation matrices, forward kinematics of RR, RP and 3R Manipulators.
- 4. Explain inverse kinematics of RR manipulator, RP manipulator and trajectory planning techniques.
- 5. Explain feedback components used in robots and industrial applications.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: Automation and Robotics, Asimov's laws, Robot Architecture, Components, , Anatomy of robot, Factors to be considered in the selection of robot, present and future applications, Specifications-Degree of freedom, Pay load, Parts per hour, Accuracy, Repeatability, Speed, Work space, Work volume, Work envelope, classification of robots based on configuration and control systems

## UNIT-II END EFFECTORS & ACTUATORS

End effectors: Mechanical and Non-mechanical grippers, requirements for the design of grippers, considerations for the selection of grippers, Types of actuation mechanisms.

Actuators: Pneumatic, Hydraulic actuators, electric & stepper motors, comparison of Actuators

## UNIT-III MOTION ANALYSIS & DIRECT KINEMATICS

Motion Analysis: Basic Rotation Matrices, Composite Rotation Matrices. Homogeneous transformations as applicable to rotation and translation – problems.

Manipulator Kinematics: D-H notation, D-H method of Assignment of frames, D-H Transformation Matrix, joint coordinates and world coordinates, Forward kinematics of 2R, RP and 3R manipulators

## UNIT-IV INVERSE KINEMATICS & TRAJECTORY PLANNING

Inverse kinematics : Inverse kinematics of 2R and RP manipulators.

Trajectory Planning: Definition of Trajectory planning, Path, Trajectory, Knot points, Steps involved in trajectory planning, Trajectory planning techniques-Joint space and Cartesian space techniques, Cubic polynomial trajectory

#### FEEDBACK COMPONENTS & APPLICATIONS **UNIT-V**

Feedback Components: Position sensors - potentiometers, resolvers, optical encoders, Velocity sensor, Contact Sensors-Touch sensors, Tactile and Range sensors, Force and Torque sensors, Proximity sensor, Inductive sensor.

Robot Application in Manufacturing: Material Transfer - Material handling, loading and unloading-Processing - spot and continuous arc welding & spray painting - Assembly and Inspection.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Industrial Robotics by Groover M P, Pearson Edu.

2. Robotics by Fu K S, McGraw Hill.

3. Theory of Applied Robotics (kinematics, Dynamics and Control-Jazar, Springer.

#### Reference Books:

1. Robotics and Control by Mittal R K & Nagrath I J, TMH.

- Robot Dynamics and Controls by Spony and Vidyasagar, John Wiley
  Robot Analysis and control by Asada and Slotine, Wiley Inter-Science

4. Introduction to Robotics by John J Craig, Pearson Education

# FUNDAMENTALS OF OPERATIONS RESEARCH

## VII Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - III

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week		Credits	Maximum Marks		Marks	
		L	т	Ρ	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME76	OEC	3	-	-	3	30	70	100

## COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Operations research (OR) is an analytical method of problem-solving and decision-making that is useful in the management of organizations. In operations research, problems are broken down into basic components and then solved in defined steps by mathematical analysis. This course gives insight of Linear Programming, Transportation, assignment problems, sequencing etc.

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The objectives of this course are to learn quantitative methods and techniques for effective decisionsmaking; model formulation and applications that are used in solving business decision problems.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of course students will be able to

- 1. Describe types of models and solve linear programming problem.
- 2. Solve transportation and assignment problems.
- 3. Analyze sequencing and replacement models and apply them for optimization.
- 4. Apply gaming theory for optimal decision making.
- 5. Analyze inventory models to optimize the cost

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION & ALLOCATION

Development – Definition– Characteristics and Phases – Types of models – Operations Research models – applications.

ALLOCATION: Linear Programming Problem - Formulation – Graphical solution – Simplex method – Artificial variables techniques: Two–phase method, Big-M method; Duality Principle.

TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM: Formulation – Optimal solution, unbalanced transportation problem – Degeneracy.

ASSIGNMENT PROBLEM: Formulation – Optimal solution - Variants of Assignment Problem; Traveling Salesman problem.

UNIT-III SEQUENCING & REPLACEMENT

SEQUENCING: Introduction – Flow –Shop sequencing – n jobs through two machines – n jobs through three machines

REPLACEMENT: Introduction – Replacement of items that deteriorate with time – when money value is not counted and counted – Replacement of items that fail completely.

UNIT-IV TH	<b>IEORY OF</b>	GAMES
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THEORY OF GAMES: Introduction –Terminology– Solution of games with saddle points and without saddle points- 2 x 2 games –m x 2 & 2 x n games - graphical method – m x n games - dominance principle.

UNIT-V INVENTORY

INVENTORY: Introduction – Single item, Deterministic models – Types - Purchase inventory models with one price break and multiple price breaks –Stochastic models – demand discrete variable or continuous variable – Single Period model with no setup cost.

Text Books:

1. Operation Research by J.K.Sharma, MacMilan.

2. Operations Researchby ACS Kumar, Yesdee

## Reference Books:

1. Operations Research: Methods and Problems by Maurice Saseini, Arhur Yaspan and Lawrence Friedman

2. Operations Research by A.M.Natarajan, P.Balasubramaniam, A. Tamilarasi, Pearson Education.

3. Operations Research by Wagner, PHI Publications.

4. Introduction to O.Rby Hillier & Libermann,TMH.

# INTRODUCTION TO MATERIAL HANDLING

## VIII Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - IV

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week		Credits	Maximum Marks			
		L	т	Ρ	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME77	OEC	3	-	-	3	30	70	100

## COURSE OVERVIEW:

Material handling is the movement, protection, storage and control of materials and products throughout manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, consumption and disposal. As a process, material handling incorporates a wide range of manual, semi-automated and automated equipments and systems that support logistics and make the supply chain work. This course will give an insight material handling equipment such as transport systems and storage systems, various inventory models and forecasting techniques.

## COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The aim of this course is to enable the students to learn basic concepts of material handling, consideration in material handling system, materials transport and storage system, various inventory models and forecasting techniques.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students are able to

- 1. Demonstrate basic concepts and principles of material handling.
- 2. Discuss about various material transport systems.
- 3. Explain conventional and automated storage systems.
- 4. Explain various inventory models.
- 5. Demonstrate different forecasting techniques.

## UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction: Overview of material handling equipment, considerations in material handling system design, The 10 principles of material handling.

# UNIT-II MATERIAL TRANSPORT SYSTEMS

Material Transport Systems: Industrial trucks, Automated guided vehicle systems, Monorails and other rail guided vehicles, conveyor systems, cranes and hoists, Analysis of material transport systems.

UNIT-III S	<b>STORAGE</b>	<b>SYSTEMS</b>
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Storage Systems: Storage system performance, storage location strategies, conventional storage methods and equipment, automated storage systems and analysis of automated storage systems.

## UNIT-IV INVENTORY

Inventory: Introduction, Inventory management, Static Inventory models, ABC Analysis, VED analysis, Just in Time, Aggregate inventory analysis, Inventory models with quantity discounts.

UNIT-V	FORECASTING						
	l Tana anti'ny faritr'o amin'ny tanàna mandritr'o amin'ny tanàna amin'ny tanàna dia kaominina dia kaominina dia k						
Forecasting: I	-orecasting techniques, make or Buy decision, Acceptance sampling, materials requirement						
planning, obje	ctives of master schedule.						
Text Books:							
1. Mikell P. Groover, Automation Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing, Pearson							
International I	Edition.						
2. A.K Singh, Materials Management, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd.							
Reference E	Books:						
1. Dr.K.C Arora, Vikas V.Shinde, Aspects of Material Handling, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd.							
2. Charles Re	ese, Material Handling Systems, Taylor & Francis Network						

# RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

## VIII Semester: OPEN ELECTIVE - IV

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	т	Р	С	CIE	SEE	Total
A5ME78	OEC	3	0	0	3	30	70	100

#### COURSE OVERVIEW:

The energy has become an important and one of the basic infrastructures for the economic development of the country. It is imperative for the sustained growth of the economy. This course envisages the new and renewable source of energy, available in nature and to expose the students on sources of energy crisis and the alternates available, also stress up on the application of non-conventional energy technologies.

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

To impart the knowledge of basics of different non conventional types of power generation & power plants in detail so that it helps them in understanding the need and role of Non-Conventional Energy sources particularly when the conventional sources are scarce in nature.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students are able to

- 1. Demonstrate various energy sources and their availability.
- 2. Explain concepts and applications of solar radiation
- 3. Discuss in detail about the principles of wind energy conversion
- 4. Explain Biomass conversion techniques and Geothermal Sources and resources
- 5. Explain about tidal energy and Ocean Thermal Energy.

## UNIT- I ENERGY SOURCES & THEIR AVAILABILITY

**Energy Sources & their Availability** - Importance of Non Conventional Energy Resources - Classification of NCES - Solar, Wind, Geothermal, Bio-mass, Nuclear Energy & Fuel Cells, Ocean Energy Sources, Comparison of these Energy Sources, Prospects of Renewable Energy Sources - Criteria for Assessing the Potential of NCES, Statistics on Conventional Energy Sources and supply in Developing Countries

# UNIT- II INTRODUCTION TO SOLAR RADIATION & APPLICATIONS OF SOLAR ENERGY

**Introduction to Solar radiation** - beam and diffuse radiation, solar constant, earth sun angles, attenuation and measurement of solar radiation, local solar time, derived solar angles, sunrise, sunset and day length. Solar Energy Storage – Collectors: Flat plate and Concentrating collectors, collector efficiency, Focusing and non-focusing type

**Applications of Solar Energy** - solar water heater- Solar Cooker-Box type- Solar dryer - solar greenhouse— Summer and winter greenhouse-solar electric power generation- Solar Photo- Voltaic, Solar Cell Principle, Conversion efficiency and power output, Basic Photo Voltaic System for Power Generation.

## UNIT- III PRINCIPLE OF WIND ENERGY CONVERSION

**Principle of Wind Energy Conversion** - Basic components of Wind Energy Conversion Systems : Wind data and energy estimation, Site Selection Considerations - Wind mill Components, Various Types and their Constructional Features - Effect of Density, Frequency Variances, Angle of attack, and Wind Speed - Design Considerations of Horizontal and Vertical Axis Wind Machines - Analysis of Aerodynamic Forces Acting on Wind Mill Blades and Estimation of Power Output.

# UNIT- IV BIOMASS CONVERSION TECHNIQUES, GEOTHERMAL SOURCES AND RESOURCES

**Biomass conversion techniques** - Biogas Generation - Factors affecting biogas Generation-Types of biogas plants - Advantages and disadvantages of biogas plants - site selection, digester design consideration, filling a digester for starting, maintaining biogas production, Fuel properties of bio gas, utilization of biogas - urban waste to energy conversion.

**Geothermal Sources and resources** like hydrothermal, geo-pressured hot dry rock, magma. advantages, disadvantages and application of geothermal energy, prospects of geothermal energy in India - exhaust types of conventional steam turbines.

## UNIT- V TIDAL ENERGY & OCEAN THERMAL ENERGY CONVERSION

**Tidal Energy** - Principle of working, performance and limitations. Wave Energy - Principle of working, performance and limitations.

**Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion** - Availability, theory and working principle, performance and limitations. OTEC power plants, Operational of small cycle experimental facility, Economics of OTEC, Environmental impacts of OTEC.

#### Text Books:

1. G. D. Rai, "Non-Conventional Energy Sources",4th Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2000

2. B H Khan, "Non-Conventional Energy Resources", 2nd Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, 2011

## Reference Books:

- 1. S.Hasan Saeed and D.K.Sharma , "Non-Conventional Energy Resources",3rd Edition,S.K.Kataria & Sons, 2012
- Renewable energy sources and conversion technology by N.K. Bansal, M. Kleemann, M. Heliss, Tata McGraw Hill 1990.
- 3. S. P. Sukhatme", "Solar Energy Principles and Application", TMH, 2009